

# Converting Colors

Android(4280120361)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4280120361) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4280120361)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1D7429
RGB	29, 116, 41
RGB Percent	11%, 45%, 16%
CMY	0.8863, 0.5451, 0.8392
CMYK	0.75, 0.00, 0.65, 0.55
HSL	128°, 60%, 28%
HSV	128°, 75%, 45%
XYZ	7.1523, 12.9121, 4.2131
YIQ	81.4370, -27.7770, -41.7690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

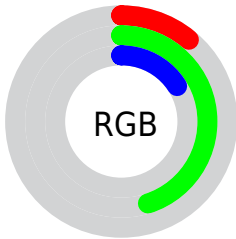
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	29, 105, 116
Decimal	1930281
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	42.63, -41.63, 33.44
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	43, 53.394, 141.222
Yxy	12.9121, 0.2946, 0.5319
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280120361 (0xFF1D7429)
YUV	81.4370, -19.9354, -45.9872
Hunter-Lab	35.9334, -27.3541, 18.2017

# Details

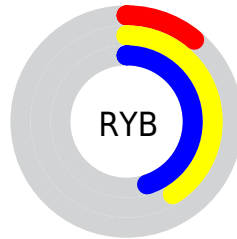
The Android color `4280120361` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `006600`. A complement of this color would be `4285799784`, and the grayscale version is `4283585106`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4283935065`, and `4278206976` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4279333919`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4280906803`.

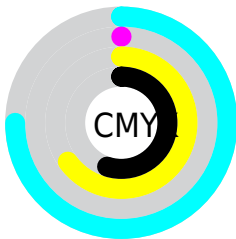
# Distribution



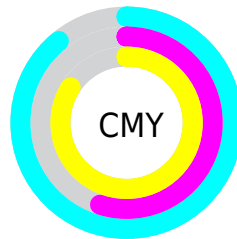
- Red (11%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (84%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4280120361 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4280120361 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4280120361



4280120361

4294967295



4278213393



4283935065



4278206976



4285777267



4278201344



4287553933



4278194432



4289396392



4278190080



4291297219



4293197791



4294967292



4280120361



4280120361

■ 4279333919

■ 4280906803

■ 4278613013

■ 4281627709

■ 4278219792

■ 4282414151

■ 4283135057

■ 4283921499

■ 4284707941

■ 4285428847

■ 4286215289

■ 4286936195

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4284181504



4280120361



4278220886

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4280120361



4278218428



4289870152

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4280120361



4285799784

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4289542260



4280120361



4282933175

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4280120361



4278220457



4287449756



4288891679

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4280120361



4278221173



4287449756



4289934934



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4280120361



4285830777



4285035549



4281814330



4291611852



4283256141



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4280120361



4279211554



4280120404



4281678646



4278221329



4278254114



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4285799784



4288024452



4285799741



4282070330



4286185578

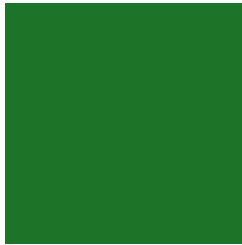


4294574295



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4280120361 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

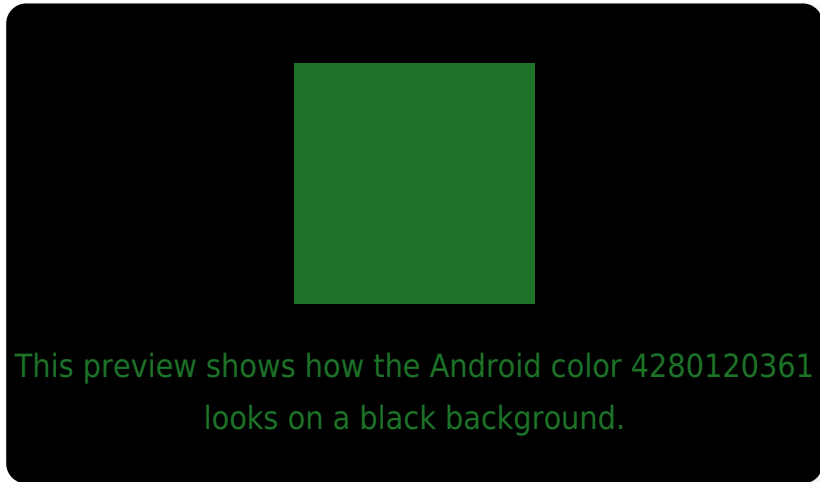
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

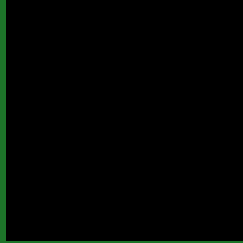
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4280120361 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4280120361.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4280120361.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4280120361

**Protanopia**  
4285555749

**Deuteranopia**  
4286340911



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4280120361

**Protanomaly**  
4283591206

**Deuteranomaly**  
4284049197

**Tritanomaly**  
4281167961

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4280120361

**Achromatopsia**  
4283519313

**Achromatomaly**  
4282277442

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4280120361 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(29, 116, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(29, 116, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(29, 116, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(29, 116, 41) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4280120361 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(29, 116, 41) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(29, 116, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(29, 116, 41)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(29, 116, 41); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 116, 41);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 116,  
41) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4280120361 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(29, 116, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(29, 116,  
41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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