

# Converting Colors

Android(4280042607)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4280042607) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4280042607)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1C446F
RGB	28, 68, 111
RGB Percent	11%, 27%, 44%
CMY	0.8902, 0.7333, 0.5647
CMYK	0.75, 0.39, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	211°, 60%, 27%
HSV	211°, 75%, 44%
XYZ	5.4153, 5.5288, 15.8207
YIQ	60.9420, -37.6430, 4.8930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

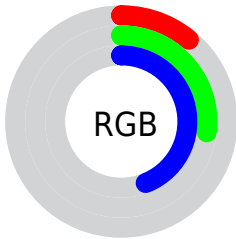
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	28, 55, 111
Decimal	1852527
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	28.19, 1.92, -28.95
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	28, 29.016, 273.789
Yxy	5.5288, 0.2023, 0.2066
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280042607 (0xFF1C446F)
<b>YUV</b>	60.9420, 24.6786, -28.8901
Hunter-Lab	23.5134, -0.0391, -23.4330




# Details

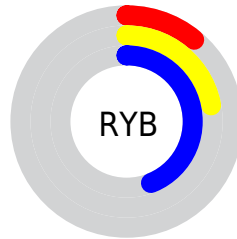
The Android color `4280042607` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `003366`. A complement of this color would be `4285482780`, and the grayscale version is `4282203453`.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4283724963`, and `4278196799` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4279320175`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4280765039`.

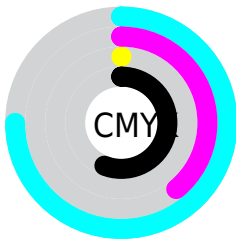
# Distribution







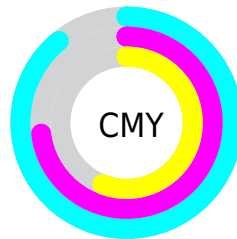
-  Red (11%)
-  Green (27%)
-  Blue (44%)






-  Red (11%)
-  Yellow (22%)
-  Blue (44%)



-  Cyan (75%)
-  Magenta (39%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (56%)



-  Cyan (89%)
-  Magenta (73%)
-  Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4280042607 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4280042607 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4280042607



4280042607

4294967295



4278201942



4283724963



4278196799



4285435326



4278190889



4287211738



4278190355



4289053687



4278190080



4290895871



4292738047



4294639615



4280042607



4280042607

■ 4279320175

■ 4280765039

■ 4278597743

■ 4281487471

■ 4278203759

■ 4282209647

■ 4282932079

■ 4283654511

■ 4284442479

■ 4285164655

■ 4285887087

■ 4286609519

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278209130



4280042607



4282858344

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4280042607



4285149739



4279585838

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4280042607



4285482780

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4281681947



4280042607



4284430874

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4280042607



4285214529



4283187731



4278210117

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4280042607



4284036445



4283187731



4280437543



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4280042607



4285628817



4280053575



4281811018



4291414473



4283058762



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4280042607



4279193233



4280097903



4281480504



4278205048



4278220791



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4285471812



4287696718



4285427484



4281872949



4286054458



4294377591



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4280042607 looks on a white background.

### Color Contrast Check

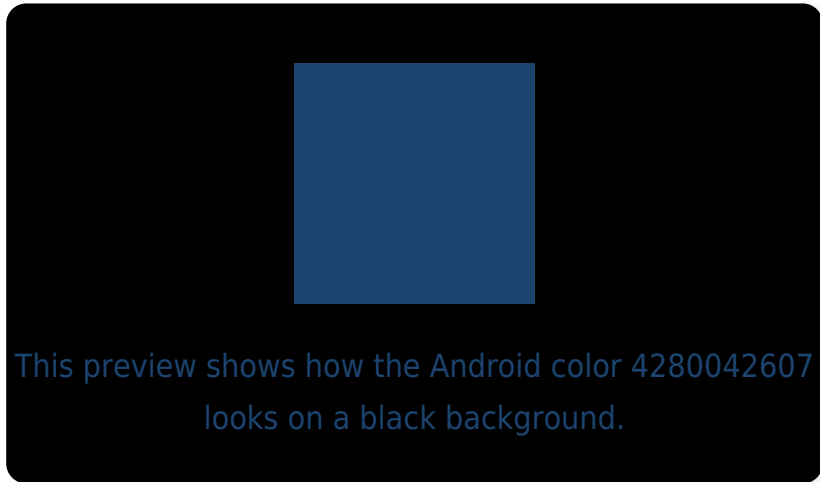
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4280042607 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4280042607.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4280042607.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4280042607

**Protanopia**

4281418092

**Deuteranopia**

4280566639



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4280042607

**Protanomaly**  
4280894061

**Deuteranomaly**  
4280370031

**Tritanomaly**  
4278863963

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4280042607

**Achromatopsia**  
4282203453

**Achromatomaly**  
4281417807

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4280042607 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(28, 68, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(28, 68, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 68, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(28, 68, 111) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4280042607 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(28, 68, 111) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(28, 68, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 68, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(28, 68, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 68, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 68,  
111) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4280042607 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(28, 68, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(28, 68,  
111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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