

# Converting Colors

Android(4280051083)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4280051083) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4280051083)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1C658B
RGB	28, 101, 139
RGB Percent	11%, 40%, 55%
CMY	0.8902, 0.6039, 0.4549
CMYK	0.80, 0.27, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	201°, 66%, 33%
HSV	201°, 80%, 55%
XYZ	9.7928, 11.4183, 26.1139
YIQ	83.5050, -55.7060, -3.6580

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

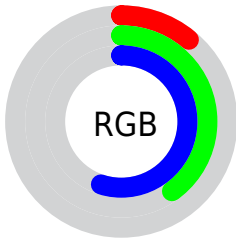
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	28, 72, 139
Decimal	1861003
CIE Lab	40.28, -8.17, -27.23
CIE LCh	40, 28.432, 253.302
Yxy	11.4183, 0.2069, 0.2413
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280051083 (0xFF1C658B)
YUV	83.5050, 27.3590, -48.6779
Hunter-Lab	33.7910, -7.4042, -22.1660

# Details

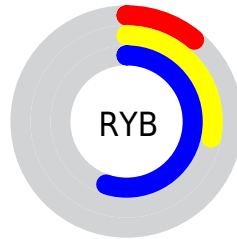
The Android color `4280051083` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `006699`. A complement of this color would be `4287316508`, and the grayscale version is `4283650899`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4284192961`, and `4278203993` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4279132299`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4280969867`.

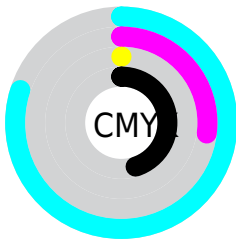
# Distribution



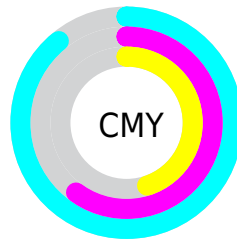
- Red (11%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (45%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4280051083 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4280051083 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4280051083



4280051083

4294967295



4278209905



4284192961



4278203993



4286034909



4278198593



4287876857



4278191403



4289719039



4278190357



4291624959



4278190080



4293525503



4280051083



4280051083



4279132299



4280969867

■ 4278213515

■ 4281888651

■ 4282807179

■ 4283725963

■ 4284644747

■ 4285497995

■ 4286416523

■ 4287335307

■ 4288254091

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278217086



4280051083



4283260556

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4280051083



4287384661



4283066172

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4280051083



4287316508

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4284703025



4280051083



4287058240

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4280051083



4286860909



4286142770



4280969809

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4280051083



4284831878



4286142770



4283655479



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4280051083



4287276725



4280060737



4282471260



4292598747



4284243036



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4280051083



4278680245



4280037259



4282270277



4278212485



4278190853



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4287306853



4290054010



4287330588



4282728002



4286906455



4278517763



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4280051083 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

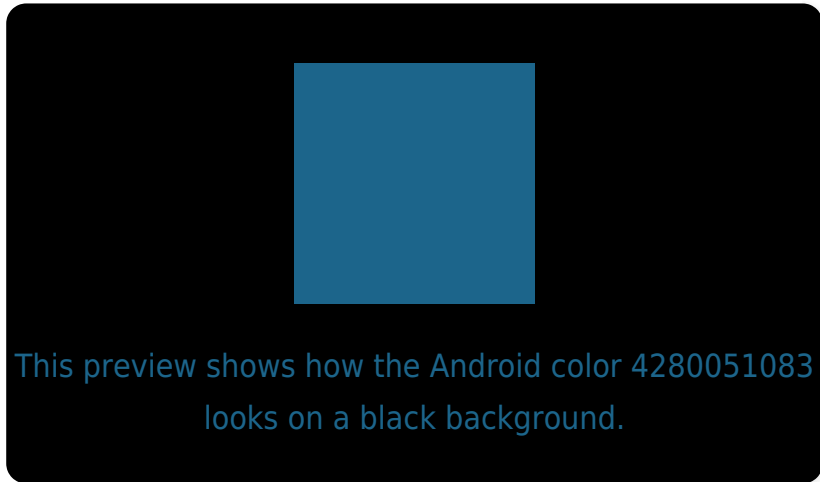
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

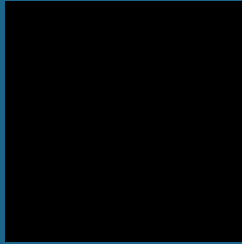
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4280051083 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4280051083.

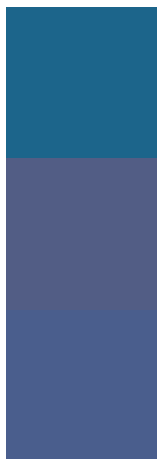


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4280051083.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4280051083

**Protanopia**

4283587973

**Deuteranopia**

4283063949



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4280051083

**Protanomaly**  
4282278023

**Deuteranomaly**  
4281950604

**Tritanomaly**  
4278872186

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4280051083

**Achromatopsia**  
4283716692

**Achromatomaly**  
4282407528

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4280051083 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(28, 101, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(28, 101, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 101, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(28, 101, 139) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4280051083 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(28, 101, 139) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(28, 101, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(28, 101, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(28, 101, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 101, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 101,  
139) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4280051083 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(28, 101, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(28, 101,  
139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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