

# Converting Colors

Android(4279763245)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4279763245) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4279763245)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	18012D
RGB	24, 1, 45
RGB Percent	9%, 0%, 18%
CMY	0.9059, 0.9961, 0.8235
CMYK	0.47, 0.98, 0.00, 0.82
HSL	271°, 96%, 9%
HSV	271°, 98%, 18%
XYZ	0.8612, 0.4054, 2.5155
YIQ	12.8930, -0.4160, 18.5600

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

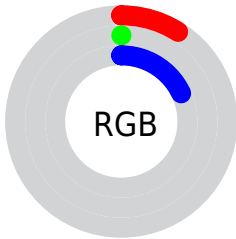
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	24, 1, 45
Decimal	1573165
CIE Lab	3.66, 19.49, -23.06
CIE LCh	4, 30.195, 310.200
Yxy	0.4054, 0.2277, 0.1072
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279763245 (0xFF18012D)
YUV	12.8930, 15.8288, 9.7408
Hunter-Lab	6.3668, 13.0027, -18.9683

# Details

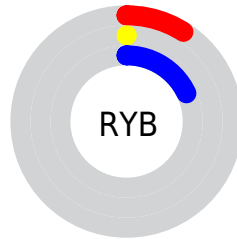
The Android color **4279763245** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000033**. A complement of this color would be **4279643393**, and the grayscale version is **4279045389**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4282593115**, and **4278190080** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4279762989**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4279895597**.

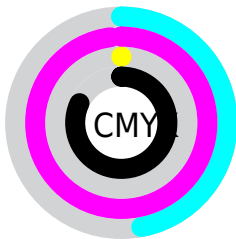
# Distribution



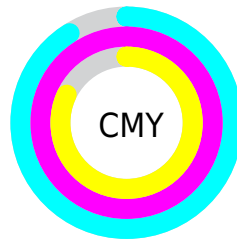
- Red (9%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (82%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (82%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4279763245 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4279763245 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4279763245

 4279763245

 4294894335

 4278190360

 4282593115


 4278190080

 4284237428

 4285881742

 4287592104

 4289302723

 4291144671

 4292986620

 4279763245

 4279763245

■ 4279762989

■ 4279895597

■ 4280027693

■ 4280160045

■ 4280357677

■ 4280490029

■ 4280622125

■ 4280754477

■ 4280886573

■ 4281018925

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278193462



4279763245



4280942621

# Triad

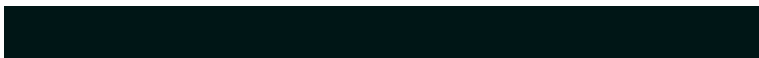
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4279763245



4280288512



4278195734

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4279763245



4279643393

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278195456



4279763245



4278652928

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



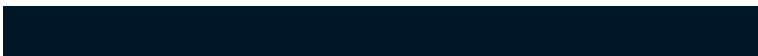
4279763245



4281008128



4278195456



4278196008

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4279763245



4281335822



4278195456



4278195725



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4279763245



4281543227



4278261293



4279833631



4288585374



4280229663



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4279763245



4280221755



4281139500



4279637271



4281139287



4285530326



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4281139478



4282056732



4278267138



4279702806



4283891753

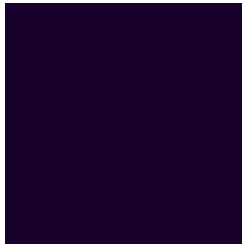


4292214886



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4279763245 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

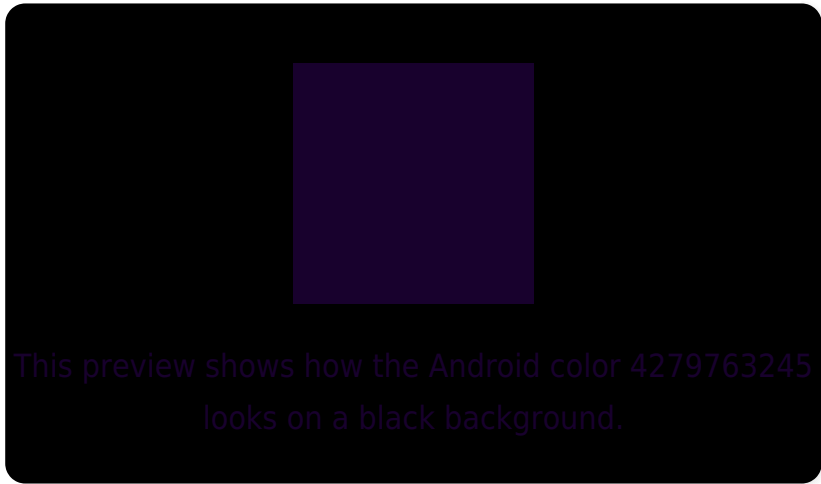
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

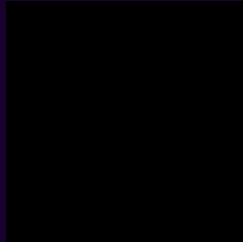
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4279763245 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4279763245.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4279763245.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4279763245

**Protanopia**

4278194468

**Deuteranopia**

4278194719



**Tritanopia**  
4279308819

# Trichromacy



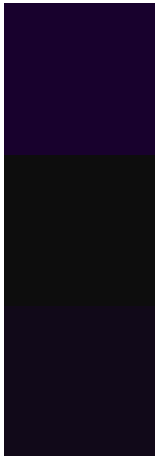
**Original Color**  
4279763245

**Protanomaly**  
4278782759

**Deuteranomaly**  
4278783012

**Tritanomaly**  
4279503900

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4279763245

**Achromatopsia**  
4279045389

**Achromatomaly**  
4279306521

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4279763245 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(24, 1, 45)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(24, 1, 45)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(24, 1, 45) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(24, 1, 45) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4279763245 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(24, 1, 45) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(24, 1, 45) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(24, 1, 45)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(24, 1, 45); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(24, 1, 45); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(24, 1, 45) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4279763245 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(24, 1, 45) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(24, 1,  
45) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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