

# Converting Colors

Android(4279521375)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4279521375) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4279521375)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	14505F
RGB	20, 80, 95
RGB Percent	8%, 31%, 37%
CMY	0.9216, 0.6863, 0.6275
CMYK	0.79, 0.16, 0.00, 0.63
HSL	192°, 65%, 23%
HSV	192°, 79%, 37%
XYZ	5.2227, 6.7123, 11.8468
YIQ	63.7700, -40.5750, -8.0550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

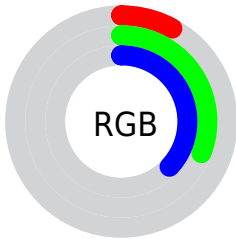
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	20, 53, 95
Decimal	1331295
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	31.14, -13.11, -14.20
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	31, 19.328, 227.278
Yxy	6.7123, 0.2196, 0.2822
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279521375 (0xFF14505F)
YUV	63.7700, 15.3964, -38.3863
Hunter-Lab	25.9080, -9.3559, -8.9755

# Details

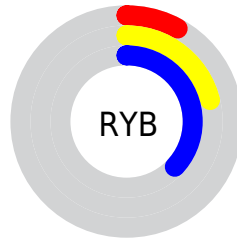
The Android color **4279521375** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **4284424980**, and the grayscale version is **4282400832**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4283203985**, and **4278199089** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4278931039**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4280111711**.

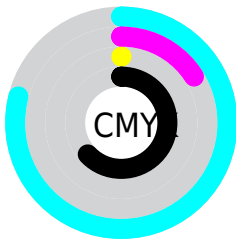
# Distribution



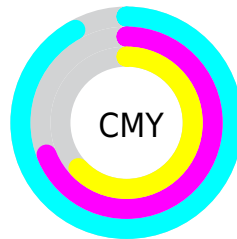
- Red (8%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (63%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (63%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4279521375 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4279521375 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4279521375



4279521375

4294967295



4278204743



4283203985



4278199089



4284980140



4278192412



4286691015



4278190080



4288467683



4290309887



4292214783



4294115327



4279521375



4279521375

■ 4278931039

■ 4280111711

■ 4278275167

■ 4280767583

■ 4278209631

■ 4281423455

■ 4282013791

■ 4282669663

■ 4283259743

■ 4283915615

■ 4284505951

■ 4285161823

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4279587154



4279521375



4280962406

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4279521375



4284694096



4283124524

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4279521375



4284424980

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4284040748



4279521375



4284956225

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4279521375



4283843166



4284694836



4282011444

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4279521375



4282010215



4284694836



4283451947



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4279521375



4284315002



4279525155



4281023037



4290624957



4282203453



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4279521375



4278608762



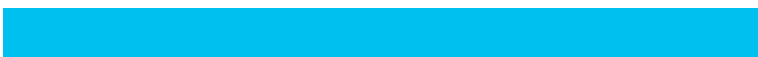
4279511647



4281085744



4278213232



4278239472



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4284421200



4286187107



4284434708



4281347119



4285530202

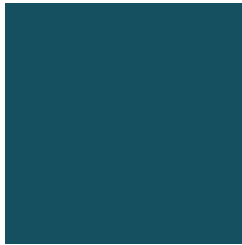


4293918912



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4279521375 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

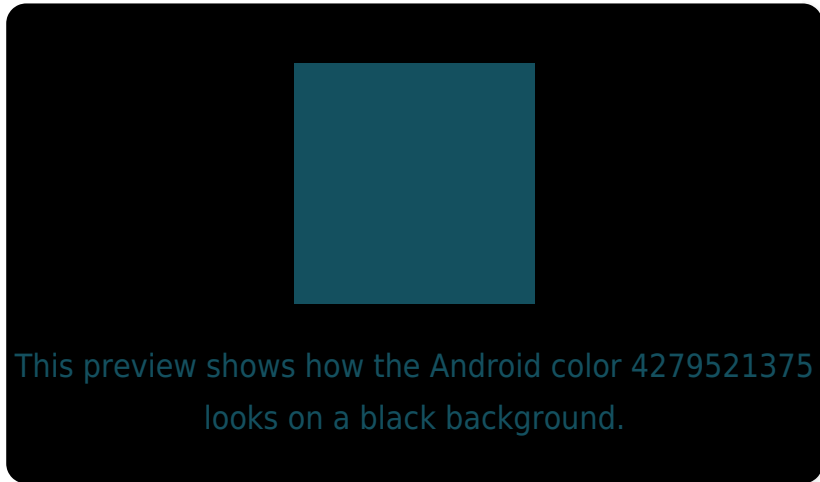
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

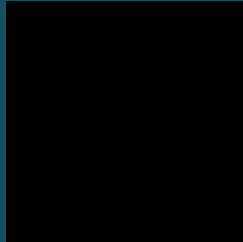
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

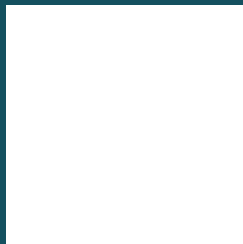
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4279521375 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4279521375.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4279521375.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



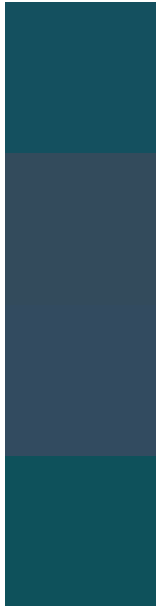
**Original Color**  
4279521375

**Protanopia**  
4282730586

**Deuteranopia**  
4282599521



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4279521375

**Protanomaly**

4281551708

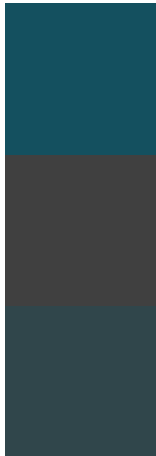
**Deuteranomaly**

4281486176

**Tritanomaly**

4279128411

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4279521375

**Achromatopsia**

4282400832

**Achromatomaly**

4281353803

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4279521375 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(20, 80, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(20, 80, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(20, 80, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(20, 80, 95) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4279521375 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(20, 80, 95) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(20, 80, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(20, 80, 95)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(20, 80, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(20, 80, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(20, 80, 95)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4279521375 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(20, 80, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(20, 80,  
95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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