

# Converting Colors

Android(4280097565)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4280097565) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4280097565)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1D1B1D
RGB	29, 27, 29
RGB Percent	11%, 11%, 11%
CMY	0.8863, 0.8941, 0.8863
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.00, 0.89
HSL	300°, 4%, 11%
HSV	300°, 7%, 11%
XYZ	1.1204, 1.1338, 1.3222
YIQ	27.8260, 0.5500, 1.0460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	29, 27, 29
Decimal	1907485
CIE Lab	10.06, 1.47, -1.04
CIE LCh	10, 1.798, 324.673
Yxy	1.1338, 0.3133, 0.3170
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280097565 (0xFF1D1B1D)
YUV	27.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296
Hunter-Lab	10.6479, 0.1483, 0.0913

# Details

The Android color **4280097565** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **4279967003**, and the grayscale version is **4280032284**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4282926664**, and **4278190080** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4280096797**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4280098333**.

# Distribution



Red (11%)

Green (11%)

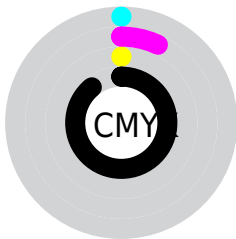
Blue (11%)



Red (11%)

Yellow (11%)

Blue (11%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (89%)



Cyan (89%)

Magenta (89%)

Yellow (89%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4280097565 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4280097565 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4280097565



4280097565

4294967039



4278386691



4282926664



4278190080



4284505696



4286150265



4287860883



4289571501



4291348168



4293255909



4280097565



4280097565

■ 4280096797

■ 4280098333

■ 4280096029

■ 4280099101

■ 4280095261

■ 4280099869

■ 4280094493

■ 4280100637

■ 4280093981

■ 4280101405

■ 4280093213

■ 4280101917

■ 4280092445

■ 4280102685

■ 4280091677

■ 4280103453

■ 4280090909

■ 4280104221

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4280032030



4280097565



4280163100

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4280097565



4280097561



4279835677

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4280097565



4279967003

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4279835675



4280097565



4280032281

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4280097565



4280163098



4279901210



4279835678

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4280097565



4280163099



4279901210



4279835676



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4280097565



4280689958



4279966493



4279505940



4287927444

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4280097565



4280689446



4280097564



4279176719



4283367503



4291756239



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4280097565



4280689446



4279967004



4279176719



4283367503

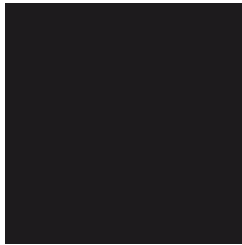


4291756239



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4280097565 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

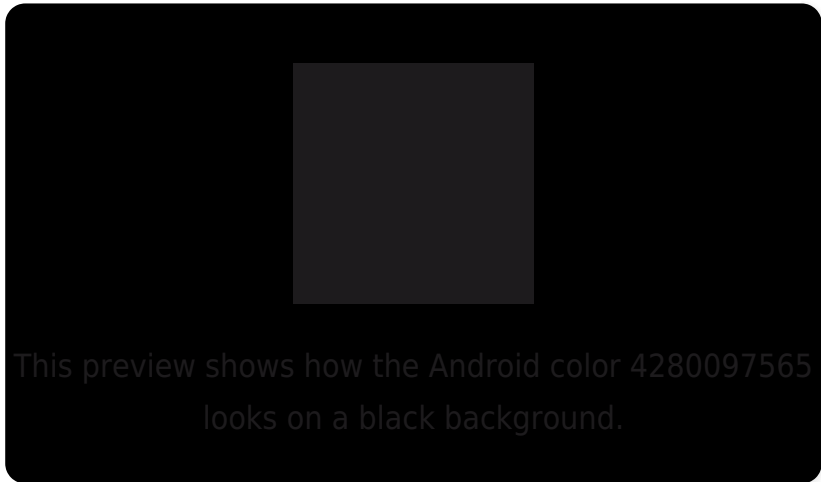
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

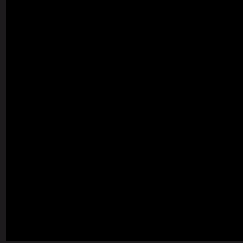
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

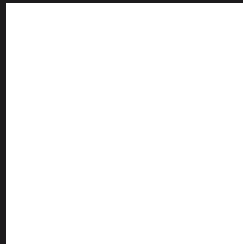
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# Android 4280097565 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4280097565.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4280097565.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4280097565

**Protanopia**  
4280032029

**Deuteranopia**  
4280163101



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4280097565

**Protanomaly**

4280032029

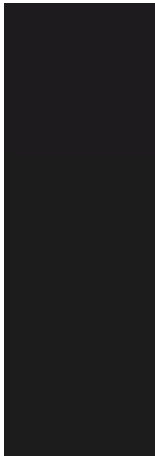
**Deuteranomaly**

4280163101

**Tritanomaly**

4280097565

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4280097565

**Achromatopsia**

4280032284

**Achromatomaly**

4280032284

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4280097565 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(29, 27, 29)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(29, 27, 29)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(29, 27, 29) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(29, 27, 29) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4280097565 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(29, 27, 29) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(29, 27, 29) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(29, 27, 29)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(29, 27, 29); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 27, 29);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 27, 29)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4280097565 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(29, 27, 29) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(29, 27,  
29) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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