

# Converting Colors

Android(4278921496)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4278921496) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4278921496)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0B2918
RGB	11, 41, 24
RGB Percent	4%, 16%, 9%
CMY	0.9569, 0.8392, 0.9059
CMYK	0.73, 0.00, 0.41, 0.84
HSL	146°, 58%, 10%
HSV	146°, 73%, 16%
XYZ	1.0958, 1.7230, 1.1390
YIQ	30.0920, -12.4230, -11.6470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

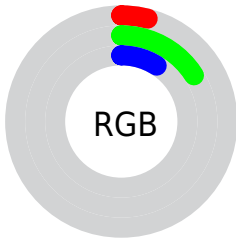
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">11, 32, 41</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">731416</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">13.96, -16.19, 7.92</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">14, 18.018, 153.938</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">1.7230, 0.2769, 0.4353</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4278921496 (0xFF0B2918)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">30.0920, -3.0034, -16.7437</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">13.1262, -8.0691, 4.0437</a>

# Details

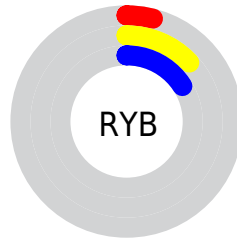
The Android color **4278921496** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **4280879900**, and the grayscale version is **4280163870**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4281882435**, and **4278190080** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4278659350**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4279183642**.

# Distribution



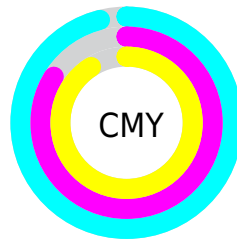
- Red (4%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (9%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (84%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (91%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4278921496 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4278921496 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4278921496

 4278921496

 4293918714

 4278195712

 4281882435

 4278190080

 4283395930

 4285041011

 4286686092

 4288462503

 4290239170

 4292015838

 4278921496

 4278921496

■ 4278659350

■ 4279183642

■ 4278397203

■ 4279445789

■ 4278200594

■ 4279707935

■ 4279970081

■ 4280232228

■ 4280559910

■ 4280822056

■ 4281084203

■ 4281346349

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4280035085



4278921496



4278200869

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4278921496



4279247933



4281998102

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4278921496



4280879900

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4282063138



4278921496



4280754232

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4278921496



4278200378



4281604911



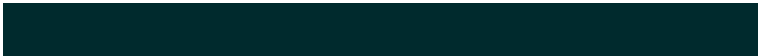
4281605899

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4278921496



4278200877



4281604911



4282063386



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4278921496



4280956463



4280035595



4279573528



4288453788



4280032284



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4278921496



4278597147



4278921511



4279374867



4278211620



4278244444



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4280879900



4281730593



4280879885



4279505428



4283695152

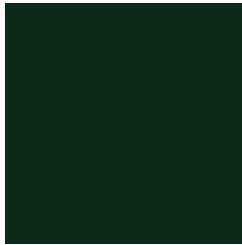


4292083832



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4278921496 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

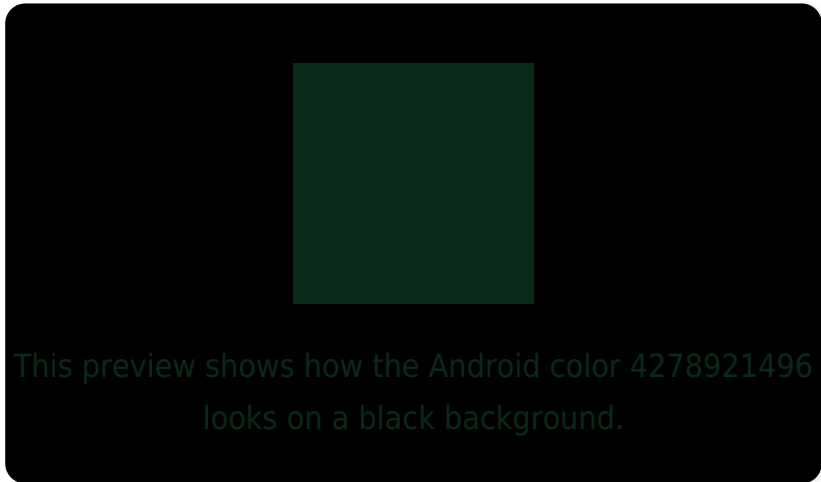
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

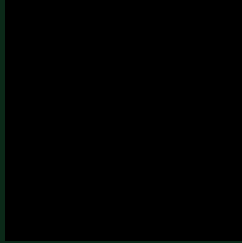
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4278921496 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4278921496.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4278921496.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4278921496

**Protanopia**  
4280755222

**Deuteranopia**  
4280951322



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4278921496

**Protanomaly**

4280100375

**Deuteranomaly**

4280231193

**Tritanomaly**

4279183395

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4278921496

**Achromatopsia**

4280163870

**Achromatomaly**

4279706140

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4278921496 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(11, 41, 24)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(11, 41, 24)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(11, 41, 24) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(11, 41, 24) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4278921496 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(11, 41, 24) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(11, 41, 24) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(11, 41, 24)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(11, 41, 24); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(11, 41, 24);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(11, 41, 24)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4278921496 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(11, 41, 24) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(11, 41,  
24) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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