

# Converting Colors

Android(4279258530)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4279258530) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4279258530)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	104DA2
RGB	16, 77, 162
RGB Percent	6%, 30%, 64%
CMY	0.9373, 0.6980, 0.3647
CMYK	0.90, 0.52, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	215°, 82%, 35%
HSV	215°, 90%, 64%
XYZ	9.3892, 8.0265, 35.2368
YIQ	68.4510, -63.6410, 13.5030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

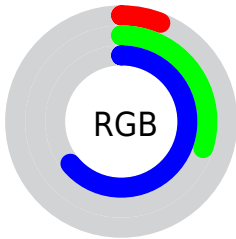
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	16, 59, 162
Decimal	1068450
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	34.04, 15.45, -51.04
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	34, 53.328, 286.845
Yxy	8.0265, 0.1783, 0.1524
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279258530 (0xFF104DA2)
YUV	68.4510, 46.1197, -45.9995
Hunter-Lab	28.3312, 9.5766, -53.9100

# Details

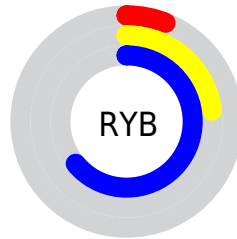
The Android color **4279258530** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. A complement of this color would be **4288832784**, and the grayscale version is **4282664004**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4284186074**, and **4278198893** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4278207650**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4280309410**.

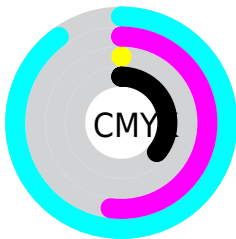
# Distribution



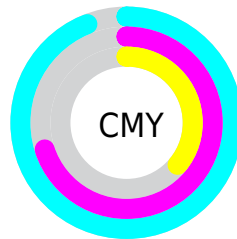
- Red (6%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (6%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (36%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4279258530 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4279258530 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4279258530

 4279258530

4294967295

 4278204295

 4284186074

 4278198893

 4286158838


 4278193492

 4288066303

 4278191677

 4289973759

 4278190630

 4291947007

 4278190351

 4293918719

 4278190080

 4279258530

 4279258530

 4278207650

 4280309410

■ 4281360546

■ 4282476962

■ 4283528098

■ 4284578978

■ 4285630114

■ 4286680994

■ 4287797410

■ 4288848546

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278213283



4279258530



4285479051

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4279258530



4287443729



4278214971

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4279258530



4288832784

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4279131404



4279258530



4285613824

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4279258530



4288224826



4283192576



4278215527

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4279258530



4287178866



4283192576



4278214700



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4279258530



4288393940



4279280227



4282996587



4293651435



4285229931



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4279258530



4278212820



4279898274



4282994002



4278205841



4278191890



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4288811085



4292083800



4288193040



4283582797



4287692861



4279369735



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4279258530 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

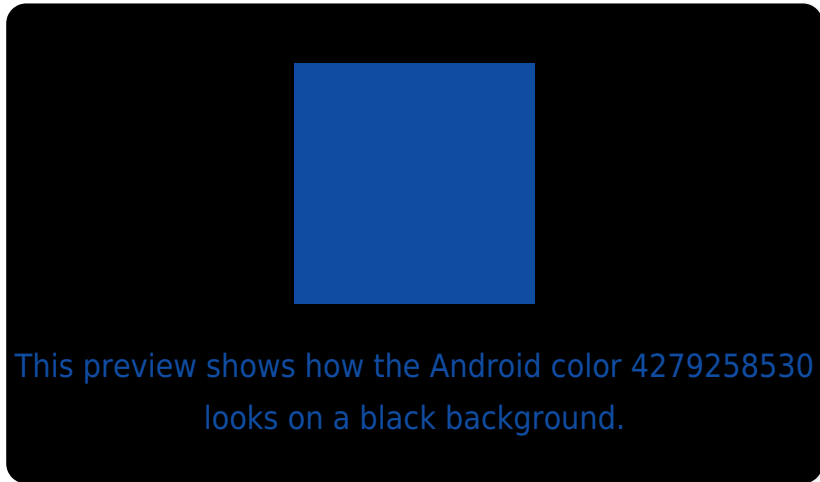
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4279258530 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4279258530.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4279258530.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4279258530

**Protanopia**  
4279324066

**Deuteranopia**  
4278211214



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4279258530

**Protanomaly**

4279324066

**Deuteranomaly**

4278603925

**Tritanomaly**

4278605175

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4279258530

**Achromatopsia**

4282664004

**Achromatomaly**

4281419622

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4279258530 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(16, 77, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(16, 77, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(16, 77, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(16, 77, 162) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4279258530 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(16, 77, 162) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(16, 77, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(16, 77, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(16, 77, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(16, 77, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(16, 77,  
162) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4279258530 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(16, 77, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(16, 77,  
162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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