

# Converting Colors

Android(4280293652)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4280293652) contains.

<b>Android(4280293652)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# **Color**

**Android(4280293652)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	201914
RGB	32, 25, 20
RGB Percent	13%, 10%, 8%
CMY	0.8745, 0.9020, 0.9216
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.38, 0.87
HSL	25°, 23%, 10%
HSV	25°, 38%, 13%
XYZ	1.0696, 1.0528, 0.8087
YIQ	26.5230, 5.7770, -0.0710

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

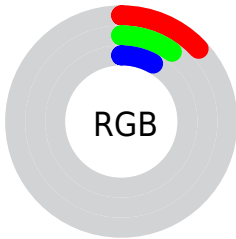
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	32, 29, 20
Decimal	2103572
CIELab	9.42, 2.46, 4.68
CIELCh	9, 5.288, 62.297
Yxy	1.0528, 0.3649, 0.3592
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280293652 (0xFF201914)
YUV	26.5230, -3.2158, 4.8033
Hunter-Lab	10.2608, 0.6500, 2.5099

# Details

The Android color **4280293652** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **4279507744**, and the grayscale version is **4279966491**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4283188286**, and **4278190080** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4280293137**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4280294167**.

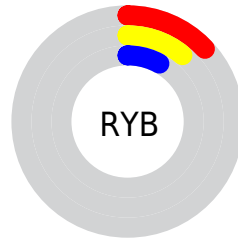
# Distribution



Red (13%)

Green (10%)

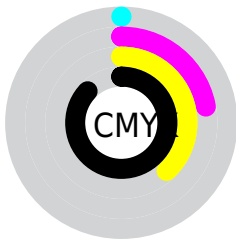
Blue (8%)



Red (13%)

Yellow (11%)

Blue (8%)

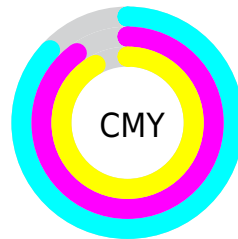


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (38%)

Black (87%)



Cyan (87%)

Magenta (90%)

Yellow (92%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4280293652 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4280293652 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4280293652



4280293652



4294966260



4278190080



4283188286



4284767061



4286411886



4288122247



4289898657



4291675068



4293582808



4280293652



4280293652

■ 4280293137

■ 4280294167

■ 4280292622

■ 4280294682

■ 4280292106

■ 4280295198

■ 4280291847

■ 4280295457

■ 4280291332

■ 4280295972

■ 4280290817

■ 4280296487

■ 4280290560

■ 4280297002

■ 4280297518

■ 4280298033

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4280424471



4280293652



4280097299

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4280293652



4279376922



4279965984

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4280293652



4279507744

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4279704353



4280293652



4279311390

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4280293652



4279573527



4279442464



4280227870

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4280293652



4279900948



4279442464



4279900705



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4280293652



4280886820



4280292379



4279505682



4287927444



4279505940



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4280293652



4280884758



4280295188



4279176718



4283375872



4291778048



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4279507744



4279640361



4279506208



4279111439



4278201935

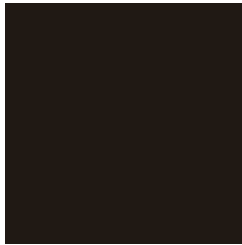


4278221007



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4280293652 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

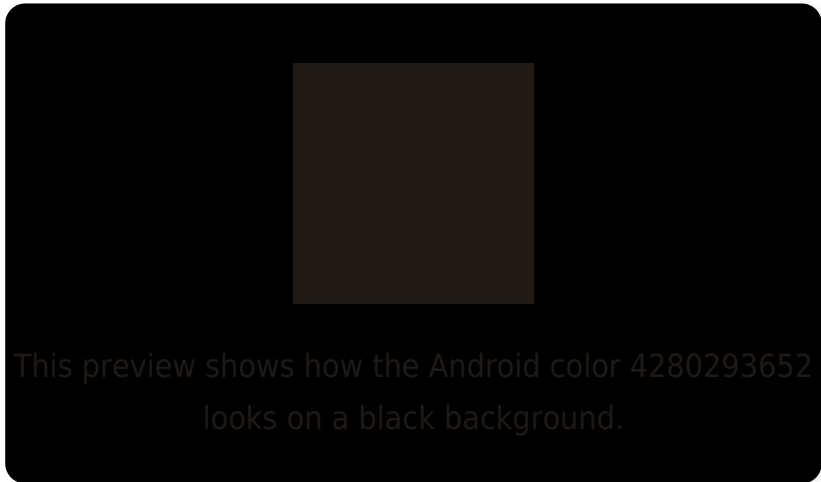
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

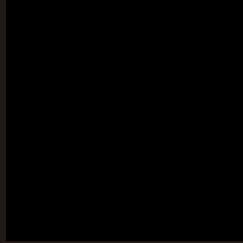
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4280293652 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4280293652.

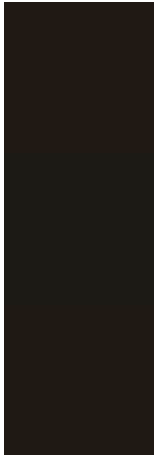


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4280293652.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4280293652

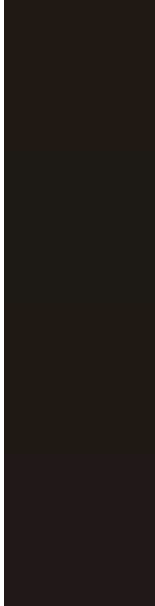
**Protanopia**  
4280031765

**Deuteranopia**  
4280228116



**Tritanopia**  
4280358938

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4280293652

**Protanomaly**

4280097301

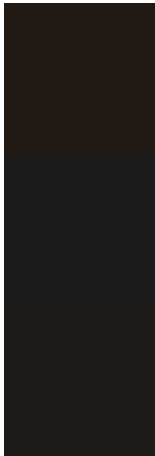
**Deuteranomaly**

4280228116

**Tritanomaly**

4280358936

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4280293652

**Achromatopsia**

4279966491

**Achromatomaly**

4280097304

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4280293652 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(32, 25, 20)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(32, 25, 20)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(32, 25, 20) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(32, 25, 20) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4280293652 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(32, 25, 20) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(32, 25, 20) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(32, 25, 20)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(32, 25, 20); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 25, 20);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 25, 20)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4280293652 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(32, 25, 20) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(32, 25,  
20) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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