

# Converting Colors

Android(4278471507)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4278471507) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4278471507)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	044B53
RGB	4, 75, 83
RGB Percent	2%, 29%, 33%
CMY	0.9843, 0.7059, 0.6745
CMYK	0.95, 0.10, 0.00, 0.67
HSL	186°, 91%, 17%
HSV	186°, 95%, 33%
XYZ	4.1275, 5.6825, 9.0629
YIQ	54.6830, -44.8840, -12.5640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

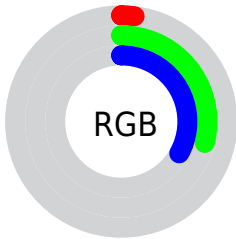
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	4, 41, 83
Decimal	281427
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	28.60, -16.48, -10.43
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	29, 19.506, 212.333
Yxy	5.6825, 0.2187, 0.3011
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278471507 (0xFF044B53)
YUV	54.6830, 13.9603, -44.4490
Hunter-Lab	23.8380, -10.8097, -5.8547

# Details

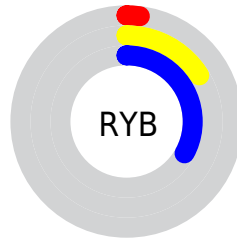
The Android color **4278471507** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **4283632644**, and the grayscale version is **4281808695**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4282547332**, and **4278198054** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4278209363**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4278996051**.

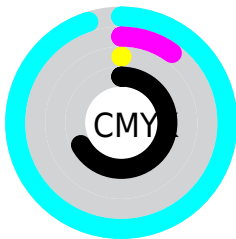
# Distribution



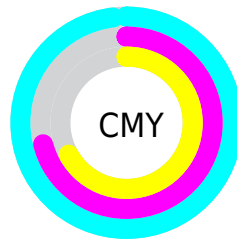
- Red (2%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (2%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (67%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (67%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4278471507 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4278471507 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4278471507



4278471507

4294967295



4278203452



4282547332



4278198054



4284323487



4278190354



4286034361



4278190080



4287810773



4289652978



4291493887



4293394431



4278471507



4278471507

■ 4278209363

■ 4278996051

■ 4279586131

■ 4280110675

■ 4280634963

■ 4281159507

■ 4281749587

■ 4282274131

■ 4282798675

■ 4283388755

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4279651140



4278471507



4279585118

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4278471507



4283906642



4283188005

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4278471507



4283632644

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4284038697



4278471507



4284495939

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4278471507



4282859357



4284496180



4282140458

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4278471507



4280764001



4284496180



4283515174



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4278471507



4283197547



4278473484



4280497206



4290098613



4281742902



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4278471507



4278214763



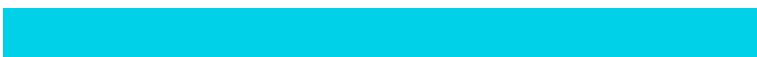
4278461523



4280625193



4278214249



4278243816



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4283630667



4285202528



4283642628



4280886568



4285071454

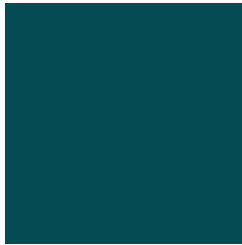


4293394641



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4278471507 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

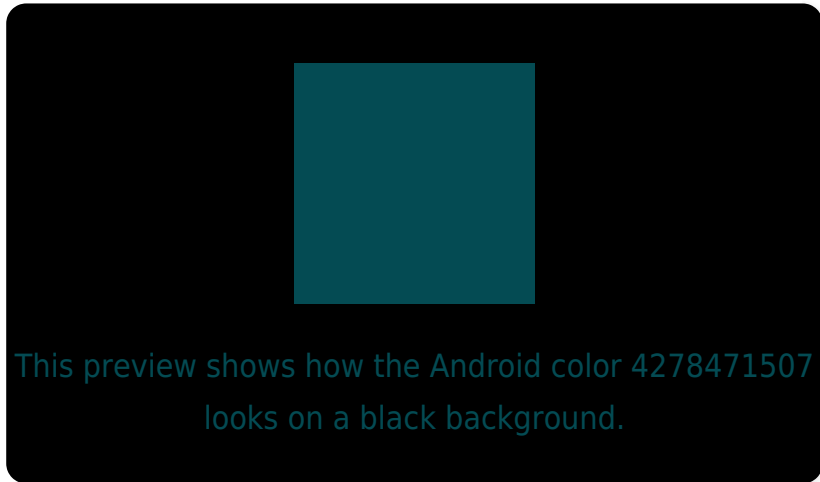
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

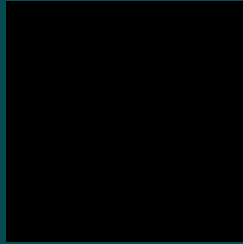
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4278471507 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4278471507.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4278471507.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



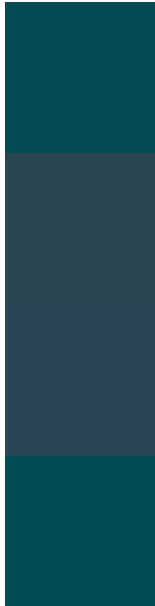
**Original Color**  
4278471507

**Protanopia**  
4282532686

**Deuteranopia**  
4282466901



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4278471507

**Protanomaly**  
4281026128

**Deuteranomaly**  
4281025876

**Tritanomaly**  
4278274898

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4278471507

**Achromatopsia**  
4281808695

**Achromatomaly**  
4280565313

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4278471507 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(4, 75, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(4, 75, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(4, 75, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(4, 75, 83) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4278471507 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(4, 75, 83) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(4, 75, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(4, 75, 83)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(4, 75, 83); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(4, 75, 83); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(4, 75, 83) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4278471507 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(4, 75, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(4, 75,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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