

# Converting Colors

Android(4279788140)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4279788140) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4279788140)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	18626C
RGB	24, 98, 108
RGB Percent	9%, 38%, 42%
CMY	0.9059, 0.6157, 0.5765
CMYK	0.78, 0.09, 0.00, 0.58
HSL	187°, 64%, 26%
HSV	187°, 78%, 42%
XYZ	7.4511, 10.0123, 15.7272
YIQ	77.0140, -47.3140, -12.5780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

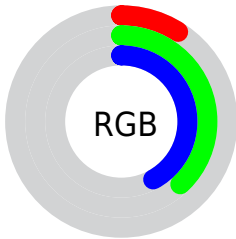
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	24, 63, 108
Decimal	1598060
CIELab	37.86, -18.18, -12.07
CIELCh	38, 21.822, 213.571
Yxy	10.0123, 0.2245, 0.3017
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279788140 (0xFF18626C)
YUV	77.0140, 15.2761, -46.4933
Hunter-Lab	31.6422, -13.3403, -7.3196

# Details

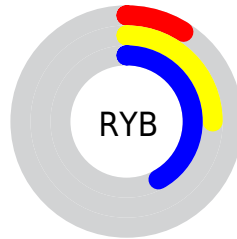
The Android color **4279788140** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **4285276696**, and the grayscale version is **4283256141**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4283667871**, and **4278203197** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4279066988**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4280509292**.

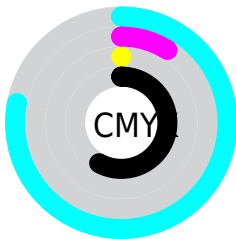
# Distribution



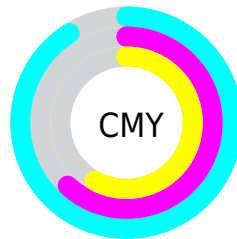
- Red (9%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (9%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4279788140 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4279788140 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4279788140

 4279788140

4294967295

 4278209108

 4283667871

 4278203197

 4285444282

 4278198055

 4287220694

 4278190354

 4289062898

 4278190080

 4290904063

 4292804607

 4294705151

 4279788140

 4279788140

■ 4279066988

■ 4280509292

■ 4278345580

■ 4281230700

■ 4278214508

■ 4281886316

■ 4282607468

■ 4283328620

■ 4284050028

■ 4284771180

■ 4285426796

■ 4286148204

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4280640347



4279788140



4280835960

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4279788140



4285615721



4284700982

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4279788140



4285276696

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4285682490



4279788140



4286270552

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4279788140



4284372086



4286270790



4283457083

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4279788140



4282014844



4286270790



4285028150



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4279788140



4285302924



4279790626



4281550151



4291282887



4282861383



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4279788140



4278877580



4279777388



4281349430



4278216565



4278245621



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4285274210



4287367805



4285287448



4281741365



4285857895

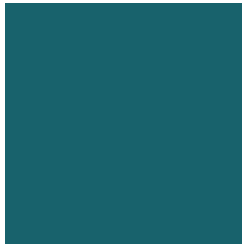


4294246616



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4279788140 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

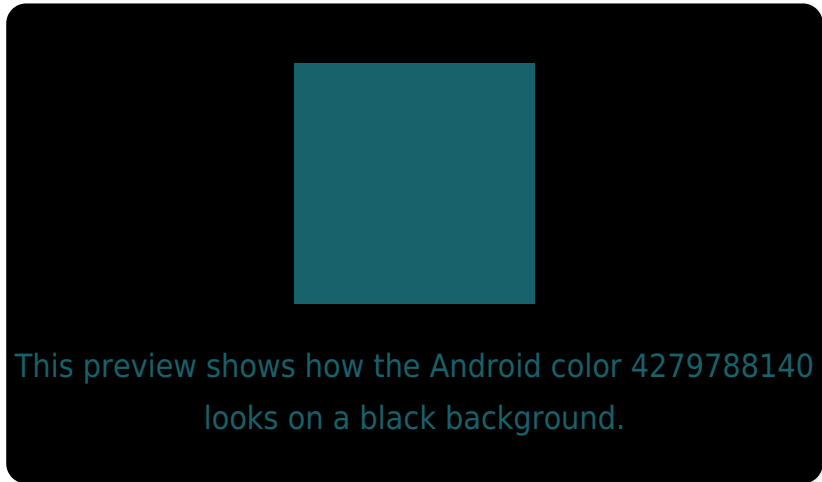
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4279788140 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4279788140.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4279788140.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4279788140

**Protanopia**

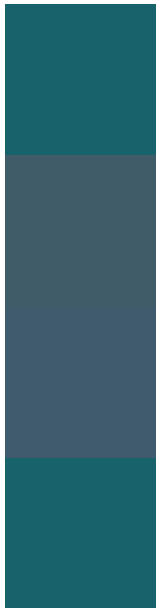
4283914341

**Deuteranopia**

4283848558



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4279788140

**Protanomaly**

4282408040

**Deuteranomaly**

4282342253

**Tritanomaly**

4279722603

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4279788140

**Achromatopsia**

4283256141

**Achromatomaly**

4282013016

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4279788140 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(24, 98, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(24, 98, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(24, 98, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(24, 98, 108) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4279788140 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(24, 98, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(24, 98, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(24, 98, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(24, 98, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(24, 98, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(24, 98,  
108) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4279788140 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(24, 98, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(24, 98,  
108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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