

# Converting Colors

Android(4278673171)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4278673171) contains.

<b>Android(4278673171)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# Color

**Android(4278673171)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	075F13
RGB	7, 95, 19
RGB Percent	3%, 37%, 7%
CMY	0.9725, 0.6275, 0.9255
CMYK	0.93, 0.00, 0.80, 0.63
HSL	128°, 86%, 20%
HSV	128°, 93%, 37%
XYZ	4.2974, 8.2766, 1.9871
YIQ	60.0240, -28.0520, -42.2920

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

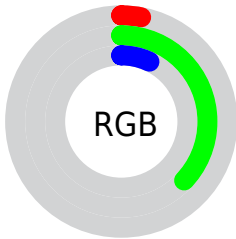
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	7, 84, 95
Decimal	483091
CIELab	34.55, -39.77, 34.50
CIELCh	35, 52.653, 139.059
Yxy	8.2766, 0.2951, 0.5684
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278673171 (0xFF075F13)
YUV	60.0240, -20.2248, -46.5020
Hunter-Lab	28.7691, -23.6825, 16.0431

# Details

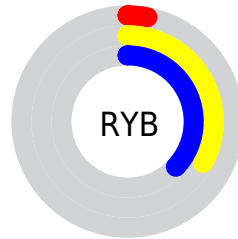
The Android color **4278673171** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **4284417875**, and the grayscale version is **4282137660**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4282946372**, and **4278202112** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4278214413**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4279263003**.

# Distribution



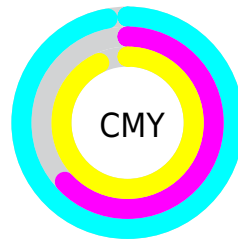
- Red (3%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (7%)



- Red (3%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Black (63%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (93%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4278673171 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4278673171 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4278673171

 4278673171

4294967295

 4278208256

 4282946372

 4278202112

 4284722524

 4278196480

 4286499190

 4278190080

 4288276112

 4290117547

 4292018118

 4293918691

 4278673171

 4278673171

■ 4278214413

■ 4279263003

■ 4279918371

■ 4280508204

■ 4281163572

■ 4281818940

■ 4282408772

■ 4283064140

■ 4283653973

■ 4284309341

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283062016



4278673171



4278215488

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4278673171



4278213540



4288291385

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4278673171



4284417875

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4287832674



4278673171



4280634785

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4278673171



4278215312



4285741193



4287378960

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4278673171



4278215773



4285741193



4288290374



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4278673171



4283988573



4283653895



4280827179



4290624957



4282203453



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4278673171



4278221329



4278673215



4281085996



4278218767



4278251553



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4284417875



4286185578



4284417831



4281347120



4285530209

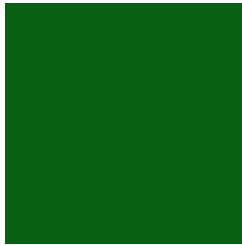


4293918927



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4278673171 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

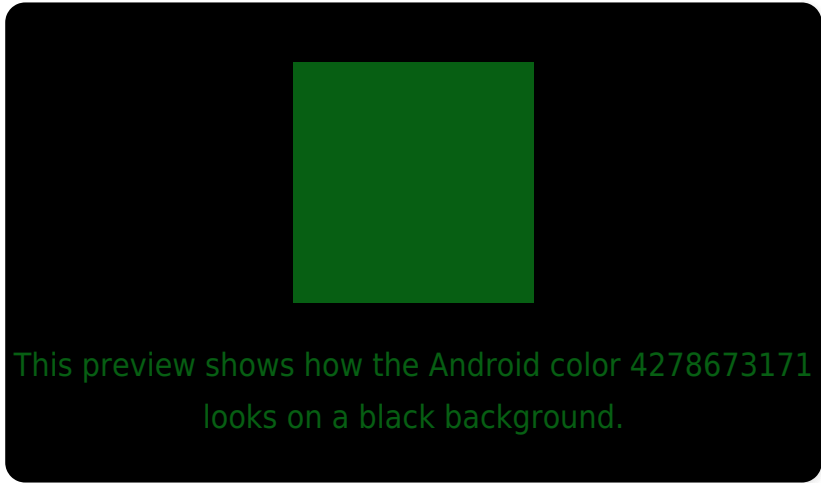
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

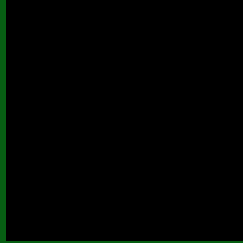
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4278673171 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4278673171.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4278673171.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4278673171

**Protanopia**  
4284174607

**Deuteranopia**  
4284894491



# Trichromacy



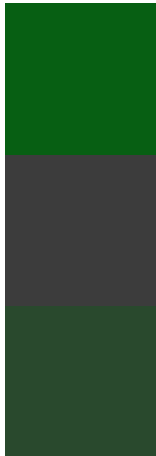
**Original Color**  
4278673171

**Protanomaly**  
4282144272

**Deuteranomaly**  
4282602520

**Tritanomaly**  
4280048452

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4278673171

**Achromatopsia**  
4282137660

**Achromatomaly**  
4280895789

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4278673171 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(7, 95, 19)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(7, 95, 19)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(7, 95, 19) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(7, 95, 19) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4278673171 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(7, 95, 19) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(7, 95, 19) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(7, 95, 19) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(7, 95, 19); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(7, 95, 19); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(7, 95, 19) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4278673171 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(7, 95, 19) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(7, 95,  
19) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



# Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor