

# Converting Colors

Android(4279529069)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4279529069) contains.

<b>Android(4279529069)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# Color

**Android(4279529069)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	146E6D
RGB	20, 110, 109
RGB Percent	8%, 43%, 43%
CMY	0.9216, 0.5686, 0.5725
CMYK	0.82, 0.00, 0.01, 0.57
HSL	179°, 69%, 25%
HSV	179°, 82%, 43%
XYZ	8.6247, 12.4047, 16.4078
YIQ	82.9760, -53.3190, -19.3910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

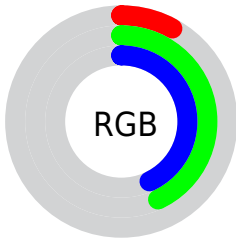
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	20, 65, 110
Decimal	1338989
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	41.85, -24.68, -6.68
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	42, 25.568, 195.154
Yxy	12.4047, 0.2304, 0.3313
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279529069 (0xFF146E6D)
YUV	82.9760, 12.8298, -55.2300
Hunter-Lab	35.2203, -17.9246, -2.9667

# Details

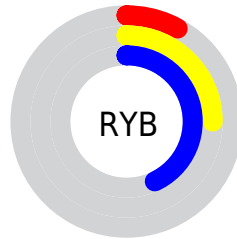
The Android color `4279529069` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `006666`. A complement of this color would be `4285404181`, and the grayscale version is `4283650899`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4283671200`, and `4278206014` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4278808173`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4280249965`.

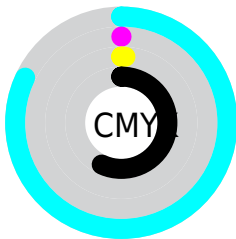
# Distribution



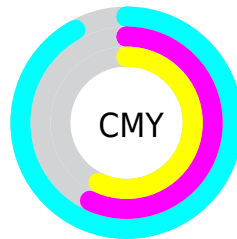
- Red (8%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (57%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4279529069 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4279529069 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4279529069



4279529069

4294967295



4278211925



4283671200



4278206014



4285447611



4278200104



4287289815



4278193428



4289132276



4278190080



4290969599



4292870143



4294836223



4279529069



4279529069

■ 4278808173

■ 4280249965

■ 4278218349

■ 4280970861

■ 4281691757

■ 4282412653

■ 4283133550

■ 4283854446

■ 4284575342

■ 4285296238

■ 4286017134

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4281625943



4279529069



4278938752

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4279529069



4285749633



4286209594

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4279529069



4285404181

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4287059782



4279529069



4286927982

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4279529069



4283851147



4287386457



4284900665

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4279529069



4280576648



4287386457



4286536509



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4279529069



4285239182



4279594516



4281485127



4291282887



4282861383



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4279529069



4278423437



4279518062



4281481272



4278220919



4278253557



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4285404181



4287562500



4285415444



4281872947



4286054401

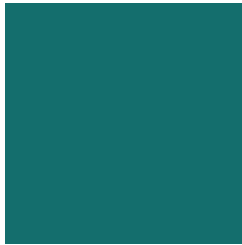


4294377475



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4279529069 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

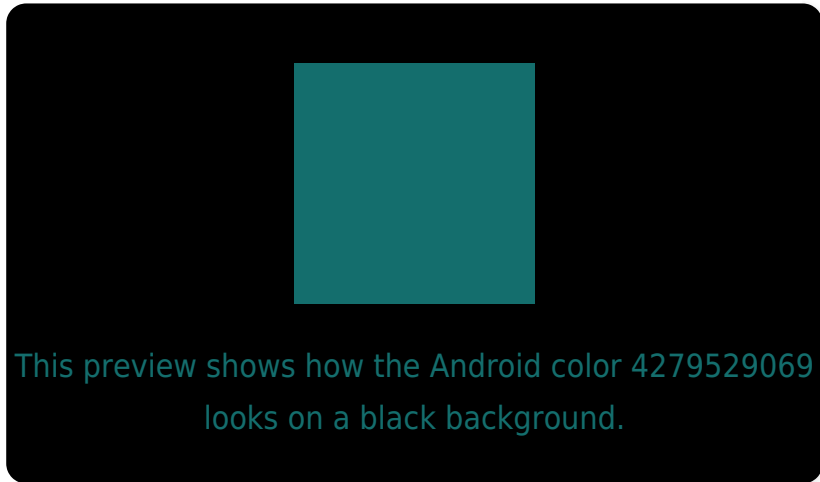
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

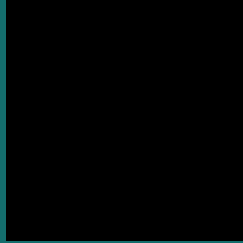
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4279529069 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4279529069.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4279529069.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4279529069

**Protanopia**

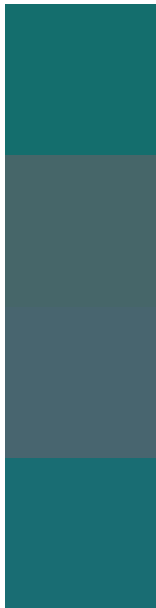
4284703334

**Deuteranopia**

4284833904



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4279529069

**Protanomaly**  
4282803817

**Deuteranomaly**  
4282934639

**Tritanomaly**  
4279856499

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4279529069

**Achromatopsia**  
4283650899

**Achromatomaly**  
4282146140

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4279529069 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(20, 110, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(20, 110, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(20, 110, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(20, 110, 109) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4279529069 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(20, 110, 109) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(20, 110, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(20, 110, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(20, 110, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(20, 110, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(20, 110,  
109) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4279529069 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(20, 110, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(20, 110,  
109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



# Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor