

# Converting Colors

Android(4278332704)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4278332704) contains.

<b>Android(4278332704)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# Color

**Android(4278332704)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	022D20
RGB	2, 45, 32
RGB Percent	1%, 18%, 13%
CMY	0.9922, 0.8235, 0.8745
CMYK	0.96, 0.00, 0.29, 0.82
HSL	162°, 91%, 9%
HSV	162°, 96%, 18%
XYZ	1.2241, 1.9940, 1.6869
YIQ	30.6610, -21.4550, -13.1590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

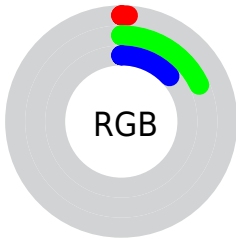
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	2, 27, 45
Decimal	142624
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	15.46, -18.38, 4.38
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	15, 18.896, 166.611
Yxy	1.9940, 0.2496, 0.4065
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278332704 (0xFF022D20)
YUV	30.6610, 0.6601, -25.1357
Hunter-Lab	14.1208, -9.2372, 2.8018

# Details

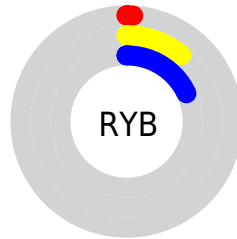
The Android color **4278332704** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **4281139727**, and the grayscale version is **4280229663**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4281490252**, and **4278190080** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4278201631**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4278594849**.

# Distribution



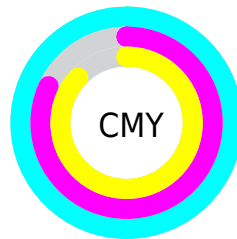
- Red (1%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (82%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (87%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4278332704 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4278332704 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4278332704

 4278332704

 4293591039

 4278196744

 4281490252

 4278190080


 4283069540

 4284714621

 4286425239

 4288136113

 4289912781

 4291755241

 4278332704

 4278332704

■ 4278201631

■ 4278594849

■ 4278922531

■ 4279250212

■ 4279512357

■ 4279840039

■ 4280102184

■ 4280429866

■ 4280692011

■ 4281019692

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



[4279773972](#)



[4278332704](#)



[4278201646](#)

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4278332704



4280165696



4282130196

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4278332704



4281139727

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4282391584



4278332704



4281409593

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4278332704



4278200896



4282129453



4281607179

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4278332704



4278201654



4282129453



4282260759



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4278332704



4280957750



4279250178



4279508763



4288585374



4280229663



# Same Dimension

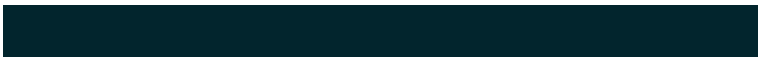
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4278332704



4278205225



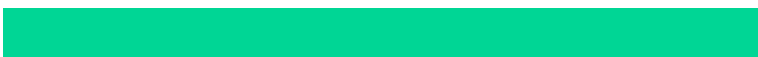
4278330669



4279572246



4278212412



4278245013



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4281139727



4282056722



4281141762



4279702805



4283891738

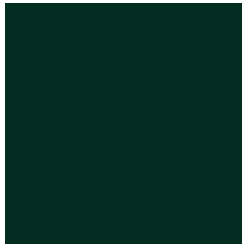


4292214849



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4278332704 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

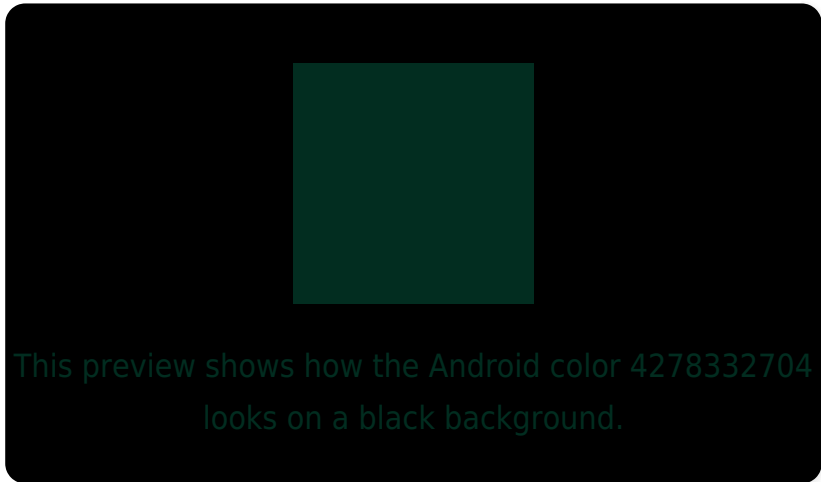
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

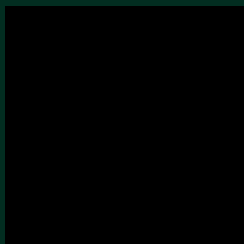
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Android 4278332704 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4278332704.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4278332704.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4278332704

**Protanopia**  
4280952605

**Deuteranopia**  
4281148962



**Tritanopia**  
4279184175

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4278332704

**Protanomaly**

4279970078

**Deuteranomaly**

4280101153

**Tritanomaly**

4278856746

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4278332704

**Achromatopsia**

4280229663

**Achromatomaly**

4279510047

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4278332704 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 45, 32)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 45, 32)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 45, 32) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 45, 32) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4278332704 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 45, 32) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 45, 32) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 45, 32) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 45, 32); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 45, 32); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 45, 32) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4278332704 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 45, 32) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 45,  
32) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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