

# Converting Colors

Android(4280372376)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4280372376) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4280372376)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	214C98
RGB	33, 76, 152
RGB Percent	13%, 30%, 60%
CMY	0.8706, 0.7020, 0.4039
CMYK	0.78, 0.50, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	218°, 64%, 36%
HSV	218°, 78%, 60%
XYZ	8.8791, 7.7592, 30.7355
YIQ	71.8070, -50.0240, 14.5200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

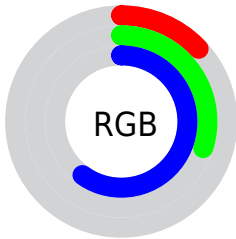
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	33, 65, 152
Decimal	2182296
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	33.48, 13.61, -45.89
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	33, 47.869, 286.521
Yxy	7.7592, 0.1874, 0.1638
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280372376 (0xFF214C98)
YUV	71.8070, 39.5351, -34.0337
Hunter-Lab	27.8554, 8.1515, -45.9215

# Details

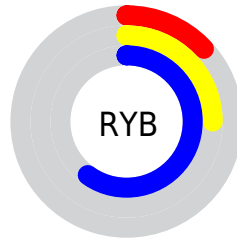
The Android color **4280372376** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. A complement of this color would be **4288179489**, and the grayscale version is **4282861383**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4284513487**, and **4278198628** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4279386776**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4281357976**.

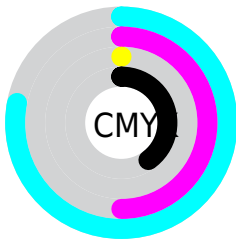
# Distribution



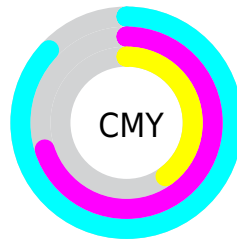
- Red (13%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4280372376 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4280372376 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4280372376

 4280372376

4294967295

 4278204030

 4284513487

 4278198628

 4286420715

 4278192972

 4288262655

 4278191156

 4290170111

 4278190622

 4292077823

 4278190080

 4293984255

 4280372376

 4280372376

 4279386776

 4281357976

■ 4278401432

■ 4282343320

■ 4278204312

■ 4283394456

■ 4284380056

■ 4285365656

■ 4286351000

■ 4287336600

■ 4288387736

■ 4289373080

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278212761



4280372376



4285151875

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4280372376



4286985752



4278214460

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4280372376



4288179489

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4279982868



4280372376



4285417216

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4280372376



4287702588



4283192064



4278214755

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4280372376



4286721390



4283192064



4278214191



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4280372376



4288129220



4280391788



4282929763



4293125091



4284703587



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4280372376



4278996676



4281409944



4282730573



4278203276



4278191373



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4288160076



4291038286



4287141921



4283254088



4287365171



4279042053



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4280372376 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

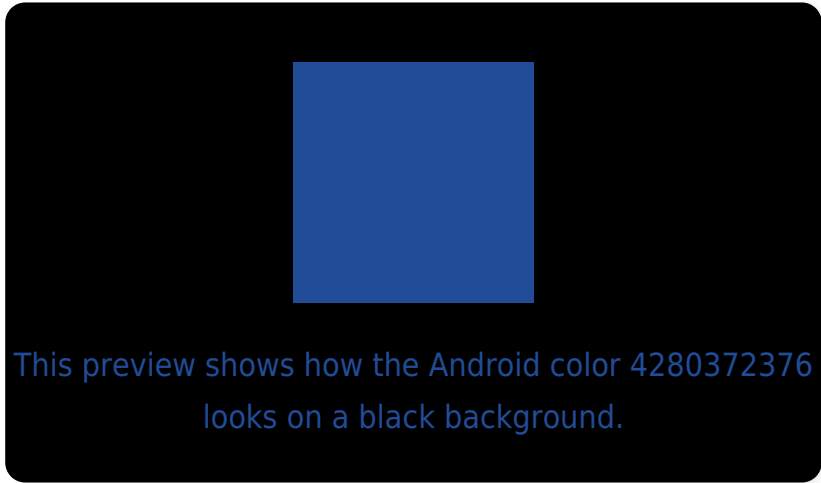
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4280372376 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4280372376.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4280372376.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4280372376

**Protanopia**  
4280437912

**Deuteranopia**  
4278210700



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4280372376

**Protanomaly**

4280437912

**Deuteranomaly**

4278996880

**Tritanomaly**

4278997874

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4280372376

**Achromatopsia**

4282927176

**Achromatomaly**

4282009957

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4280372376 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(33, 76, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(33, 76, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(33, 76, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(33, 76, 152) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4280372376 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(33, 76, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(33, 76, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(33, 76, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(33, 76, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 76, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 76,  
152) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4280372376 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(33, 76, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(33, 76,  
152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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