

# Converting Colors

Android(4279058771)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4279058771) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4279058771)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0D4153
RGB	13, 65, 83
RGB Percent	5%, 25%, 33%
CMY	0.9490, 0.7451, 0.6745
CMYK	0.84, 0.22, 0.00, 0.67
HSL	195°, 73%, 19%
HSV	195°, 84%, 33%
XYZ	3.6176, 4.4907, 8.8597
YIQ	51.5040, -36.7700, -5.4260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

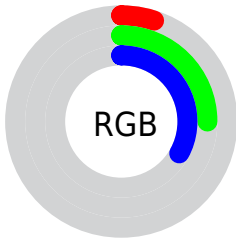
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	13, 43, 83
Decimal	868691
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	25.23, -9.53, -15.58
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	25, 18.263, 238.535
Yxy	4.4907, 0.2132, 0.2647
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279058771 (0xFF0D4153)
YUV	51.5040, 15.5275, -33.7680
Hunter-Lab	21.1913, -6.6125, -9.9544

# Details

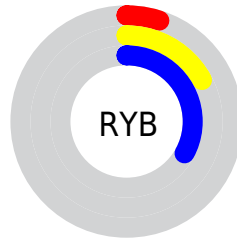
The Android color **4279058771** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **4283637517**, and the grayscale version is **4281545523**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4282741125**, and **4278196006** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4278533971**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4279583571**.

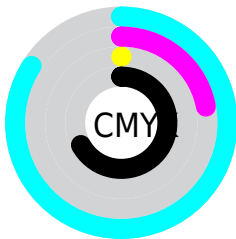
# Distribution



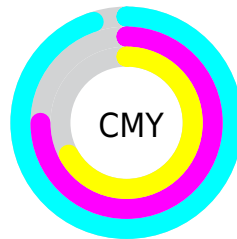
- Red (5%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (5%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (67%)



- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (67%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4279058771 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4279058771 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4279058771



4279058771

4294967295



4278201148



4282741125



4278196006



4284385951



4278190353



4286162362



4278190080



4287873237



4289715442



4291557631



4293459967



4279058771



4279058771

■ 4278533971

■ 4279583571

■ 4278206035

■ 4280173907

■ 4280698707

■ 4281223763

■ 4281748563

■ 4282338899

■ 4282863699

■ 4283388499

■ 4283978835

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278338377



4279058771



4280696151

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4279058771



4283773245



4281810723

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4279058771



4283637517

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4282727200



4279058771



4283839023

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4279058771



4283249738



4283446821



4280762925

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4279058771



4281743958



4283446821



4282138145



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4279058771



4283458667



4279063326



4280627510



4290098613



4281742902



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4279058771



4278210667



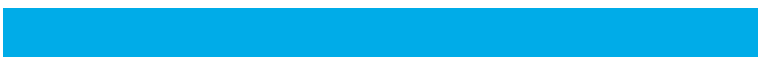
4279049811



4280625193



4278210153



4278234344



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4283632961



4285202512



4283646221



4280886568



4285071438

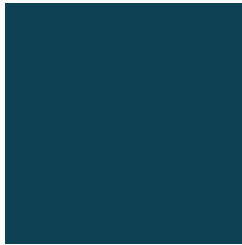


4293394604



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4279058771 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

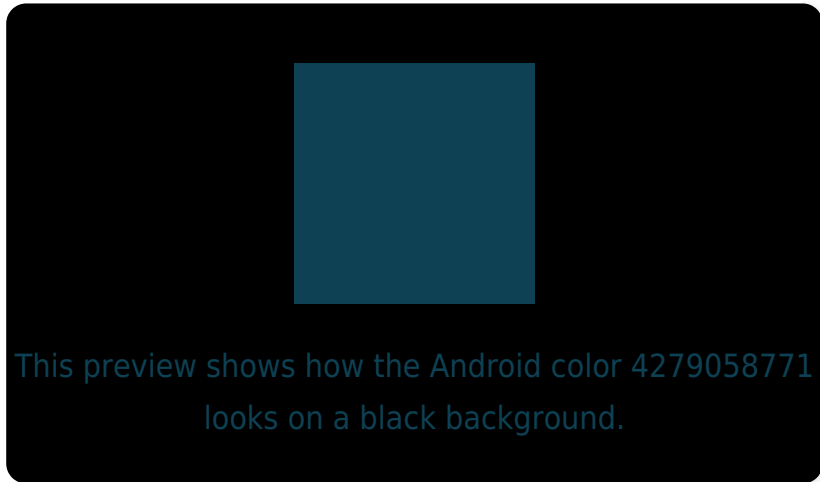
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

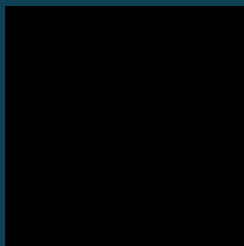
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

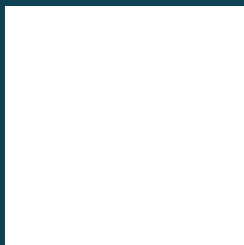
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Android 4279058771 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4279058771.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4279058771.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

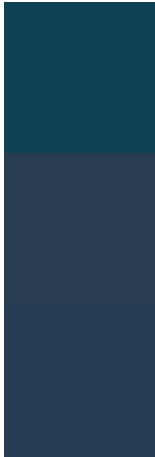


**Original Color**  
4279058771

**Protanopia**  
4281809743

**Deuteranopia**  
4281547604

# Trichromacy

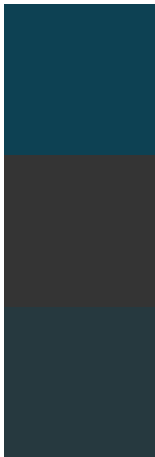


**Original Color**  
4279058771

**Protanomaly**  
4280827216

**Deuteranomaly**  
4280630612

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4279058771

**Achromatopsia**  
4281611316

**Achromatomaly**  
4280695103

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4279058771 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(13, 65, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(13, 65, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(13, 65, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(13, 65, 83) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4279058771 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(13, 65, 83) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(13, 65, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(13, 65, 83)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(13, 65, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(13, 65, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(13, 65, 83)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4279058771 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(13, 65, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(13, 65,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**



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