

# Converting Colors

Android(4279882412)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4279882412) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4279882412)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	19D2AC
RGB	25, 210, 172
RGB Percent	10%, 82%, 67%
CMY	0.9020, 0.1765, 0.3255
CMYK	0.88, 0.00, 0.18, 0.18
HSL	168°, 79%, 46%
HSV	168°, 88%, 82%
XYZ	30.8939, 49.2784, 46.9131
YIQ	150.3530, -98.0620, -51.0380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

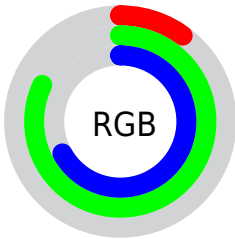
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	25, 128, 210
Decimal	1692332
CIELab	75.62, -51.15, 6.92
CIELCh	76, 51.617, 172.300
Yxy	49.2784, 0.2431, 0.3878
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279882412 (0xFF19D2AC)
YUV	150.3530, 10.6720, -109.9346
Hunter-Lab	70.1986, -44.2910, 9.5160

# Details

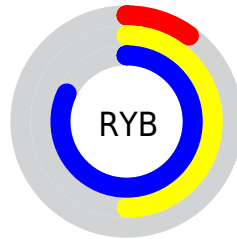
The Android color `4279882412` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `33CC99`. The color can be described as middle washed spring green. A complement of this color would be `4291959103`, and the grayscale version is `4288059030`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4285464547`, and `4278229624` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4278506152`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4281258672`.

# Distribution



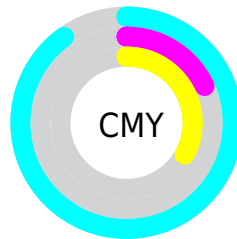
- Red (10%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4279882412 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4279882412 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4279882412



4279882412

4294967295



4278236817



4285464547



4278229624



4287561727



4278222943



4289658879



4278216007



4291690495



4278209585



4293722111



4278203420



4278197251



4278190080



4279882412



4279882412

■ 4278506152

■ 4281258672

■ 4278244007

■ 4282634933

■ 4284011193

■ 4285387453

■ 4286763714

■ 4288139974

■ 4289516234

■ 4290892495

■ 4292268755

# Harmonies

## Analogous

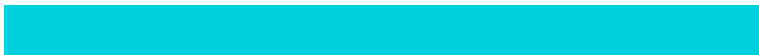
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4286303614



4279882412



4278244061

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4279882412



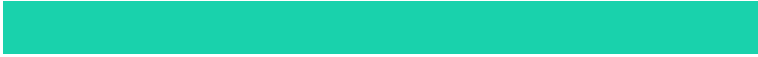
4289442815



4294943344

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4279882412



4291959103

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4294940057



4279882412



4293566709

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4279882412



4282827775



4294939849



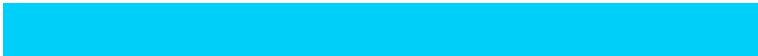
4293047130

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4279882412



4278243577



4294939849



4294942076

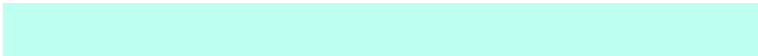


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4279882412



4290641905



4282503705



4283990135



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4279882412



4278255563



4279869138



4284377446



4278233222



4278200608



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4291959103



4294901812



4291972377



4285095520



4289200163

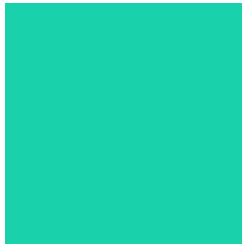


4280877064



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4279882412 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

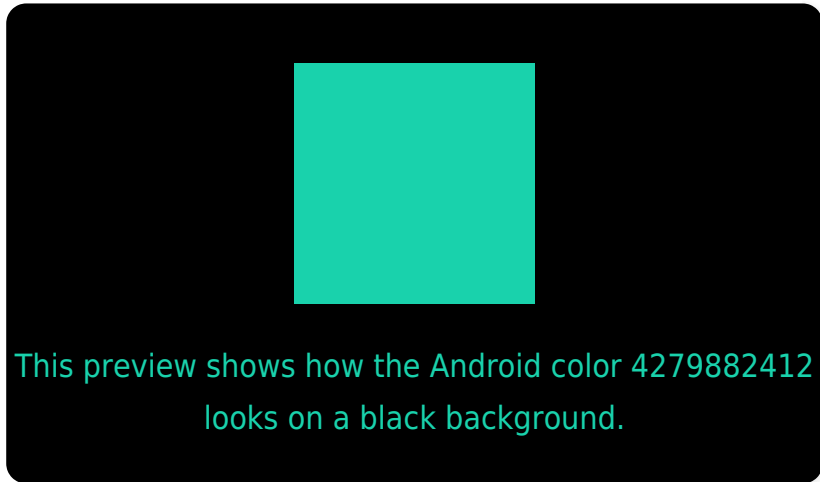
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

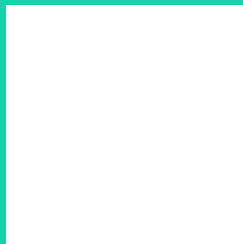
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4279882412 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4279882412.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4279882412.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



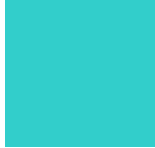
**Original Color**  
4279882412



**Protanomaly**  
4286955940



**Deuteranomaly**  
4287413936



**Tritanomaly**  
4281519819

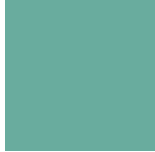
# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4279882412



**Achromatopsia**  
4288059030



**Achromatomaly**  
4285115550

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4279882412 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(25, 210, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(25, 210, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(25, 210, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(25, 210, 172) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4279882412 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(25, 210, 172) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(25, 210, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(25, 210, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(25, 210, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 210, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 210,  
172) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4279882412 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(25, 210, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(25, 210,  
172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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