

# Converting Colors

Android(4279917195)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4279917195) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4279917195)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	1A5A8B
RGB	26, 90, 139
RGB Percent	10%, 35%, 55%
CMY	0.8980, 0.6471, 0.4549
CMYK	0.81, 0.35, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	206°, 68%, 32%
HSV	206°, 81%, 55%
XYZ	8.7424, 9.3960, 25.7789
YIQ	76.4500, -53.8730, 1.6710

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

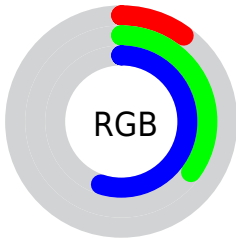
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	26, 67, 139
Decimal	1727115
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	36.74, -1.61, -32.80
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	37, 32.843, 267.192
Yxy	9.3960, 0.1991, 0.2139
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279917195 (0xFF1A5A8B)
YUV	76.4500, 30.8371, -44.2447
Hunter-Lab	30.6529, -2.7335, -28.4055

# Details

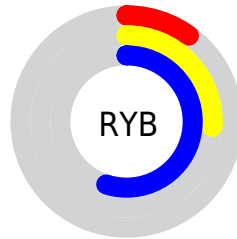
The Android color **4279917195** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **4287318810**, and the grayscale version is **4283190348**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4284058817**, and **4278201689** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4278998155**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4280836235**.

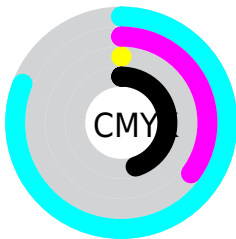
# Distribution



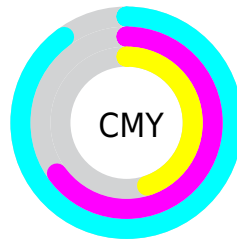
- Red (10%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (45%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4279917195 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4279917195 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4279917195



4279917195

4294967295



4278207345



4284058817



4278201689



4285900509



4278196545



4287742458



4278190890



4289650175



4278190357



4291492351



4278190080



4293459967



4279917195



4279917195



4278998155



4280836235

■ 4278210443

■ 4281755275

■ 4282674315

■ 4283593355

■ 4284446859

■ 4285365899

■ 4286284939

■ 4287203979

■ 4288123019

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278214786



4279917195



4283715717

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4279917195



4287054400



4281098553

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4279917195



4287318810

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4283325477



4279917195



4286335530

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4279917195



4286922842



4285027360



4278215507

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4279917195



4285286779



4285027360



4281950257



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4279917195



4287275701



4279929675



4282470492



4292598747



4284243036



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4279917195



4278479029



4279902859



4282270277



4278209413



4278190853



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4287306330



4290053224



4287333146



4282728002



4286906443



4278517763



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4279917195 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

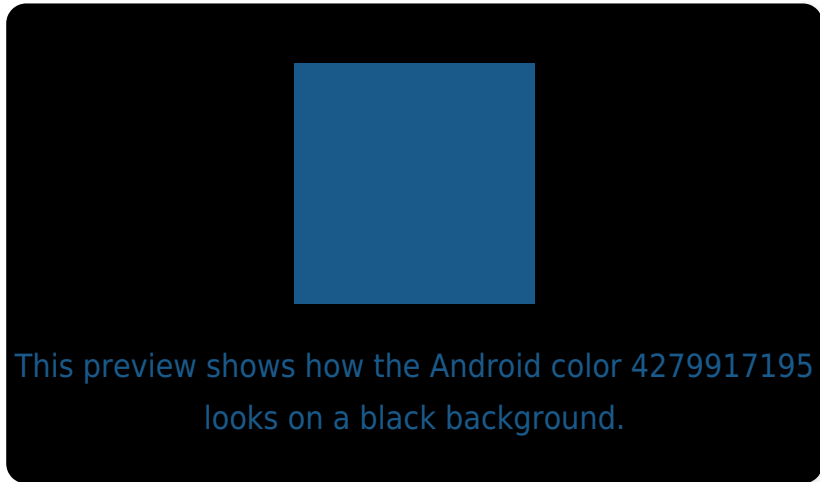
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4279917195 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4279917195.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4279917195.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4279917195

**Protanopia**  
4282668422

**Deuteranopia**  
4281751180



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4279917195

**Protanomaly**  
4281685896

**Deuteranomaly**  
4281096076

**Tritanomaly**  
4278804084

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4279917195

**Achromatopsia**  
4283190348

**Achromatomaly**  
4282012003

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4279917195 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(26, 90, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(26, 90, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 90, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(26, 90, 139) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4279917195 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(26, 90, 139) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(26, 90, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(26, 90, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(26, 90, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 90, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 90,  
139) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4279917195 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(26, 90, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(26, 90,  
139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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