

# Converting Colors

Android(4279446549)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4279446549) contains.

<b>Android(4279446549)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**Android(4279446549)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	132C15
RGB	19, 44, 21
RGB Percent	7%, 17%, 8%
CMY	0.9255, 0.8275, 0.9176
CMYK	0.57, 0.00, 0.52, 0.83
HSL	125°, 40%, 12%
HSV	125°, 57%, 17%
XYZ	1.3046, 1.9940, 1.0256
YIQ	33.9030, -7.5170, -12.4530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

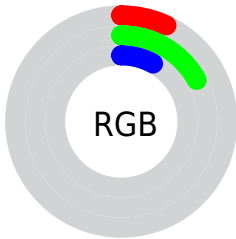
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">19, 42, 44</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">1256469</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">15.46, -15.87, 12.00</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">15, 19.893, 142.913</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">1.9940, 0.3017, 0.4611</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4279446549 (0xFF132C15)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">33.9030, -6.3612, -13.0699</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">14.1207, -8.2199, 5.5783</a>

# Details

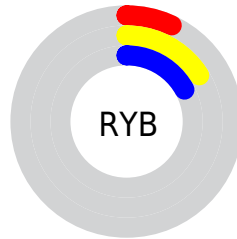
The Android color **4279446549** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **4281078570**, and the grayscale version is **4280427042**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4282341952**, and **4278190080** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4279184401**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4279708697**.

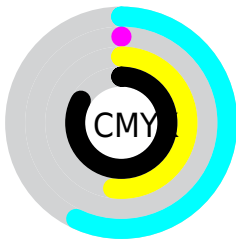
# Distribution



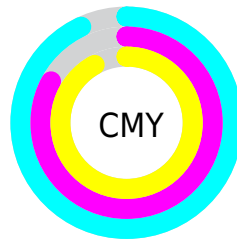
- Red (7%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (8%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (17%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (83%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (92%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4279446549 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4279446549 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4279446549

 4279446549

 4294508535

 4278196480

 4282341952

 4278190080

 4283920983

 4285566064

 4287276937

 4288987811

 4290764478

 4292606682

 4279446549

 4279446549

■ 4279184401

■ 4279708697

■ 4278856717

■ 4280036381

■ 4278594569

■ 4280298529

■ 4278266885

■ 4280626213

■ 4278201348

■ 4280888361

■ 4281150509

■ 4281478193

■ 4281740341

■ 4282068025

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4280559882



4279446549



4278201635

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4279446549



4278200642



4282456860

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4279446549



4281078570

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4282325803



4279446549



4280427585

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4279446549



4278201405



4281671480



4282130192

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4279446549



4278201900



4281671480



4282456865



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4279446549



4281284655



4280953875



4279639063



4288453788



4280032284



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4279446549



4279384085



4279446561



4279572245



4278212359



4278244881



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4281078570



4281864757



4281078558



4279702807



4283891792



4292214981



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4279446549 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

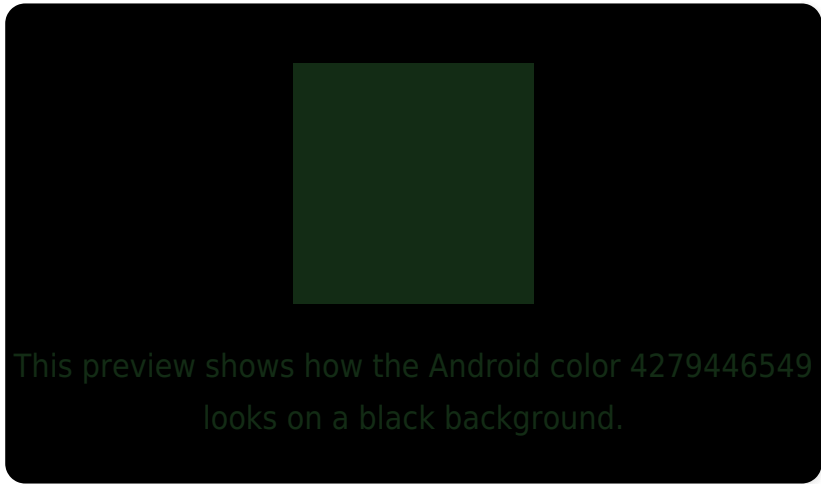
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

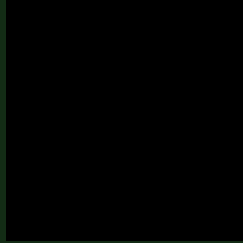
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4279446549 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4279446549.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4279446549.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4279446549

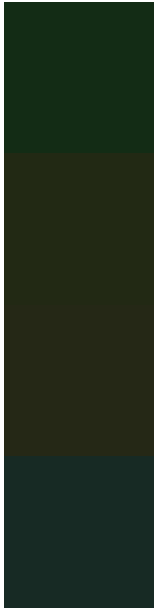
**Protanopia**  
4281018131

**Deuteranopia**  
4281279767



**Tritanopia**  
4279839021

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4279446549

**Protanomaly**

4280428820

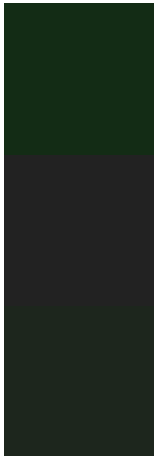
**Deuteranomaly**

4280625174

**Tritanomaly**

4279708196

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4279446549

**Achromatopsia**

4280427042

**Achromatomaly**

4280100381

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4279446549 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(19, 44, 21)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(19, 44, 21)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(19, 44, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(19, 44, 21) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4279446549 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(19, 44, 21) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(19, 44, 21) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(19, 44, 21)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(19, 44, 21); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(19, 44, 21);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(19, 44, 21)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4279446549 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(19, 44, 21) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(19, 44,  
21) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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