

# Converting Colors

Android(4279527577)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4279527577) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4279527577)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	146899
RGB	20, 104, 153
RGB Percent	8%, 41%, 60%
CMY	0.9216, 0.5922, 0.4000
CMYK	0.87, 0.32, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	202°, 77%, 34%
HSV	202°, 87%, 60%
XYZ	10.9886, 12.3493, 31.9415
YIQ	84.4700, -65.7930, -2.5690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

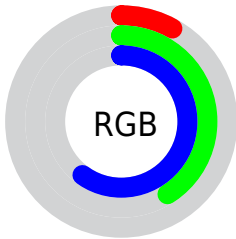
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	20, 71, 153
Decimal	1337497
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	41.77, -5.41, -33.29
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	42, 33.732, 260.765
Yxy	12.3493, 0.1988, 0.2234
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279527577 (0xFF146899)
<b>YUV</b>	84.4700, 33.7853, -56.5402
Hunter-Lab	35.1415, -5.6816, -29.2919

# Details

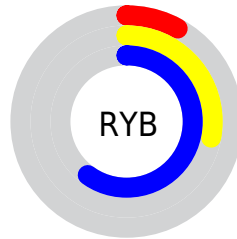
The Android color `4279527577` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `006699`. A complement of this color would be `4288234772`, and the grayscale version is `4283716692`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4284128208`, and `4278204774` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4278543001`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4280512153`.

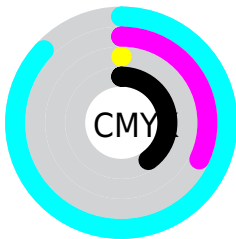
# Distribution



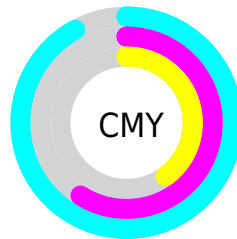
- Red (8%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4279527577 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4279527577 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4279527577



4279527577

4294967295



4278210687



4284128208



4278204774



4286035692



4278199373



4287943167



4278193974



4289850879



4278190624



4291756031



4278190085



4293722111



4278190080



4279527577



4279527577



4278543001



4280512153

■ 4278215065

■ 4281562009

■ 4282546585

■ 4283531161

■ 4284581017

■ 4285565593

■ 4286549913

■ 4287534489

■ 4288584601

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278218381



4279527577



4283916182

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4279527577



4288105552



4282346814

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4279527577



4288234772

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4284507949



4279527577



4287517752

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4279527577



4287777900



4286209579



4278349913

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4279527577



4285683597



4286209579



4283132727



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4279527577



4287870151



4279540037



4282734691



4293125091



4284703587



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4279527577



4278222535



4279510681



4282731085



4278213004



4278192141



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4288222312



4291231870



4288251668



4283254090



4287365209



4279042056



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4279527577 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

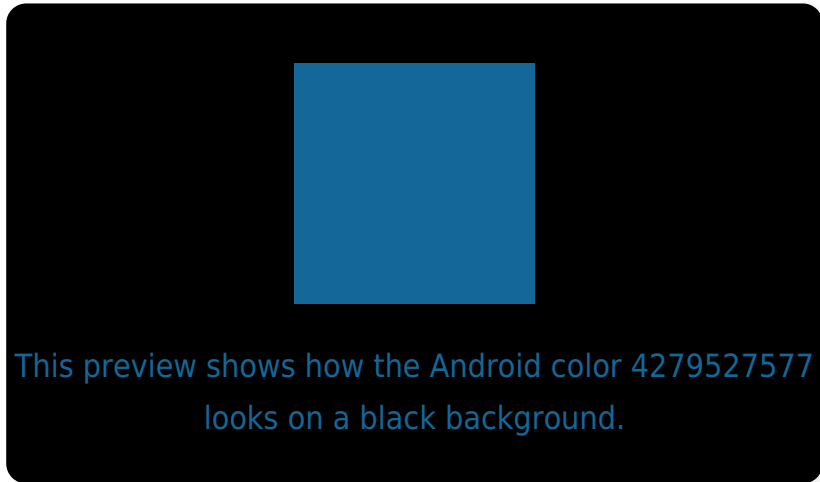
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4279527577 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4279527577.

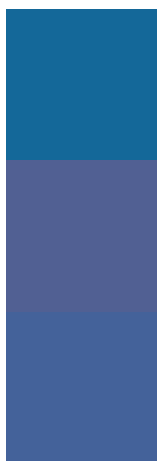


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4279527577.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4279527577

**Protanopia**  
4283523219

**Deuteranopia**  
4282671770



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4279527577

**Protanomaly**  
4282082197

**Deuteranomaly**  
4281558170

**Tritanomaly**  
4278676354

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4279527577

**Achromatopsia**  
4283716692

**Achromatomaly**  
4282211181

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4279527577 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(20, 104, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(20, 104, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(20, 104, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(20, 104, 153) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4279527577 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(20, 104, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(20, 104, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(20, 104, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(20, 104, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(20, 104, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(20, 104,  
153) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4279527577 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(20, 104, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(20, 104,  
153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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