

# Converting Colors

Android(4279323499)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4279323499) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4279323499)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	114B6B
RGB	17, 75, 107
RGB Percent	7%, 29%, 42%
CMY	0.9333, 0.7059, 0.5804
CMYK	0.84, 0.30, 0.00, 0.58
HSL	201°, 73%, 24%
HSV	201°, 84%, 42%
XYZ	5.4011, 6.2129, 14.8245
YIQ	61.3060, -44.8400, -2.3440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

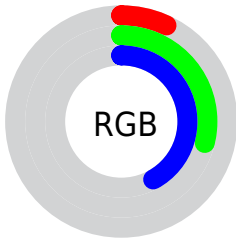
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	17, 52, 107
Decimal	1133419
CIELab	29.94, -5.80, -23.68
CIELCh	30, 24.377, 256.229
Yxy	6.2129, 0.2043, 0.2350
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279323499 (0xFF114B6B)
YUV	61.3060, 22.5271, -38.8564
Hunter-Lab	24.9256, -4.9410, -17.8147

# Details

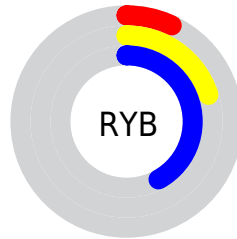
The Android color `4279323499` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `006699`. A complement of this color would be `4285214993`, and the grayscale version is `4282203453`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4283268255`, and `4278198075` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4278601579`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4280045419`.

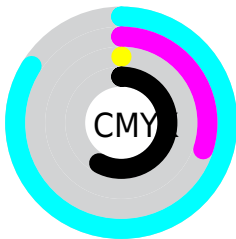
# Distribution



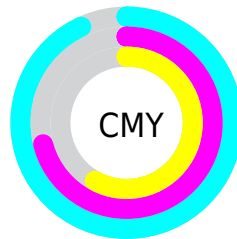
- Red (7%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4279323499 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4279323499 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4279323499



4279323499

4294967295



4278203475



4283268255



4278198075



4284978618



4278190630



4286820565



4278190351



4288596978



4278190080



4290439423



4292345855



4294246399



4279323499



4279323499

■ 4278601579

■ 4280045419

■ 4278207851

■ 4280701803

■ 4281423467

■ 4282145387

■ 4282801771

■ 4283523691

■ 4284245611

■ 4284967275

■ 4285623659

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278210401



4279323499



4282008939

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4279323499



4285216573



4281552172

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4279323499



4285214993

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4282927393



4279323499



4284890156

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4279323499



4284823632



4284105249



4279652413

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4279323499



4283252837



4284105249



4282010663



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4279323499



4285104268



4279331633



4281483335



4291282887



4282861383



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4279323499



4278213260



4279311979



4281349174



4278209653



4278230773



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4285206859



4287365210



4285226513



4281741364



4285857868



4294246558



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4279323499 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

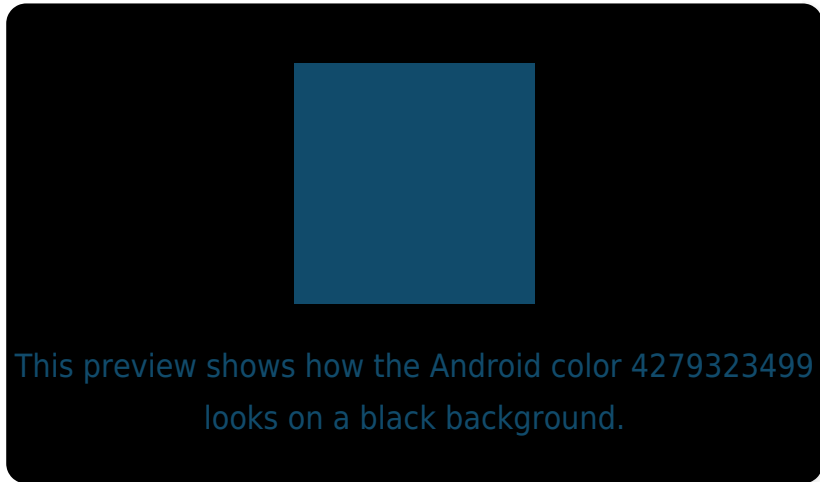
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4279323499 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4279323499.

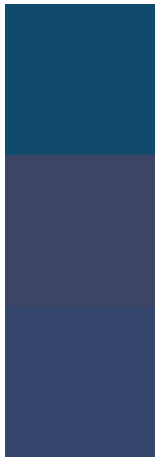


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4279323499.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4279323499

**Protanopia**  
4282140006

**Deuteranopia**  
4281615980



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4279323499

**Protanomaly**  
4281091944

**Deuteranomaly**  
4280764524

**Tritanomaly**  
4278603100

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4279323499

**Achromatopsia**  
4282203453

**Achromatomaly**  
4281156174

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4279323499 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(17, 75, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(17, 75, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(17, 75, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(17, 75, 107) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4279323499 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(17, 75, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(17, 75, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(17, 75, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(17, 75, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 75, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 75,  
107) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4279323499 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(17, 75, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(17, 75,  
107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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