

# Converting Colors

Android(4279899695)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4279899695) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4279899695)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1A162F
RGB	26, 22, 47
RGB Percent	10%, 9%, 18%
CMY	0.8980, 0.9137, 0.8157
CMYK	0.45, 0.53, 0.00, 0.82
HSL	250°, 36%, 14%
HSV	250°, 53%, 18%
XYZ	1.2260, 0.9987, 2.8175
YIQ	26.0460, -5.6410, 8.6230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

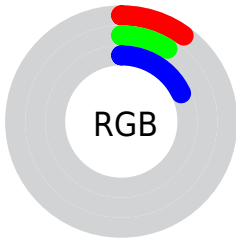
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	26, 22, 47
Decimal	1709615
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	8.98, 9.59, -16.09
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	9, 18.726, 300.795
Yxy	0.9987, 0.2432, 0.1981
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279899695 (0xFF1A162F)
YUV	26.0460, 10.3303, -0.0403
Hunter-Lab	9.9933, 4.4104, -9.7206

# Details

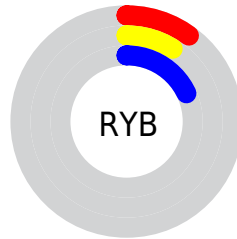
The Android color **4279899695** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000033**. A complement of this color would be **4281020182**, and the grayscale version is **4279900698**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4282859613**, and **4278190080** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4279636271**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4280163119**.

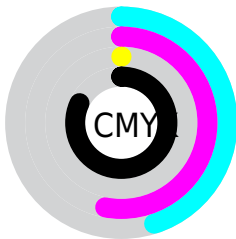
# Distribution



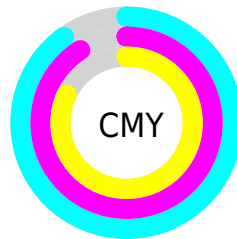
- Red (10%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (82%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (82%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4279899695 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4279899695 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4279899695



4279899695



4294965247



4278190107



4282859613



4278190080



4284438646



4286017680



4287728298



4289504453



4291280865



4293188606



4279899695



4279899695

■ 4279636271

■ 4280163119

■ 4279373103

■ 4280426287

■ 4279109679

■ 4280689711

■ 4278846255

■ 4280953135

■ 4278714415

■ 4281216559

■ 4281479727

■ 4281743151

■ 4282006575

■ 4282269743

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278197042



4279899695



4280881446

# Triad

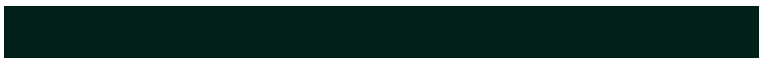
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4279899695



4281013248



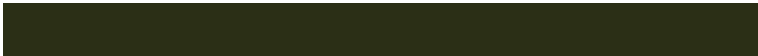
4278198297

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4279899695



4281020182

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278198026



4279899695



4280359168

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



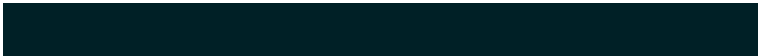
4279899695



4281339658



4279573504



4278198310

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4279899695



4281208350



4279573504



4278198293



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4279899695



4281676605



4279642927



4279900447



4288585374



4280229663



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4279899695



4280030781



4280686127



4279571735



4279107671



4280418518



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4281275947



4282193463



4280233750



4279702807



4283891785



4292214964



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4279899695 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

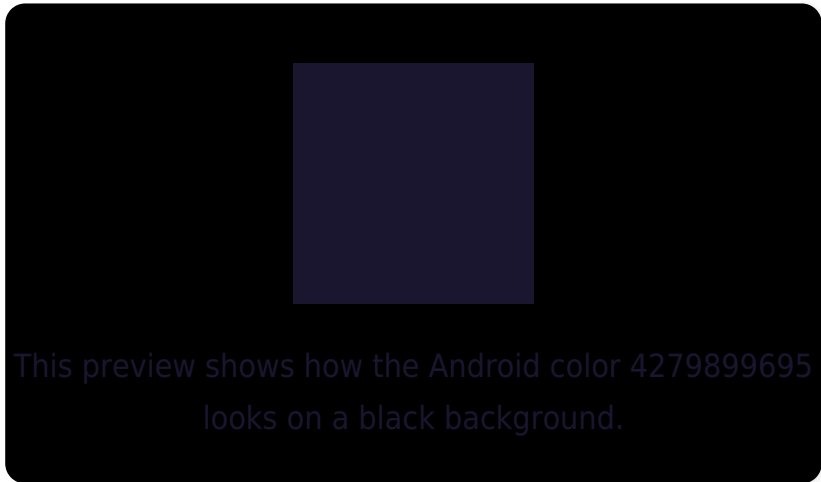
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

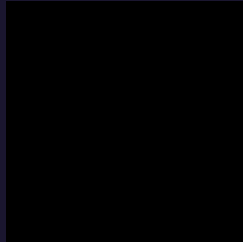
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4279899695 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4279899695.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4279899695.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4279899695

**Protanopia**  
4278917426

**Deuteranopia**  
4278524462



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4279899695

**Protanomaly**

4279244849

**Deuteranomaly**

4279048494

**Tritanomaly**

4279703844

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4279899695

**Achromatopsia**

4279900698

**Achromatomaly**

4279900450

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4279899695 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(26, 22, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(26, 22, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 22, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(26, 22, 47) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4279899695 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(26, 22, 47) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(26, 22, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 22, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(26, 22, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 22, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 22, 47)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4279899695 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(26, 22, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(26, 22,  
47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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