

# Converting Colors

Android(4279910721)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4279910721) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4279910721)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1A4141
RGB	26, 65, 65
RGB Percent	10%, 25%, 25%
CMY	0.8980, 0.7451, 0.7451
CMYK	0.60, 0.00, 0.00, 0.75
HSL	180°, 43%, 18%
HSV	180°, 60%, 25%
XYZ	3.2704, 4.3819, 5.6744
YIQ	53.3390, -23.2440, -8.2680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

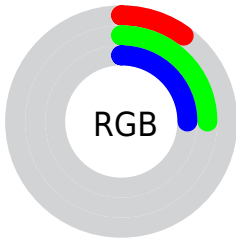
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	26, 46, 65
Decimal	1720641
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	24.90, -13.65, -4.20
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	25, 14.278, 197.088
Yxy	4.3819, 0.2454, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279910721 (0xFF1A4141)
YUV	53.3390, 5.7489, -23.9763
Hunter-Lab	20.9329, -8.7448, -1.4192

# Details

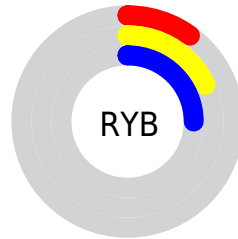
The Android color **4279910721** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **4282456602**, and the grayscale version is **4281677109**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4283068785**, and **4278195991** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4279517505**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4280369473**.

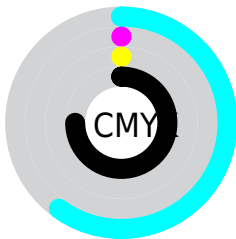
# Distribution



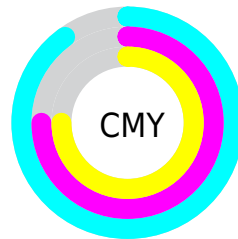
- Red (10%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (75%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (75%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4279910721 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4279910721 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4279910721



4279910721

4294967295



4278266667



4283068785



4278195991



4284713866



4278190080



4286424484



4288135360



4289912027



4291754488



4293656575



4279910721



4279910721

■ 4279517505

■ 4280369473

■ 4279058753

■ 4280762689

■ 4278600001

■ 4281155905

■ 4278206785

■ 4281614657

■ 4282073409

■ 4282466625

■ 4282925377

■ 4283318593

■ 4283777345

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4280566070



4279910721



4279910474

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4279910721



4282660426



4282857766

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4279910721



4282456602

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4283315500



4279910721



4283249728

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4279910721



4281743952



4283511605



4282137638

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4279910721



4280368719



4283511605



4283054120



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4279910721



4282733652



4279910682



4280429355



4289440683



4281019179



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4279910721



4279784532



4279905601



4280164641



4278215009



4278247648



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4282456641



4283701332



4282461466



4280360481



4284547169

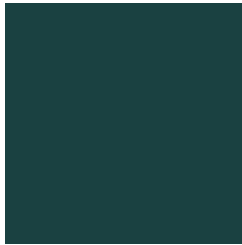


4292870368



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4279910721 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

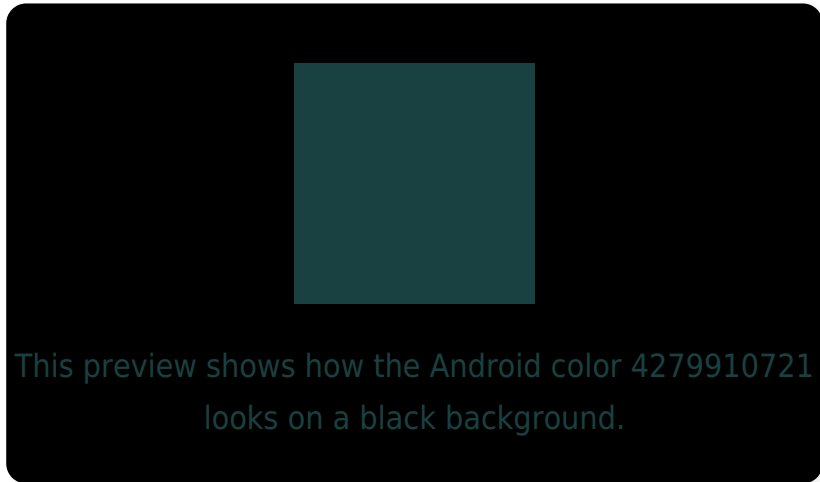
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

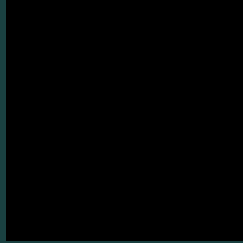
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4279910721 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4279910721.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4279910721.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4279910721

**Protanopia**

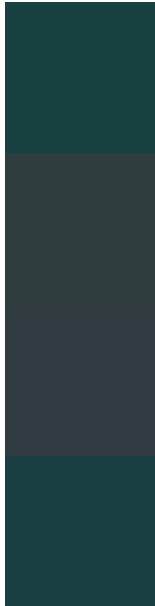
4282071869

**Deuteranopia**

4282202435



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4279910721

**Protanomaly**

4281285950

**Deuteranomaly**

4281351234

**Tritanomaly**

4279976004

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4279910721

**Achromatopsia**

4281677109

**Achromatomaly**

4281022777

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4279910721 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(26, 65, 65)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(26, 65, 65)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 65, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(26, 65, 65) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4279910721 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(26, 65, 65) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(26, 65, 65) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(26, 65, 65)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(26, 65, 65); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 65, 65);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 65, 65)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4279910721 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(26, 65, 65) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(26, 65,  
65) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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