

# Converting Colors

Android(4278221024)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4278221024) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4278221024)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	0078E0
RGB	0, 120, 224
RGB Percent	0%, 47%, 88%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5294, 0.1216
CMYK	1.00, 0.46, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	208°, 100%, 44%
HSV	208°, 100%, 88%
XYZ	20.1710, 18.8148, 73.0895
YIQ	95.9760, -104.9040, 6.9040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

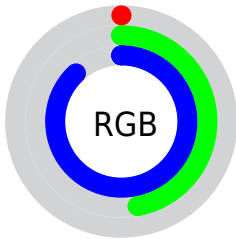
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 78, 224
Decimal	30944
CIELab	50.47, 11.73, -60.51
CIELCh	50, 61.641, 280.973
Yxy	18.8148, 0.1800, 0.1679
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278221024 (0xFF0078E0)
YUV	95.9760, 63.1158, -84.1710
Hunter-Lab	43.3760, 7.0994, -69.5418

# Details

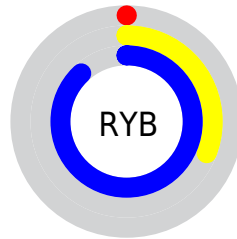
The Android color `4278221024` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `0066CC`. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be `4292896768`, and the grayscale version is `4284440415`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4285050111`, and `4278208936` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4278221024`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4279665376`.

# Distribution



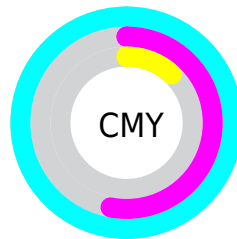
- Red (0%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (12%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4278221024 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4278221024 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4278221024

 4278221024

4294967295

 4278214852

 4285050111

 4278208936

 4287219711

 4278203277

 4289258495

 4278198387

 4291362815

 4278191706

 4293394431

 4278191937

 4278190890

 4278190356

 4278190080

 4278221024

 4279665376

 4281175520

 4282619872

 4284130016

 4285574368

 4287018720

 4288528864

 4289973216

 4291483360

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278224860



4278221024



4287783368

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4278221024



4291449141



4278226516

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4278221024



4292896768

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4282615838



4278221024



4289423616

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4278221024



4292165735



4286544896



4278227083

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4278221024



4290269356



4286544896



4278225986

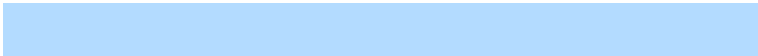


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4278221024



4289977343



4278247525



4283591296



4278190080



4286611584

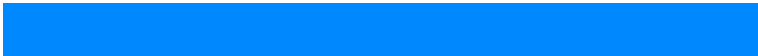


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4278221024



4278225407



4278193120



4284836720



4278214320



4278196784



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4292870264



4294901897



4292924672



4285556075



4289724510



4281335834



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4278221024 looks on a white background.

### Color Contrast Check

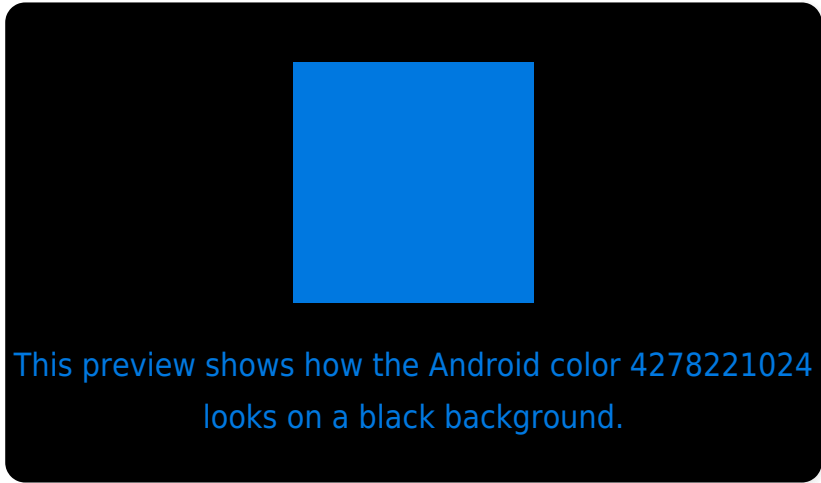
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4278221024 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4278221024.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4278221024.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4278221024

**Protanomaly**  
4281038301

**Deuteranomaly**  
4278221274

**Tritanomaly**  
4278223020

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4278221024

**Achromatopsia**  
4284506208

**Achromatomaly**  
4282214799

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4278221024 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 120, 224)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 120, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 120, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 120, 224) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4278221024 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 120, 224) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 120, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 120, 224)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 120, 224); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 120, 224);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 120,  
224) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4278221024 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 120, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 120,  
224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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