

# Converting Colors

Android(4280244050)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4280244050) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4280244050)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1F5752
RGB	31, 87, 82
RGB Percent	12%, 34%, 32%
CMY	0.8784, 0.6588, 0.6784
CMYK	0.64, 0.00, 0.06, 0.66
HSL	175°, 47%, 23%
HSV	175°, 64%, 34%
XYZ	5.4963, 7.7169, 9.1825
YIQ	69.6860, -31.7710, -13.4270

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

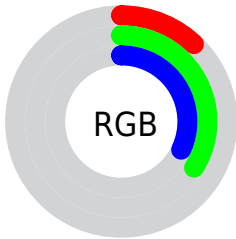
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	31, 60, 87
Decimal	2053970
CIE Lab	33.39, -19.52, -2.56
CIE LCh	33, 19.687, 187.464
Yxy	7.7169, 0.2454, 0.3446
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280244050 (0xFF1F5752)
YUV	69.6860, 6.0708, -33.9276
Hunter-Lab	27.7793, -13.2967, -0.1529

# Details

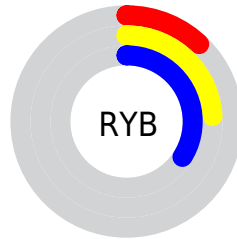
The Android color `4280244050` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `336666`. A complement of this color would be `4283899684`, and the grayscale version is `4282795590`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4283664771`, and `4278200613` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4279654225`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4280833875`.

# Distribution



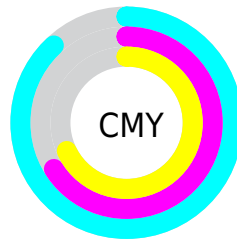
- Red (12%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (12%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (66%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (68%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4280244050 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4280244050 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4280244050



4280244050

4294967295



4278206267



4283664771



4278200613



4285310109



4278195473



4287086520



4278190080



4288863188



4290705392



4292542463



4294443007



4280244050



4280244050

■ 4279654225

■ 4280833875

■ 4279129936

■ 4281358164

■ 4278540112

■ 4281947988

■ 4278212431

■ 4282537813

■ 4283127638

■ 4283651927

■ 4284241751

■ 4284831576

■ 4285355865

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4281488962



4280244050



4279719521

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4280244050



4283844967



4284697138

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4280244050



4283899684

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4285285692



4280244050



4284826715

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4280244050



4282339181



4285350731



4283780911

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4280244050



4280243304



4285350731



4284958773



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4280244050



4284182638



4280637215



4281022519



4290295992



4281874488



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4280244050



4279922792



4280238423



4280757035



4278217570



4278250454



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4283899684



4285536802



4283905311



4281018151



4285202442



4293591061



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4280244050 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

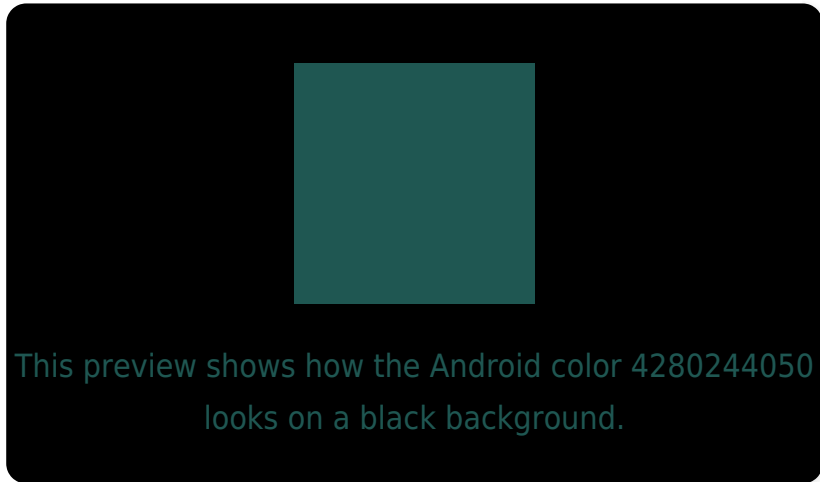
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

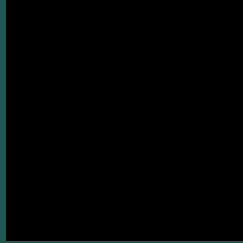
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4280244050 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4280244050.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4280244050.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4280244050

**Protanopia**

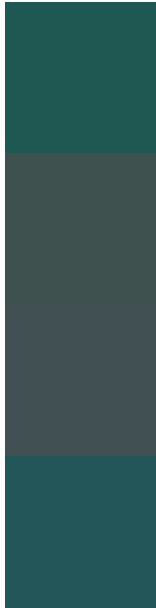
4283453005

**Deuteranopia**

4283649108



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4280244050

**Protanomaly**  
4282274127

**Deuteranomaly**  
4282404947

**Tritanomaly**  
4280440408

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4280244050

**Achromatopsia**  
4282795590

**Achromatomaly**  
4281879626

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4280244050 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(31, 87, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(31, 87, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 87, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(31, 87, 82) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4280244050 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(31, 87, 82) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(31, 87, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(31, 87, 82)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(31, 87, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 87, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 87, 82)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4280244050 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(31, 87, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(31, 87,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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