

# Converting Colors

Android(4278208291)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4278208291) contains.

<b>Android(4278208291)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# Color

**Android(4278208291)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	004723
RGB	0, 71, 35
RGB Percent	0%, 28%, 14%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7216, 0.8627
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.51, 0.72
HSL	150°, 100%, 14%
HSV	150°, 100%, 28%
XYZ	2.5566, 4.6278, 2.3486
YIQ	45.6670, -30.7600, -26.2480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

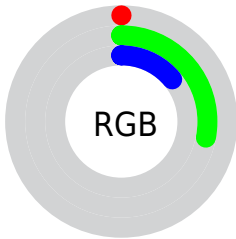
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 48, 71
Decimal	18211
CIELab	25.65, -29.70, 16.13
CIELCh	26, 33.799, 151.492
Yxy	4.6278, 0.2682, 0.4855
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278208291 (0xFF004723)
YUV	45.6670, -5.2588, -40.0500
Hunter-Lab	21.5124, -16.4331, 8.5857

# Details

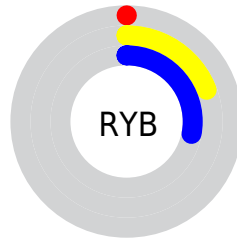
The Android color **4278208291** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **4282843172**, and the grayscale version is **4281216558**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4282087504**, and **4278197248** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4278208291**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4278667047**.

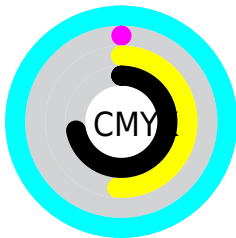
# Distribution



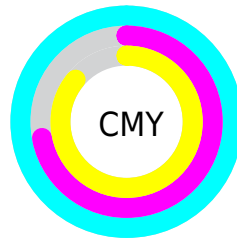
- Red (0%)
- Green (28%)
- Blue (14%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (28%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Black (72%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (86%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4278208291 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4278208291 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4278208291

 4278208291

 4294574079

 4278202382

 4282087504

 4278197248

 4283732584

 4278190080

 4285443458

 4287220124

 4288996791

 4290838482

 4292673519

 4278208291

■ 4278667047

■ 4279125802

■ 4279584558

■ 4280043313

■ 4280567605

■ 4281026361

■ 4281485116

■ 4281943872

■ 4282402627

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4281287436



4278208291



4278208829

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4278208291



4278206320



4285081636

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4278208291



4282843172

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4285146173



4278208291



4282266985

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4278208291



4278208106



4284295766



4284297742

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4278208291



4278208847



4284295766



4285211948



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4278208291



4282408014



4280633088



4280102438



4289572269



4281216558



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4278208291



4278213677



4278208326



4280296482



4278215473



4278248304



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4282843172



4284219439



4282843137



4280557602



4284678194



4293066867



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4278208291 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

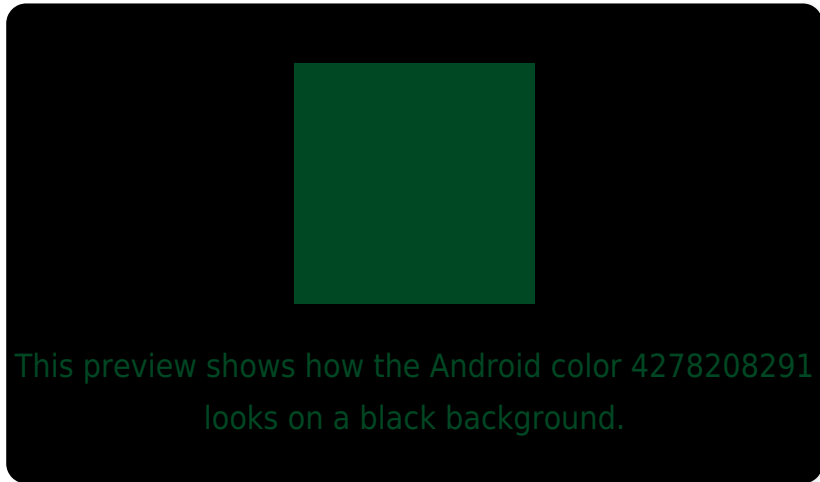
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4278208291 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4278208291.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4278208291.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4278208291

**Protanopia**  
4282662176

**Deuteranopia**  
4283054630



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4278208291

**Protanomaly**  
4281024801

**Deuteranomaly**  
4281286437

**Tritanomaly**  
4279321659

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4278208291

**Achromatopsia**  
4281216558

**Achromatomaly**  
4280104746

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4278208291 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 71, 35)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 71, 35)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 71, 35) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 71, 35) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4278208291 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 71, 35) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 71, 35) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 71, 35)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 71, 35); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 71, 35); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 71, 35) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4278208291 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 71, 35) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 71,  
35) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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