

# Converting Colors

Android(4279510406)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4279510406) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4279510406)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	142586
RGB	20, 37, 134
RGB Percent	8%, 15%, 53%
CMY	0.9216, 0.8549, 0.4745
CMYK	0.85, 0.72, 0.00, 0.47
HSL	231°, 74%, 30%
HSV	231°, 85%, 53%
XYZ	5.2531, 3.1931, 22.8937
YIQ	42.9750, -41.2690, 26.5630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

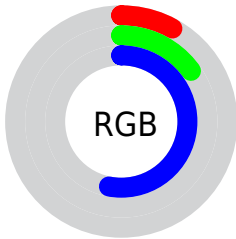
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	20, 35, 134
Decimal	1320326
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	20.80, 31.83, -55.48
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	21, 63.960, 299.846
Yxy	3.1931, 0.1676, 0.1019
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279510406 (0xFF142586)
YUV	42.9750, 44.8753, -20.1491
Hunter-Lab	17.8692, 21.2037, -63.4528

# Details

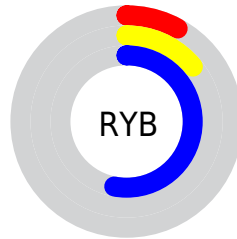
The Android color **4279510406** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003399**. A complement of this color would be **4287001876**, and the grayscale version is **4281019179**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4283912892**, and **4278190163** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4278655622**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4280365190**.

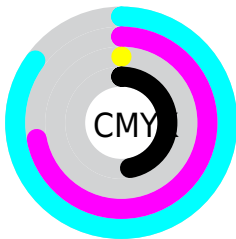
# Distribution



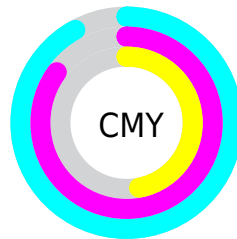
- Red (8%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (47%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4279510406 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4279510406 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 4279510406

■ 4279510406

4294967295

■ 4278194540

■ 4283912892

■ 4278190163

■ 4285819608

■ 4278191675

■ 4287726837

■ 4278190628

■ 4289568511

■ 4278190092

■ 4291475967

■ 4278190080

■ 4293449215

■ 4294963711

■ 4279510406

■ 4279510406

■ 4278655622

■ 4280365190

■ 4278195334

■ 4281285766

■ 4282140550

■ 4283061126

■ 4283915910

■ 4284770694

■ 4285691270

■ 4286546054

■ 4287466630

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278205075



4279510406



4284874850

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4279510406



4284618496



4278207025

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4279510406



4287001876

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278206464



4279510406



4282331392

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4279510406



4286119938



4278467584



4278207329

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4279510406



4286120004



4278467584



4278207008



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4279510406



4286613421



4279535221



4282138711



4292269782



4283914071



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4279510406



4278196909



4282127494



4282137922



4278195074



4278190083



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4286977061



4289527834



4284384788



4282530877



4286709779

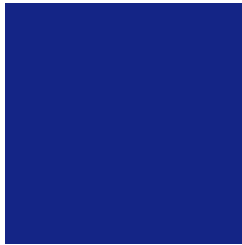


4278386688



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4279510406 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

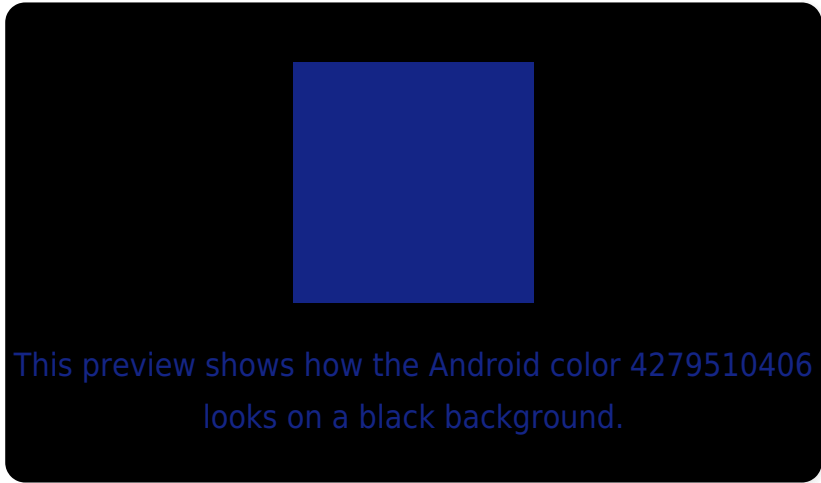
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4279510406 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4279510406.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4279510406.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4279510406

**Protanopia**

4278202727

**Deuteranopia**

4278203480



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4279510406

**Protanomaly**

4278660466

**Deuteranomaly**

4278660969

**Tritanomaly**

4278661462

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4279510406

**Achromatopsia**

4281019179

**Achromatomaly**

4280494412

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4279510406 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(20, 37, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(20, 37, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(20, 37, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(20, 37, 134) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4279510406 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(20, 37, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(20, 37, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(20, 37, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(20, 37, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(20, 37, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(20, 37,  
134) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4279510406 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(20, 37, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(20, 37,  
134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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