

# Converting Colors

Android(4279919664)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4279919664) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4279919664)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1A6430
RGB	26, 100, 48
RGB Percent	10%, 39%, 19%
CMY	0.8980, 0.6078, 0.8118
CMYK	0.74, 0.00, 0.52, 0.61
HSL	138°, 59%, 25%
HSV	138°, 74%, 39%
XYZ	5.5167, 9.5474, 4.3484
YIQ	71.9460, -27.4120, -31.8600

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

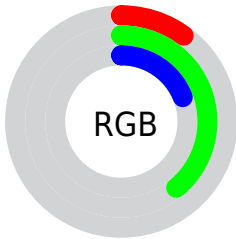
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	26, 83, 100
Decimal	1729584
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	37.02, -34.93, 23.05
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	37, 41.851, 146.586
Yxy	9.5474, 0.2842, 0.4918
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279919664 (0xFF1A6430)
YUV	71.9460, -11.8054, -40.2946
Hunter-Lab	30.8988, -22.2035, 13.2853

# Details

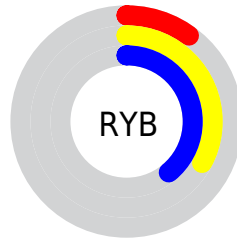
The Android color **4279919664** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **4284750414**, and the grayscale version is **4282927176**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4283537503**, and **4278203394** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4279264297**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4280575031**.

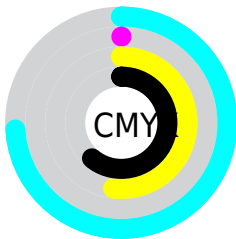
# Distribution



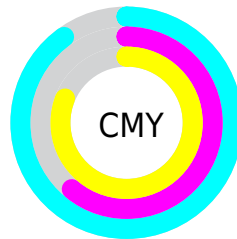
- Red (10%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (61%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (81%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4279919664 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4279919664 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4279919664



4279919664

4294967295



4278209306



4283537503



4278203394



4285313912



4278198272



4287025042



4278190080



4288867245



4290707400



4292542437



4294443007



4279919664



4279919664

■ 4279264297

■ 4280575031

■ 4278608930

■ 4281230398

■ 4278215710

■ 4281885765

■ 4282541132

■ 4283196499

■ 4283851866

■ 4284507233

■ 4285162600

■ 4285817967

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283129364



4279919664



4278216530

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4279919664



4278213786



4287838779

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4279919664



4284750414

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4287706972



4279919664



4283453588

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4279919664



4278215823



4286333309



4286924574

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4279919664



4278216553



4286333309



4287903814



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4279919664



4284842606



4283393050



4281418294



4290953922



4282532418



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4279919664



4279140913



4279919700



4281217839



4278219554



4278252104



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4284750414



4286713440



4284750378



4281544241



4285726801

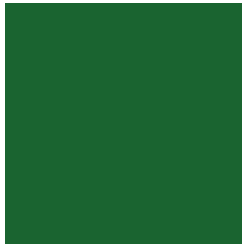


4294049962



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4279919664 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

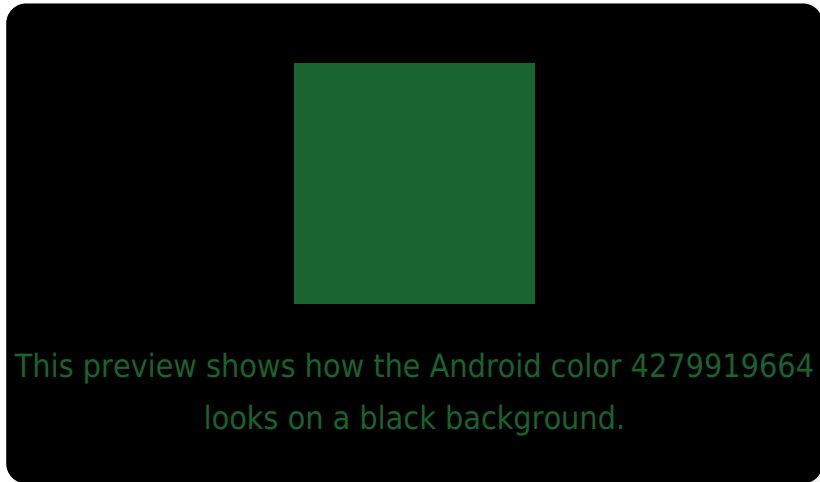
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4279919664 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4279919664.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4279919664.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4279919664

**Protanopia**  
4284503852

**Deuteranopia**  
4285092660



# Trichromacy



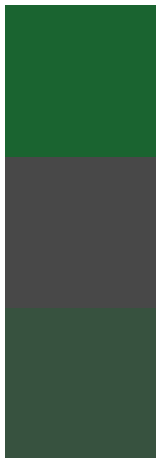
**Original Color**  
4279919664

**Protanomaly**  
4282866733

**Deuteranomaly**  
4283193651

**Tritanomaly**  
4280705106

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4279919664

**Achromatopsia**  
4282927176

**Achromatomaly**  
4281815615

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4279919664 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(26, 100, 48)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(26, 100, 48)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 100, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(26, 100, 48) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4279919664 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(26, 100, 48) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(26, 100, 48) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(26, 100, 48)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(26, 100, 48); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 100, 48);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 100,  
48) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4279919664 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(26, 100, 48) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(26, 100,  
48) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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