

# Converting Colors

Android(4280102423)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4280102423) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4280102423)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1D2E17
RGB	29, 46, 23
RGB Percent	11%, 18%, 9%
CMY	0.8863, 0.8196, 0.9098
CMYK	0.37, 0.00, 0.50, 0.82
HSL	104°, 33%, 14%
HSV	104°, 50%, 18%
XYZ	1.6383, 2.2771, 1.1638
YIQ	38.2950, -2.7490, -10.7570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

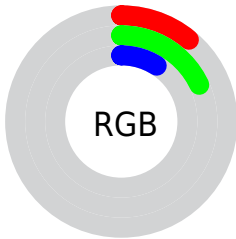
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	23, 46, 40
Decimal	1912343
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	16.88, -12.56, 12.63
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	17, 17.813, 134.835
Yxy	2.2771, 0.3226, 0.4483
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280102423 (0xFF1D2E17)
YUV	38.2950, -7.5404, -8.1517
Hunter-Lab	15.0899, -7.0273, 5.9903

# Details

The Android color **4280102423** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **4280817454**, and the grayscale version is **4280690214**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4283063362**, and **4278190080** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4279905810**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4280299036**.

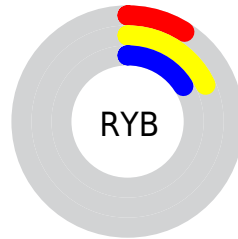
# Distribution



 Red (11%)

 Green (18%)

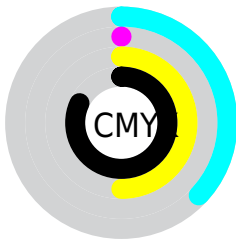
 Blue (9%)



 Red (9%)

 Yellow (18%)

 Blue (16%)

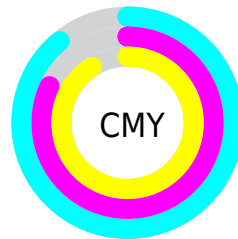


 Cyan (37%)

 Magenta (0%)

 Yellow (50%)

 Black (82%)



 Cyan (89%)

 Magenta (82%)

 Yellow (91%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4280102423 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4280102423 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4280102423

 4280102423

 4294967290

 4278589952

 4283063362


 4278190080

 4284642650

 4286287474

 4287998348

 4289709222

 4291551425

 4293393885

 4280102423

 4280102423

■ 4279905810

■ 4280299036

■ 4279643662

■ 4280561184

■ 4279447049

■ 4280757797

■ 4279184901

■ 4281019945

■ 4278988288

■ 4281216558

■ 4281413171

■ 4281675319

■ 4281871932

■ 4282134080

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4281019152



4280102423



4278857763

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4280102423



4278463810



4282523428

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4280102423



4280817454

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4282261553



4280102423



4280297794

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4280102423



4278202171



4281541692



4282327576

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4280102423



4278202411



4281541692



4282457896



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4280102423



4281613106



4281214999



4279967513



4288585374



4280229663



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4280102423



4280367895



4279709212



4279572245



4279719680



4281914880



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4280817454



4281407291



4281210665



4279637271



4282384471



4288544982



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4280102423 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

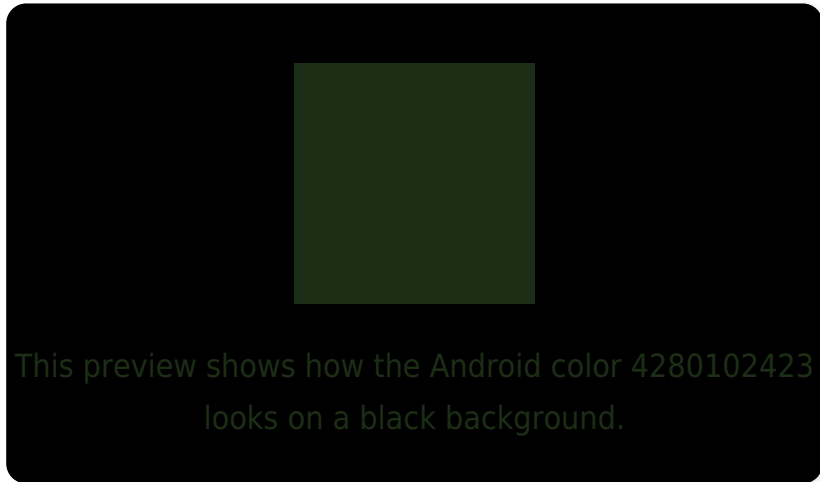
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

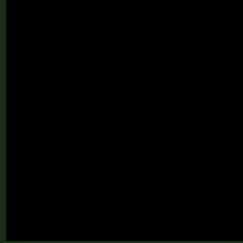
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4280102423 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4280102423.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4280102423.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



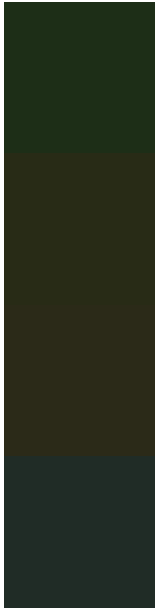
**Original Color**  
4280102423

**Protanopia**  
4281215510

**Deuteranopia**  
4281542681



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4280102423

**Protanomaly**

4280822550

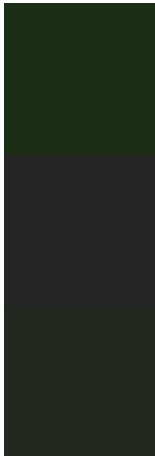
**Deuteranomaly**

4281018904

**Tritanomaly**

4280298534

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4280102423

**Achromatopsia**

4280690214

**Achromatomaly**

4280494369

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4280102423 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(29, 46, 23) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(29, 46, 23)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(29, 46, 23) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(29, 46, 23) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4280102423 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(29, 46, 23) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(29, 46, 23) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(29, 46, 23)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(29, 46, 23); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 46, 23);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 46, 23)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4280102423 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(29, 46, 23) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(29, 46,  
23) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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