

# Converting Colors

Android(4280393371)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4280393371) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4280393371)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	219E9B
RGB	33, 158, 155
RGB Percent	13%, 62%, 61%
CMY	0.8706, 0.3804, 0.3922
CMYK	0.79, 0.00, 0.02, 0.38
HSL	179°, 65%, 37%
HSV	179°, 79%, 62%
XYZ	18.7705, 27.1436, 35.2603
YIQ	120.2830, -73.5370, -27.4330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

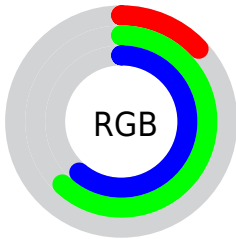
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	33, 96, 158
Decimal	2203291
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	59.11, -32.57, -7.85
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	59, 33.498, 193.549
Y <sub>xy</sub>	27.1436, 0.2312, 0.3344
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280393371 (0xFF219E9B)
YUV	120.2830, 17.1155, -76.5472
Hunter-Lab	52.0995, -26.8641, -3.6570

# Details

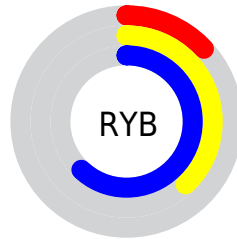
The Android color `4280393371` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `009999`. A complement of this color would be `4288553252`, and the grayscale version is `4286085240`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4284929489`, and `4278217320` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4279344795`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4281441947`.

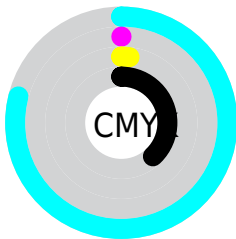
# Distribution



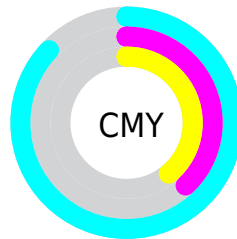
- Red (13%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (39%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4280393371 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4280393371 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4280393371



4280393371

4294967295



4278224001



4284929489



4278217320



4286903022



4278210896



4288806911



4278204729



4290772991



4278199588



4292673535



4278190351



4294705151



4278190080



4280393371



4280393371



4279344795



4281441947

■ 4278296218

■ 4282490524

■ 4278230682

■ 4283473564

■ 4284522141

■ 4285570717

■ 4286619293

■ 4287667870

■ 4288650910

■ 4289699486

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283342205



4280393371



4278951094

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4280393371



4288905913



4289759062

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4280393371



4288553252

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4290936167



4280393371



4290607520

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4280393371



4286156231



4291327874



4287926612

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4280393371



4281571522



4291327874



4290216794



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4280393371



4288532429



4280655393



4283066728



4293454056



4285098345

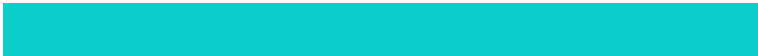


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4280393371



4278898634



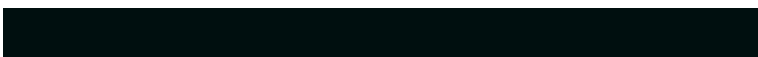
4280378526



4282863439



4278226827



4278193935



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4288553252



4291758607



4288568097



4283385671



4287561731

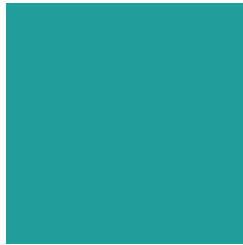


4279173120



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4280393371 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

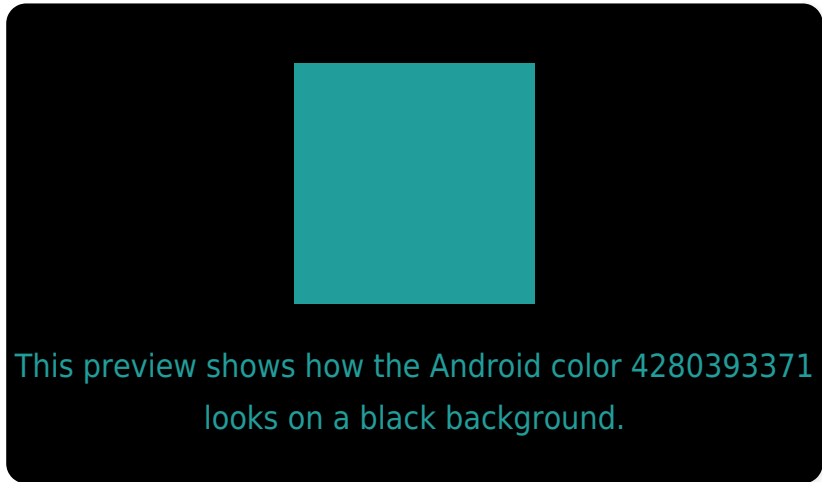
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4280393371 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4280393371.

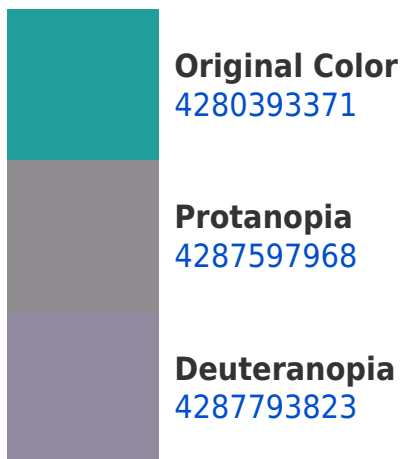


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4280393371.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4280393371



**Protanomaly**  
4284978068



**Deuteranomaly**  
4285108638



**Tritanomaly**  
4280851876

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4280393371



**Achromatopsia**  
4286085240



**Achromatomaly**  
4283991685

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4280393371 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(33, 158, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(33, 158, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(33, 158, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(33, 158, 155) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4280393371 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(33, 158, 155) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(33, 158, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(33, 158, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(33, 158, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 158, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 158,  
155) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4280393371 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(33, 158, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(33, 158,  
155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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