

# Converting Colors

Android(4280189703)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4280189703) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4280189703)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1E8307
RGB	30, 131, 7
RGB Percent	12%, 51%, 3%
CMY	0.8824, 0.4863, 0.9725
CMYK	0.77, 0.00, 0.95, 0.49
HSL	109°, 90%, 27%
HSV	109°, 95%, 51%
XYZ	8.6901, 16.5240, 2.9324
YIQ	86.6650, -20.3920, -59.9760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

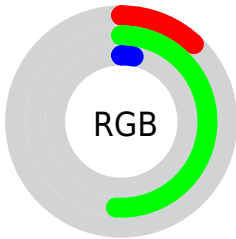
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	7, 131, 108
Decimal	1999623
CIELab	47.65, -49.12, 49.80
CIELCh	48, 69.950, 134.608
Yxy	16.5240, 0.3087, 0.5871
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280189703 (0xFF1E8307)
YUV	86.6650, -39.2748, -49.6952
Hunter-Lab	40.6497, -32.9773, 24.1776

# Details

The Android color **4280189703** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339933**. A complement of this color would be **4285269891**, and the grayscale version is **4283914071**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4284397892**, and **4278210560** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4279796480**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4280910612**.

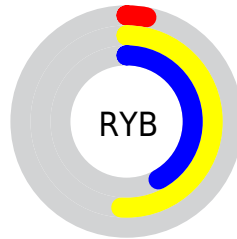
# Distribution



Red (12%)

Green (51%)

Blue (3%)



Red (3%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (42%)

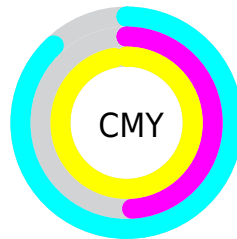


Cyan (77%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (95%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (88%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (97%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4280189703 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4280189703 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4280189703



4280189703

4294967295



4278216960



4284397892



4278210560



4286240094



4278204416



4288148088



4278198784



4289986451



4278190080



4291887023



4293853131



4294967272



4280189703



4280189703

■ 4279796480

■ 4280910612

■ 4281565985

■ 4282286894

■ 4283007803

■ 4283663177

■ 4284384086

■ 4285104995

■ 4285760368

■ 4286481277

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4285495040



4280189703



4278225231

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4280189703



4278223332



4292290135

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4280189703



4285269891

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4291374738



4280189703



4278218725

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4280189703



4278225347



4288041670



4291249438

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4280189703



4278225529



4288041670



4292223595



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4280189703



4286884731



4286802439



4282341177



4292269782



4283914071



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4280189703



4280331008



4278682412



4282204732



4279796224



4278190848



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4285269891



4287299755



4286777182



4282465346



4285137026

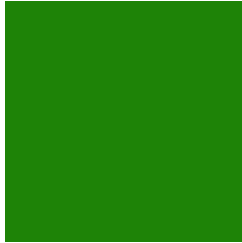


4278321155



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4280189703 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

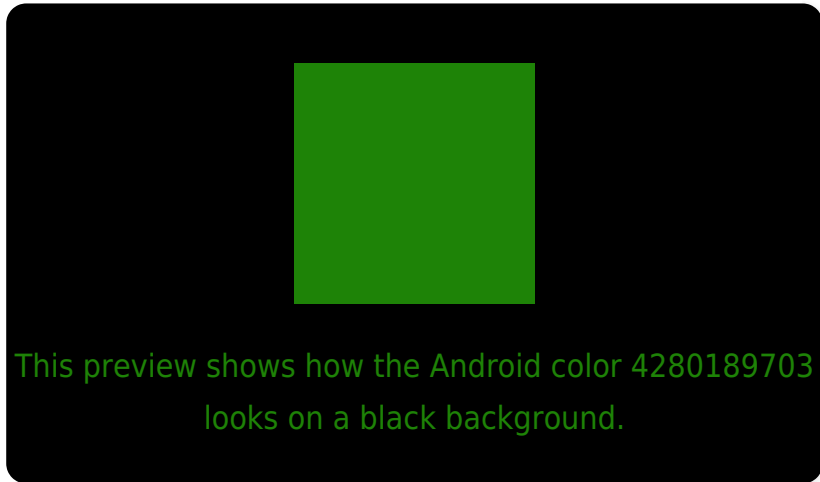
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4280189703 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4280189703.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4280189703.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4280189703

**Deuteranopia**  
4287458077

**Tritanopia**  
4282219140

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4280189703

**Deuteranomaly**  
4284838933

**Tritanomaly**  
4281498967

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4280189703

**Achromatopsia**  
4283914071

**Achromatomaly**  
4282541882

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4280189703 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(30, 131, 7)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(30, 131, 7)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(30, 131, 7) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(30, 131, 7) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4280189703 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(30, 131, 7) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(30, 131, 7) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(30, 131, 7)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(30, 131, 7); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(30, 131, 7);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(30, 131, 7)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4280189703 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(30, 131, 7) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(30, 131,  
7) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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