

# Converting Colors

Android(4279977486)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4279977486) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4279977486)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1B460E
RGB	27, 70, 14
RGB Percent	11%, 27%, 5%
CMY	0.8941, 0.7255, 0.9451
CMYK	0.61, 0.00, 0.80, 0.73
HSL	106°, 67%, 16%
HSV	106°, 80%, 27%
XYZ	2.7214, 4.6450, 1.1686
YIQ	50.7590, -7.6520, -26.5320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

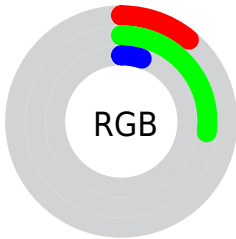
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	14, 70, 57
Decimal	1787406
CIELab	25.70, -26.77, 27.78
CIELCh	26, 38.578, 133.943
Yxy	4.6450, 0.3189, 0.5442
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279977486 (0xFF1B460E)
YUV	50.7590, -18.1222, -20.8366
Hunter-Lab	21.5523, -15.1774, 11.8718

# Details

The Android color **4279977486** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **4281929286**, and the grayscale version is **4281545523**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4283201340**, and **4278197248** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4279649799**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4280305173**.

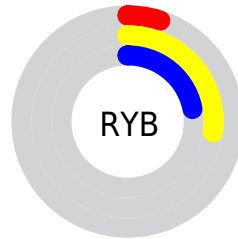
# Distribution



Red (11%)

Green (27%)

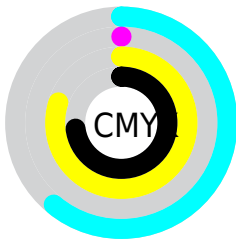
Blue (5%)



Red (5%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (22%)

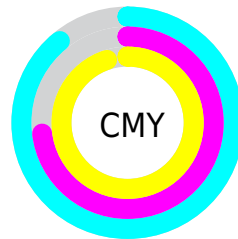


Cyan (61%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (80%)

Black (73%)



Cyan (89%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (95%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4279977486 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4279977486 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4279977486

 4279977486

 4294967284

 4278464256

 4283201340

 4278197248

 4284846420

 4278190080

 4286557036

 4288333702

 4290110369

 4291952572

 4293853144

 4279977486

 4279977486

■ 4279649799

■ 4280305173

■ 4279256576

■ 4280698396

■ 4281026083

■ 4281419306

■ 4281746993

■ 4282074680

■ 4282467903

■ 4282795590

■ 4283123277

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4282269696



4279977486



4278208812

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4279977486



4278207861



4285603377

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4279977486



4281929286

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4285079886



4279977486



4279450742

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4279977486



4278208869



4283379303



4285081877

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4279977486



4278209088



4283379303



4285537594



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4279977486



4283128902



4282792206



4280561185



4289572269



4281216558



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4279977486



4279786500



4279125533



4280362016



4279722752



4281721600



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4281929286



4282844252



4282781239



4280492068



4283170915



4289593571



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4279977486 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

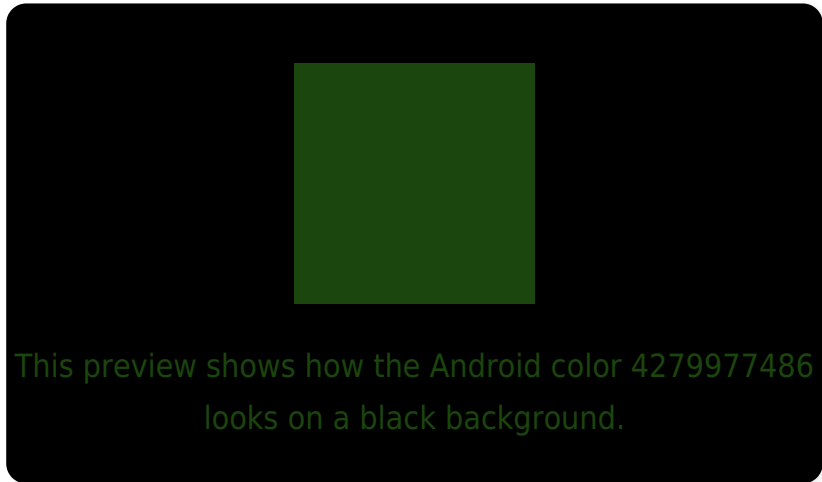
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4279977486 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4279977486.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4279977486.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4279977486

**Protanopia**

4282727692

**Deuteranopia**

4283185684



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4279977486

**Protanomaly**

4281745421

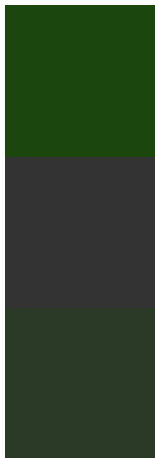
**Deuteranomaly**

4282007058

**Tritanomaly**

4280435506

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4279977486

**Achromatopsia**

4281545523

**Achromatomaly**

4280957478

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4279977486 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(27, 70, 14)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(27, 70, 14)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(27, 70, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(27, 70, 14) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4279977486 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(27, 70, 14) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(27, 70, 14) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(27, 70, 14)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(27, 70, 14); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 70, 14);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 70, 14)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4279977486 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(27, 70, 14) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(27, 70,  
14) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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