

# Converting Colors

Android(4280096338)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4280096338) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4280096338)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1D1652
RGB	29, 22, 82
RGB Percent	11%, 9%, 32%
CMY	0.8863, 0.9137, 0.6784
CMYK	0.65, 0.73, 0.00, 0.68
HSL	247°, 58%, 20%
HSV	247°, 73%, 32%
XYZ	2.3166, 1.4442, 8.1393
YIQ	30.9330, -15.0880, 20.1440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

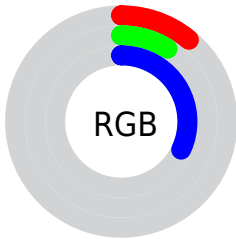
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	29, 22, 82
Decimal	1906258
CIELab	12.25, 23.21, -35.55
CIELCh	12, 42.450, 303.138
Yxy	1.4442, 0.1947, 0.1214
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280096338 (0xFF1D1652)
YUV	30.9330, 25.1760, -1.6952
Hunter-Lab	12.0176, 13.3781, -31.7438

# Details

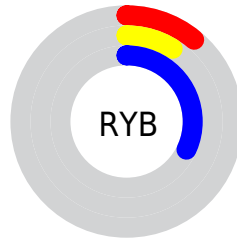
The Android color **4280096338** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000033**. A complement of this color would be **4283126294**, and the grayscale version is **4280229663**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4283449732**, and **4278190628** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4279635538**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4280557138**.

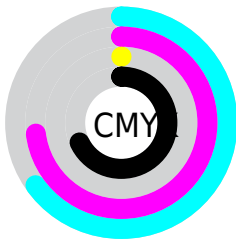
# Distribution



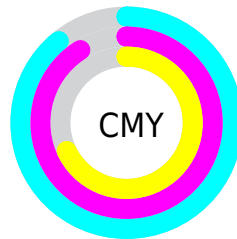
- Red (11%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (68%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (68%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4280096338 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4280096338 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4280096338

 4280096338

 4294965759

 4278583355

 4283449732

 4278190628

 4285159839

 4278190092

 4286870202

 4278190080

 4288646102

 4290488050

 4292329983

 4294237695

 4280096338

 4280096338

■ 4279635538

■ 4280557138

■ 4279174738

■ 4281017938

■ 4278845522

■ 4281544530

■ 4282005330

■ 4282466130

■ 4282926930

■ 4283453266

■ 4283914322

■ 4284375122

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278199388



4280096338



4282581051

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4280096338



4282192640



4278201378

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4280096338



4283126294

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278200832



4280096338



4280688640

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4280096338



4283236352



4278462208



4278201408

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4280096338



4283301928



4278462208



4278201368



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4280096338



4283847787



4279651154



4280887350



4290098613



4281742902



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4280096338



4279766379



4282062418



4280624425



4278976617



4279959784



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4283569739



4285205856



4281160214



4280886568



4285071452



4293394637



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4280096338 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

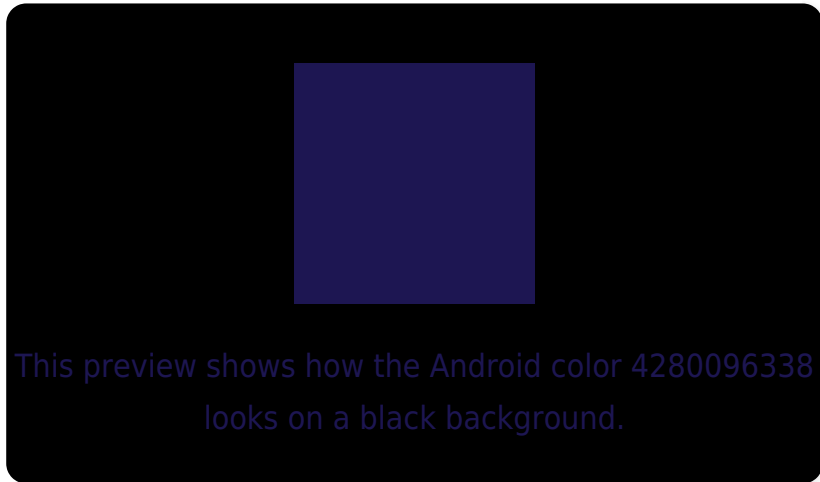
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

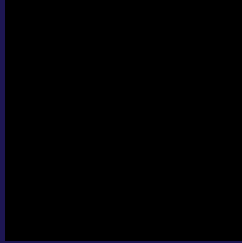
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4280096338 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4280096338.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4280096338.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4280096338

**Protanopia**  
4278198339

**Deuteranopia**  
4278198841



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4280096338

**Protanomaly**  
4278918216

**Deuteranomaly**  
4278918722

**Tritanomaly**  
4278918967

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4280096338

**Achromatopsia**  
4280229663

**Achromatomaly**  
4280163378

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4280096338 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(29, 22, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(29, 22, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(29, 22, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(29, 22, 82) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4280096338 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(29, 22, 82) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(29, 22, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(29, 22, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(29, 22, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 22, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 22, 82)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4280096338 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(29, 22, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(29, 22,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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