

# Converting Colors

Android(4279181568)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4279181568) contains.

<b>Android(4279181568)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**Android(4279181568)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0F2100
RGB	15, 33, 0
RGB Percent	6%, 13%, 0%
CMY	0.9412, 0.8706, 1.0000
CMYK	0.55, 0.00, 1.00, 0.87
HSL	93°, 100%, 6%
HSV	93°, 100%, 13%
XYZ	0.7409, 1.1893, 0.1905
YIQ	23.8560, -0.1350, -14.0790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

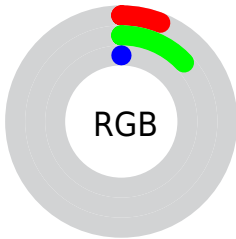
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 33, 18
Decimal	991488
CIELab	10.48, -14.82, 15.34
CIELCh	10, 21.327, 134.002
Yxy	1.1893, 0.3494, 0.5608
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279181568 (0xFF0F2100)
YUV	23.8560, -11.7610, -7.7667
Hunter-Lab	10.9054, -6.9580, 6.5980

# Details

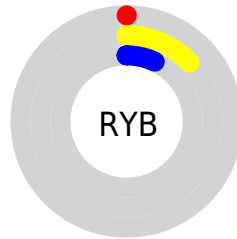
The Android color **4279181568** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **4279369761**, and the grayscale version is **4279769112**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4281879855**, and **4278190080** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4279181568**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4279312643**.

# Distribution



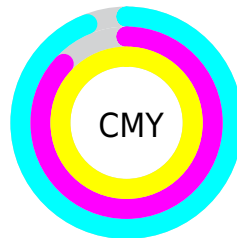
- Red (6%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (7%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (87%)



- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4279181568 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4279181568 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 4279181568

 4279181568

 4293918690

 4278190848

 4281879855

 4278190080

 4283459142

 4285038430

 4286683510

 4288459664

 4290236331

 4292012998

 4279181568

■ 4279312643

■ 4279443719

■ 4279509258

■ 4279640333

■ 4279771409

■ 4279902484

■ 4280033559

■ 4280099098

■ 4280230174

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4280229376



4279181568



4278199060

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4279181568



4278198328



4281798422

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4279181568



4279369761

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4281536549



4279181568



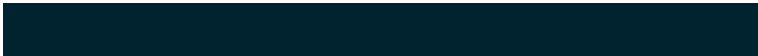
4278983737

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4279181568



4278199088



4280686129



4281602819

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4279181568



4278199326



4280686129



4281732635



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4279181568



4280560414



4280357376



4279375631



4288059030



4279703319



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4279181568



4279511808



4278198529



4279111438



4280569600



4284403456



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4279369761



4279762987



4280352800



4279176719



4281008207

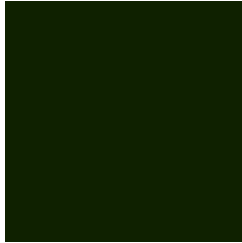


4285595855



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4279181568 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

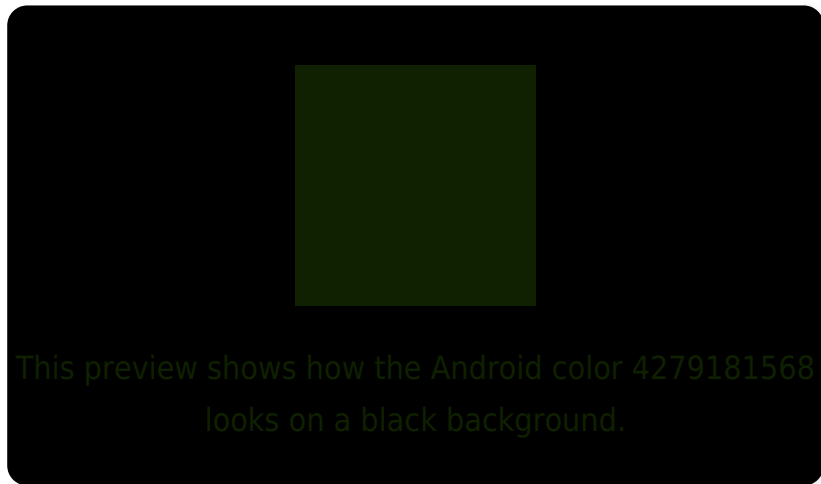
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

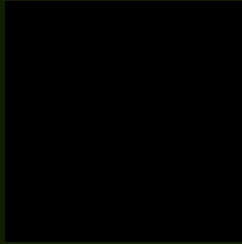
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4279181568 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4279181568.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4279181568.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4279181568

**Protanopia**  
4280360192

**Deuteranopia**  
4280556295



# Trichromacy



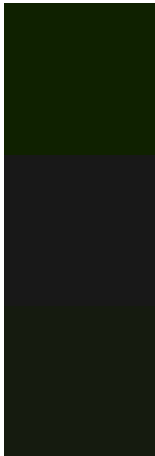
**Original Color**  
4279181568

**Protanomaly**  
4279901696

**Deuteranomaly**  
4280032516

**Tritanomaly**  
4279377941

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4279181568

**Achromatopsia**  
4279769112

**Achromatomaly**  
4279573263

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4279181568 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(15, 33, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(15, 33, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(15, 33, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(15, 33, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4279181568 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(15, 33, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(15, 33, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(15, 33, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(15, 33, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 33, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 33, 0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4279181568 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(15, 33, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(15, 33,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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