

# Converting Colors

Android(4279911686)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4279911686) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4279911686)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1A4506
RGB	26, 69, 6
RGB Percent	10%, 27%, 2%
CMY	0.8980, 0.7294, 0.9765
CMYK	0.62, 0.00, 0.91, 0.73
HSL	101°, 84%, 15%
HSV	101°, 91%, 27%
XYZ	2.5870, 4.4890, 0.9024
YIQ	48.9610, -5.4050, -28.7090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

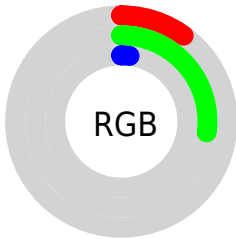
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	6, 69, 49
Decimal	1721606
CIELab	25.23, -27.30, 30.59
CIELCh	25, 40.996, 131.748
Yxy	4.4890, 0.3242, 0.5626
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279911686 (0xFF1A4506)
YUV	48.9610, -21.1798, -20.1368
Hunter-Lab	21.1873, -15.2826, 12.3058

# Details

The Android color **4279911686** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **4281402949**, and the grayscale version is **4281413937**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4283201078**, and **4278196992** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4279649536**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4280239373**.

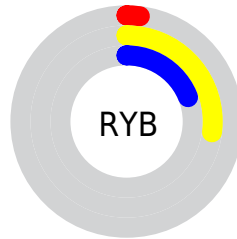
# Distribution



Red (10%)

Green (27%)

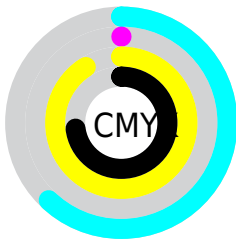
Blue (2%)



Red (2%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (19%)

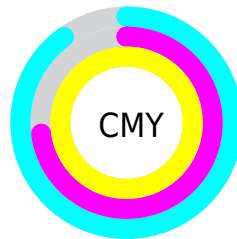


Cyan (62%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (91%)

Black (73%)



Cyan (90%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (98%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4279911686 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4279911686 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4279911686

 4279911686

 4294967277

 4278267392

 4283201078

 4278196992

 4284846157

 4278190080

 4286556774

 4288333440

 4290110106

 4291952565

 4293853137

 4279911686

 4279911686

■ 4279649536

■ 4280239373

■ 4280501524

■ 4280829211

■ 4281156898

■ 4281484585

■ 4281746735

■ 4282074422

■ 4282402109

■ 4282664260

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4282334720



4279911686



4278208551

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4279911686



4278207863



4285667633

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4279911686



4281402949

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4285079120



4279911686



4278205561

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4279911686



4278208869



4283182443



4285211923

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4279911686



4278208829



4283182443



4285601851



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4279911686



4282997057



4282724358



4280561183



4289572269



4281216558



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4279911686



4280047872



4278600976



4280362016



4280312576



4282966784



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4281402949



4282187865



4282713658



4280492068



4282646627

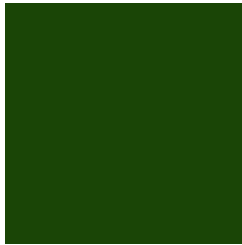


4288348387



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4279911686 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

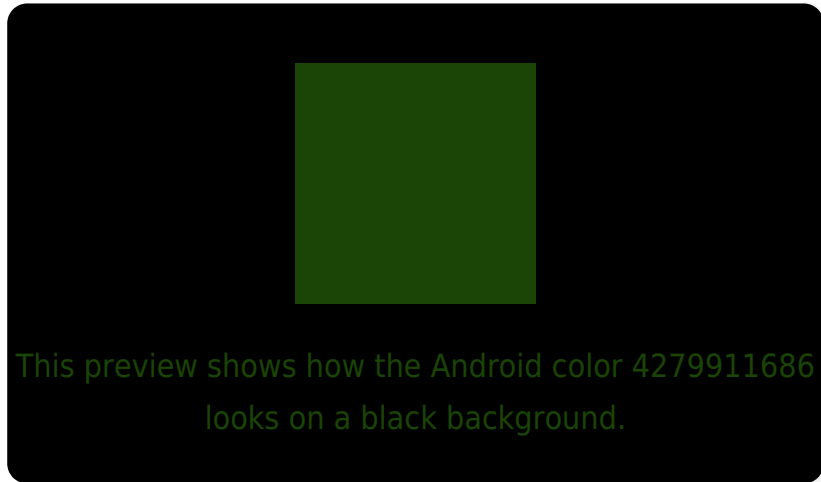
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4279911686 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4279911686.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4279911686.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4279911686

**Protanopia**  
4282661888

**Deuteranopia**  
4283119887



# Trichromacy



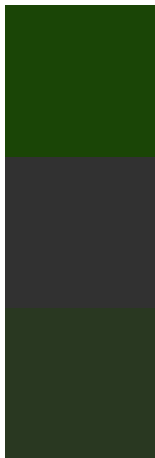
**Original Color**  
4279911686

**Protanomaly**  
4281679618

**Deuteranomaly**  
4281941260

**Tritanomaly**  
4280435246

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4279911686

**Achromatopsia**  
4281413937

**Achromatomaly**  
4280891425

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4279911686 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(26, 69, 6)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(26, 69, 6)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 69, 6) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(26, 69, 6) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4279911686 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(26, 69, 6) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(26, 69, 6) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(26, 69, 6)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(26, 69, 6); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 69, 6); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 69, 6) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4279911686 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(26, 69, 6) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(26, 69,  
6) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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