

# Converting Colors

Android(4278201665)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4278201665) contains.

<b>Android(4278201665)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**Android(4278201665)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	002D41
RGB	0, 45, 65
RGB Percent	0%, 18%, 25%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8235, 0.7451
CMYK	1.00, 0.31, 0.00, 0.75
HSL	198°, 100%, 13%
HSV	198°, 100%, 25%
XYZ	1.8925, 2.2584, 5.3372
YIQ	33.8250, -33.2400, -3.3200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

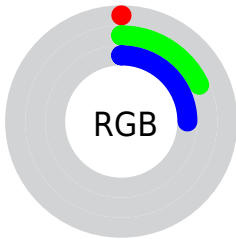
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">0, 27, 65</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11585</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">16.79, -5.81, -16.66</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">17, 17.647, 250.773</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">2.2584, 0.1995, 0.2380</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4278201665 (0xFF002D41)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">33.8250, 15.3693, -29.6645</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">15.0281, -3.8202, -10.5371</a>

# Details

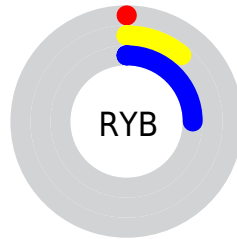
The Android color **4278201665** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **4282455040**, and the grayscale version is **4280427042**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4281883505**, and **4278190358** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4278201665**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4278595393**.

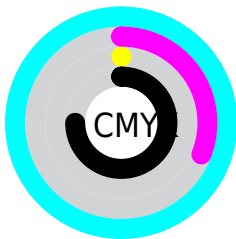
# Distribution



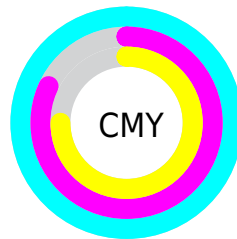
- Red (0%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (75%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (75%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4278201665 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4278201665 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4278201665

 4278201665

 4294246399

 4278196523

 4281883505

 4278190358

 4283528074

 4278190080

 4285173157

 4286883776

 4288660188

 4290502392

 4292344831

 4278201665

■ 4278595393

■ 4279054657

■ 4279513921

■ 4279907649

■ 4280366913

■ 4280760641

■ 4281154369

■ 4281613633

■ 4282072897

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278202170



4278201665



4280101186

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4278201665



4282457893



4280233238

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4278201665



4282455040

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4281149968



4278201665



4282327578

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4278201665



4282196018



4281869841



4279054113

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4278201665



4281017919



4281869841



4280560659



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4278201665



4282076244



4278206740



4280035115



4289440683



4281019179



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4278201665



4278205012



4278193473



4280164385



4278207329



4278229984



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4282449965



4283695162



4282463232



4280360480



4284547139



4292870299



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4278201665 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

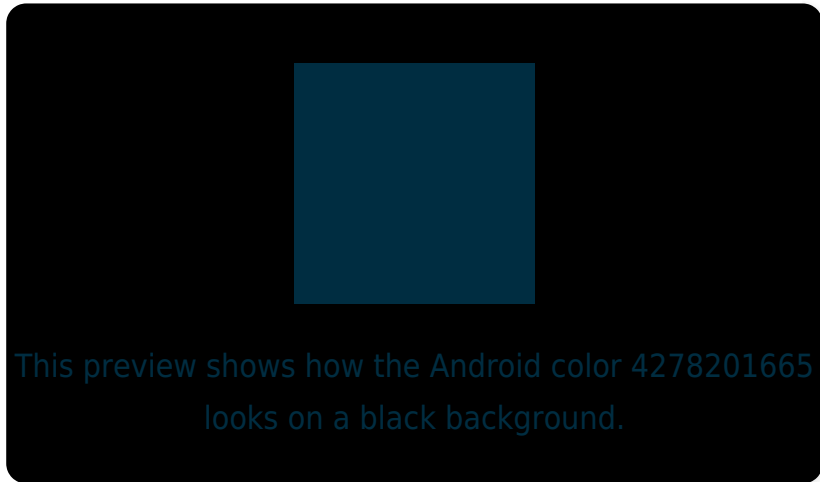
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

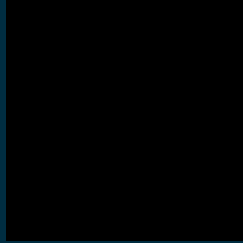
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

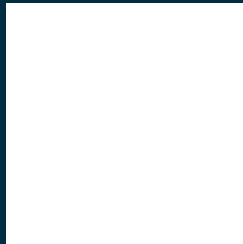
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4278201665 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4278201665.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4278201665.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4278201665

**Protanopia**  
4280494654

**Deuteranopia**  
4280166978



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4278201665

**Protanomaly**  
4279642943

**Deuteranomaly**  
4279446338

**Tritanomaly**  
4278201911

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4278201665

**Achromatopsia**  
4280427042

**Achromatomaly**  
4279641645

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4278201665 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 45, 65)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 45, 65)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 45, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 45, 65) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4278201665 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 45, 65) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 45, 65) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 45, 65)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 45, 65); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 45, 65); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 45, 65) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4278201665 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 45, 65) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 45,  
65) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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