

# Converting Colors

Android(4280364344)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4280364344) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4280364344)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	212D38
RGB	33, 45, 56
RGB Percent	13%, 18%, 22%
CMY	0.8706, 0.8235, 0.7804
CMYK	0.41, 0.20, 0.00, 0.78
HSL	209°, 26%, 17%
HSV	209°, 41%, 22%
XYZ	2.2794, 2.4856, 4.1010
YIQ	42.6660, -10.6830, 0.8770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

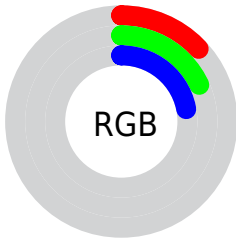
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	33, 41, 56
Decimal	2174264
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	17.85, -1.73, -8.67
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	18, 8.844, 258.708
Yxy	2.4856, 0.2571, 0.2804
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280364344 (0xFF212D38)
YUV	42.6660, 6.5737, -8.4771
Hunter-Lab	15.7659, -1.7832, -4.3864

# Details

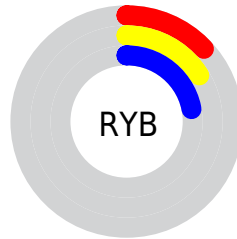
The Android color **4280364344** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **4281871393**, and the grayscale version is **4281019179**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4283325287**, and **4278190092** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4279970360**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4280758328**.

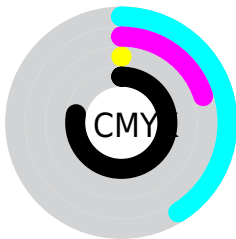
# Distribution



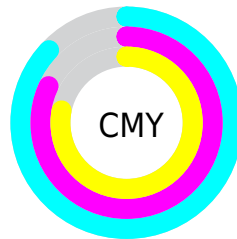
- Red (13%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (78%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (78%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4280364344 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4280364344 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4280364344



4280364344

4294967295



4278982691



4283325287



4278190092



4284904320



4278190080



4286614938



4288325557



4290101968



4291878637



4293786623



4280364344



4280364344

■ 4279970360

■ 4280758328

■ 4279642168

■ 4281086520

■ 4279248184

■ 4281480504

■ 4278919736

■ 4281808952

■ 4278526008

■ 4282202680

■ 4278197560

■ 4282596664

■ 4282925112

■ 4283318840

■ 4283647288

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4279971637



4280364344



4280953656

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4280364344



4281935656



4280626723

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4280364344



4281871393

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4281085216



4280364344



4281804834

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4280364344



4281804590



4281543199



4280168233

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4280364344



4281280822



4281543199



4280757794



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4280364344



4282467914



4280367148



4280362022



4289111718



4280690214



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4280364344



4280695114



4280361528



4279835420



4278202460



4278219483



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4281868589



4283049529



4281874209



4280031515



4284219440

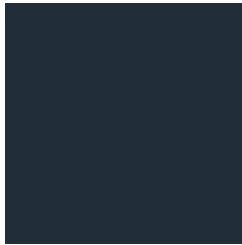


4292542578



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4280364344 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

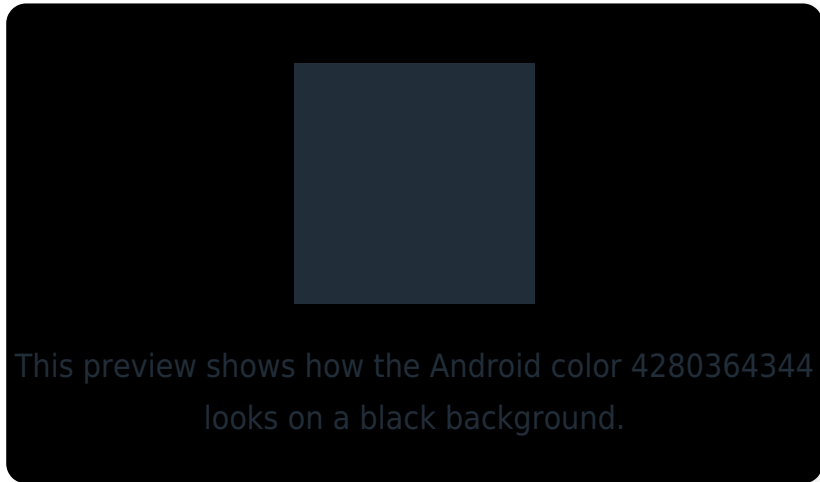
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4280364344 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4280364344.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4280364344.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4280364344

**Protanopia**  
4280888119

**Deuteranopia**  
4280888120



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4280364344

**Protanomaly**

4280691767

**Deuteranomaly**

4280691768

**Tritanomaly**

4280299060

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4280364344

**Achromatopsia**

4281019179

**Achromatomaly**

4280757296

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4280364344 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(33, 45, 56)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(33, 45, 56)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(33, 45, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(33, 45, 56) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4280364344 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(33, 45, 56) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(33, 45, 56) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(33, 45, 56)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(33, 45, 56); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 45, 56);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 45, 56)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4280364344 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(33, 45, 56) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(33, 45,  
56) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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