

# Converting Colors

Android(4279253002)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4279253002) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4279253002)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	10380A
RGB	16, 56, 10
RGB Percent	6%, 22%, 4%
CMY	0.9373, 0.7804, 0.9608
CMYK	0.71, 0.00, 0.82, 0.78
HSL	112°, 70%, 13%
HSV	112°, 82%, 22%
XYZ	1.6826, 2.9604, 0.7699
YIQ	38.7960, -9.0740, -22.7860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

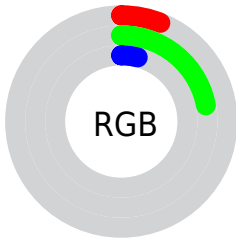
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	10, 56, 50
Decimal	1062922
CIELab	19.88, -24.36, 23.27
CIELCh	20, 33.691, 136.311
Yxy	2.9604, 0.3109, 0.5469
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279253002 (0xFF10380A)
YUV	38.7960, -14.1964, -19.9921
Hunter-Lab	17.2059, -12.6539, 9.3911

# Details

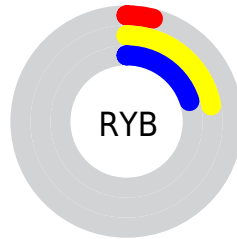
The Android color **4279253002** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **4281469496**, and the grayscale version is **4280756007**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4282411063**, and **4278190080** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4278925316**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4279580688**.

# Distribution



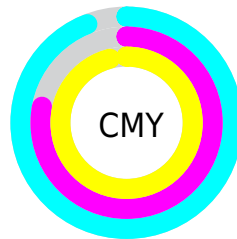
- Red (6%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (4%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Black (78%)



- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (96%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4279253002 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4279253002 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4279253002



4279253002



4294770669



4278199040



4282411063



4278190080



4284055886



4285700966



4287411840



4289188506



4291030709



4292870096



4279253002



4279253002

■ 4278925316

■ 4279580688

■ 4278663168

■ 4279908373

■ 4280236059

■ 4280498208

■ 4280825894

■ 4281153580

■ 4281481265

■ 4281808951

■ 4282136636

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4281348864



4279253002



4278205220

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4279253002



4278204000



4284225060

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4279253002



4281469496

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4283832380



4279253002



4279447136

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4279253002



4278205011



4282524498



4283768844

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4279253002



4278205237



4282524498



4284159276



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4279253002



4282010167



4281872906



4280034843



4289111718



4280690214



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4279253002



4278864385



4278859803



4279901209



4279000064



4280146688



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4281469496



4282384714



4281862695



4280031516



4283433052



4290707675



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4279253002 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

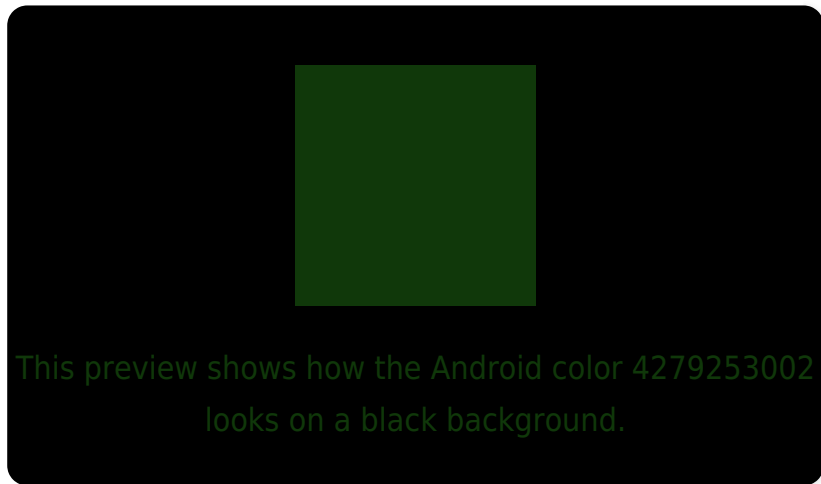
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

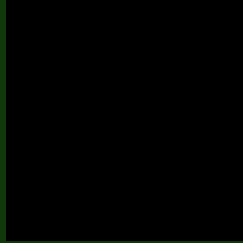
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4279253002 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4279253002.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4279253002.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

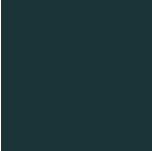
## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4279253002

**Protanopia**  
4281741320

**Deuteranopia**  
4282134031



**Tritanopia**  
4279972920

# Trichromacy



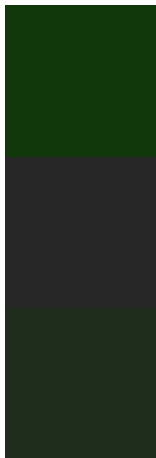
**Original Color**  
4279253002

**Protanomaly**  
4280824585

**Deuteranomaly**  
4281086477

**Tritanomaly**  
4279711015

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4279253002

**Achromatopsia**  
4280756007

**Achromatomaly**  
4280233244

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4279253002 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(16, 56, 10)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(16, 56, 10)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(16, 56, 10) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(16, 56, 10) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4279253002 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(16, 56, 10) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(16, 56, 10) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(16, 56, 10) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(16, 56, 10); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(16, 56, 10);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(16, 56, 10)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4279253002 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(16, 56, 10) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(16, 56,  
10) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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