

# Converting Colors

Android(4280256887)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4280256887) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4280256887)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1F8977
RGB	31, 137, 119
RGB Percent	12%, 54%, 47%
CMY	0.8784, 0.4627, 0.5333
CMYK	0.77, 0.00, 0.13, 0.46
HSL	170°, 63%, 33%
HSV	170°, 77%, 54%
XYZ	12.8405, 19.5145, 20.5427
YIQ	103.2540, -57.3980, -28.0700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

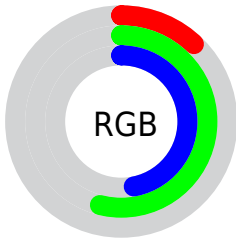
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	31, 89, 137
Decimal	2066807
CIELab	51.28, -33.46, 1.30
CIElCh	51, 33.484, 177.778
Yxy	19.5145, 0.2427, 0.3689
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280256887 (0xFF1F8977)
YUV	103.2540, 7.7628, -63.3668
Hunter-Lab	44.1753, -25.4218, 3.3512

# Details

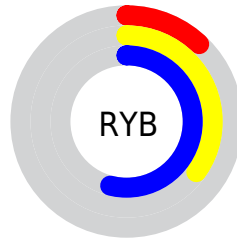
The Android color **4280256887** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **4287176497**, and the grayscale version is **4284966759**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4284399531**, and **4278212167** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4279339381**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4281174393**.

# Distribution



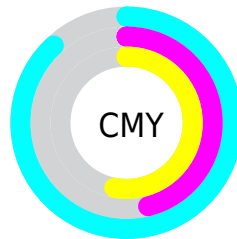
- Red (12%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (12%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (77%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (46%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4280256887 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4280256887 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4280256887



4280256887

4294967295



4278218590



4284399531



4278212167



4286241734



4278206000



4288149730



4278200348



4289986559



4278192385



4291887103



4278190080



4293853183



4280256887



4280256887



4279339381



4281174393

■ 4278487410

■ 4282026364

■ 4278225266

■ 4282943870

■ 4283861376

■ 4284778883

■ 4285630853

■ 4286548359

■ 4287465866

■ 4288317836

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283401819



4280256887



4278225300

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4280256887



4286215341



4288966219

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4280256887



4287176497

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4289750369



4280256887



4288440729

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4280256887



4283006643



4289618813



4287526976

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4280256887



4278224804



4289618813



4289358417



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4280256887



4287214508



4281501983



4282407253



4292467161



4284045657



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4280256887



4279022486



4280248201



4282271044



4278224238



4278191364



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4287176497



4289924137



4287185183



4282727999



4286906391

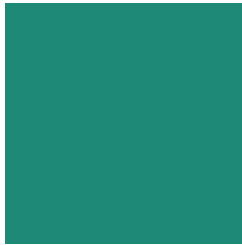


4278517761



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4280256887 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

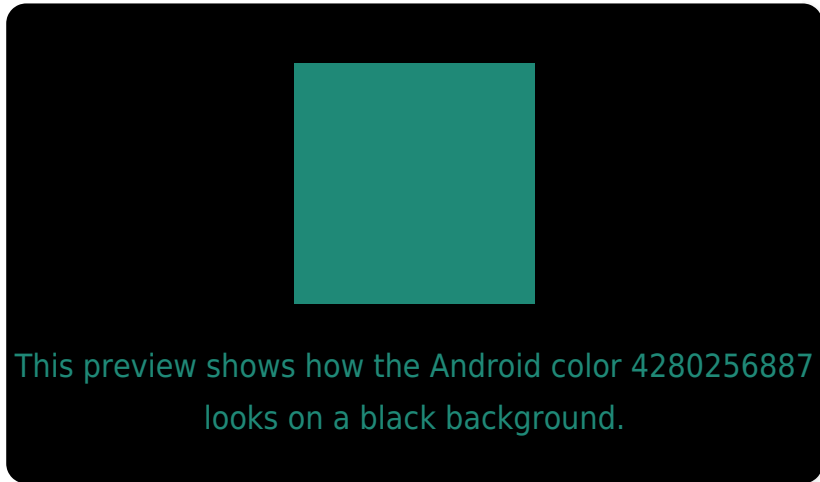
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4280256887 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4280256887.

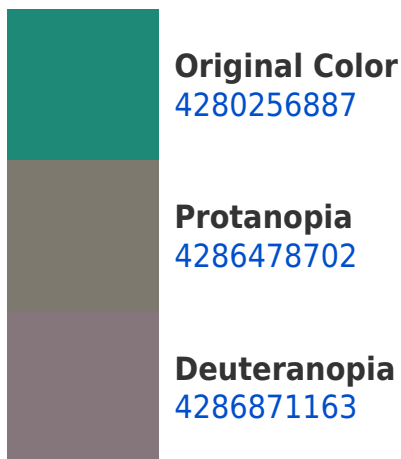


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4280256887.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



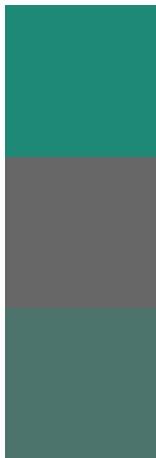
**Original Color**  
4280256887

**Protanomaly**  
4284186481

**Deuteranomaly**  
4284448122

**Tritanomaly**  
4280911495

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4280256887

**Achromatopsia**  
4284966759

**Achromatomaly**  
4283265901

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4280256887 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(31, 137, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(31, 137, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 137, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(31, 137, 119) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4280256887 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(31, 137, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(31, 137, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 137, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(31, 137, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 137, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 137,  
119) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4280256887 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(31, 137, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(31, 137,  
119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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