

# Converting Colors

Android(4280448878)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4280448878) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4280448878)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	22776E
RGB	34, 119, 110
RGB Percent	13%, 47%, 43%
CMY	0.8667, 0.5333, 0.5686
CMYK	0.71, 0.00, 0.08, 0.53
HSL	174°, 56%, 30%
HSV	174°, 71%, 47%
XYZ	10.0710, 14.6595, 17.0506
YIQ	92.5590, -47.7710, -20.8190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

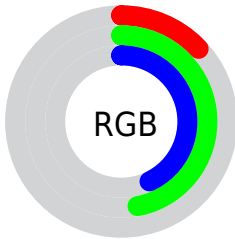
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	34, 79, 119
Decimal	2258798
CIELab	45.16, -27.04, -2.35
CIELCh	45, 27.141, 184.958
Yxy	14.6595, 0.2410, 0.3509
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280448878 (0xFF22776E)
YUV	92.5590, 8.5984, -51.3562
Hunter-Lab	38.2878, -20.0520, 0.3979

# Details

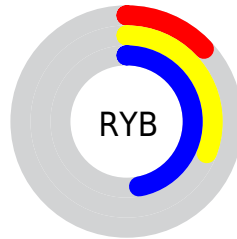
The Android color `4280448878` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `006666`. A complement of this color would be `4285997611`, and the grayscale version is `4284308829`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4284263585`, and `4278208063` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4279662445`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4281235311`.

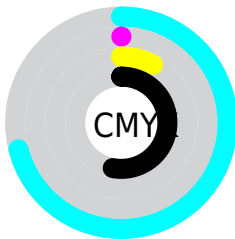
# Distribution



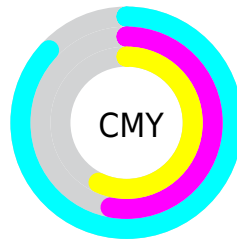
- Red (13%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (57%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4280448878 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4280448878 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4280448878



4280448878

4294967295



4278214230



4284263585



4278208063



4286039996



4278202153



4287882200



4278197012



4289724405



4278190080



4291624959



4293525503



4280448878



4280448878



4279662445



4281235311

■ 4278876011

■ 4282021745

■ 4278220650

■ 4282808178

■ 4283594611

■ 4284381044

■ 4285101942

■ 4285888375

■ 4286674808

■ 4287461241

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4282545495



4280448878



4278417028

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4280448878



4285686928



4287193922

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4280448878



4285997611

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4287978578



4280448878



4287257726

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4280448878



4283460760



4288043368



4285950781

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4280448878



4279858319



4288043368



4287520839



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4280448878



4286291096



4281104162



4282077005



4291809231



4283387727



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4280448878



4279671949



4280440439



4281678650



4278221421



4278254303



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4285997611



4288419364



4286006050



4282070325



4286185485

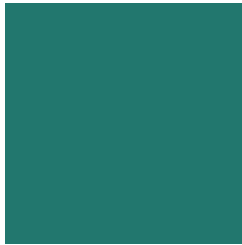


4294574106



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4280448878 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

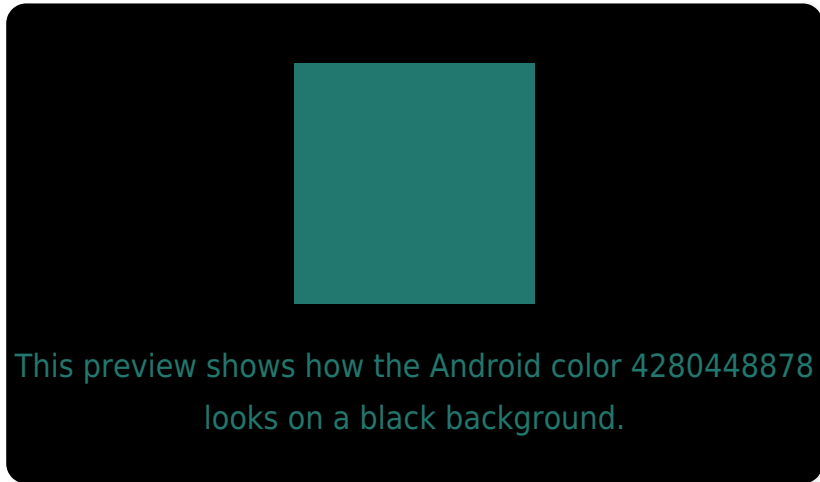
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4280448878 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4280448878.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4280448878.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4280448878

**Protanopia**

4285360742

**Deuteranopia**

4285622129



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4280448878

**Protanomaly**

4283592553

**Deuteranomaly**

4283723120

**Tritanomaly**

4280841848

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4280448878

**Achromatopsia**

4284308829

**Achromatomaly**

4282934883

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4280448878 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(34, 119, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(34, 119, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(34, 119, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(34, 119, 110) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4280448878 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(34, 119, 110) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(34, 119, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(34, 119, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(34, 119, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 119, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 119,  
110) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4280448878 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(34, 119, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(34, 119,  
110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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