

# Converting Colors

Android(4278731622)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4278731622) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4278731622)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	084366
RGB	8, 67, 102
RGB Percent	3%, 26%, 40%
CMY	0.9686, 0.7373, 0.6000
CMYK	0.92, 0.34, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	202°, 85%, 22%
HSV	202°, 92%, 40%
XYZ	4.5056, 5.0252, 13.3029
YIQ	53.3490, -46.3990, -1.6230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

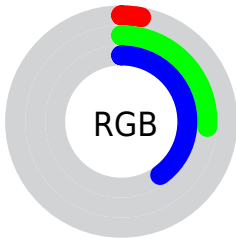
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	8, 44, 102
Decimal	541542
CIE Lab	26.81, -3.55, -25.44
CIE LCh	27, 25.684, 262.045
Yxy	5.0252, 0.1973, 0.2201
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278731622 (0xFF084366)
YUV	53.3490, 23.9849, -39.7711
Hunter-Lab	22.4171, -3.3534, -19.4923

# Details

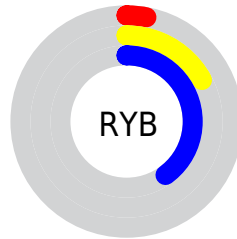
The Android color **4278731622** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **4284885768**, and the grayscale version is **4281677109**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4282872729**, and **4278196535** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4278206566**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4279388006**.

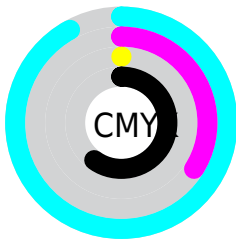
# Distribution



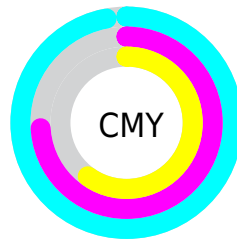
- Red (3%)
- Green (26%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (3%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (60%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4278731622 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4278731622 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4278731622



4278731622

4294967295



4278201678



4282872729



4278196535



4284648628



4278190625



4286425040



4278190087



4288201452



4278190080



4290043647



4291951359



4293853183



4278731622



4278731622

■ 4278206566

■ 4279388006

■ 4280044390

■ 4280766054

■ 4281422438

■ 4282078822

■ 4282735206

■ 4283391590

■ 4284113254

■ 4284769638

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278208350



4278731622



4281875556

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4278731622



4284756018



4280633126

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4278731622



4284885768

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4282204953



4278731622



4284298529

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4278731622



4284559173



4283382807



4278208825

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4278731622



4283119453



4283382807



4281222689



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4278731622



4284446597



4278740522



4281088578



4290953922



4282532418



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4278731622



4278211461



4278719846



4281217331



4278208627



4278229234



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4284876867



4286906451



4284897544



4281544241



4285726792



4294049944



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4278731622 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

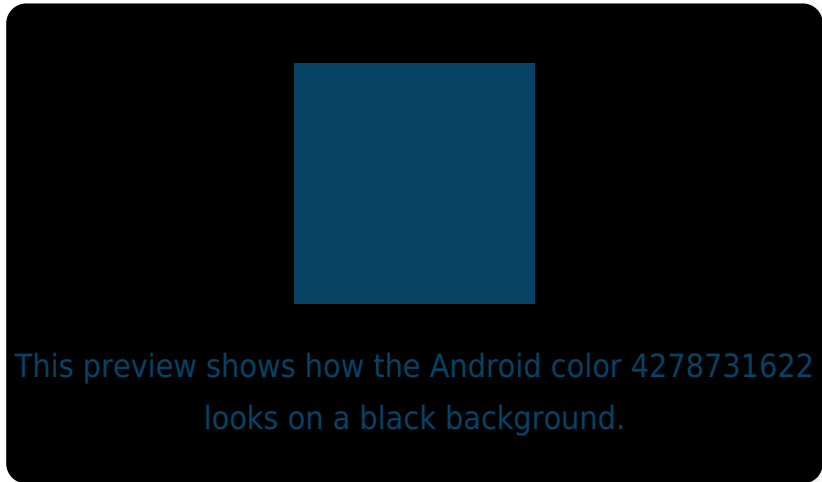
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

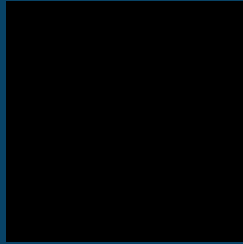
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4278731622 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4278731622.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4278731622.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4278731622

**Protanopia**

4281548386

**Deuteranopia**

4280828007



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4278731622

**Protanomaly**

4280500323

**Deuteranomaly**

4280041831

**Tritanomaly**

4278404693

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4278731622

**Achromatopsia**

4281677109

**Achromatomaly**

4280629831

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4278731622 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(8, 67, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(8, 67, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(8, 67, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(8, 67, 102) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4278731622 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(8, 67, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(8, 67, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(8, 67, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(8, 67, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(8, 67, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(8, 67, 102)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4278731622 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(8, 67, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(8, 67,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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