

# Converting Colors

Android(4280532390)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4280532390) contains.

<b>Android(4280532390)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# **Color**

**Android(4280532390)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	23BDA6
RGB	35, 189, 166
RGB Percent	14%, 74%, 65%
CMY	0.8627, 0.2588, 0.3490
CMYK	0.81, 0.00, 0.12, 0.26
HSL	171°, 69%, 44%
HSV	171°, 81%, 74%
XYZ	25.7737, 39.5057, 42.3433
YIQ	140.3320, -84.4010, -39.8010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

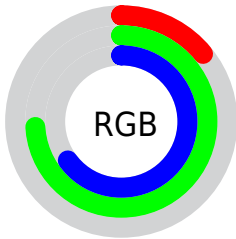
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">35, 118, 189</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">2342310</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">69.12, -43.25, 0.77</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">69, 43.256, 178.983</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">39.5057, 0.2395, 0.3671</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4280532390</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF23BDA6</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">140.3320, 12.6543, -92.3762</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">62.8536, -36.7982, 4.0548</a>

# Details

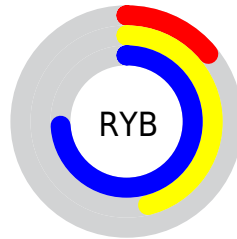
The Android color `4280532390` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `00CCCC`. A complement of this color would be `4290585402`, and the grayscale version is `4287401100`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4285396701`, and `4278224754` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4279287203`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4281777577`.

# Distribution



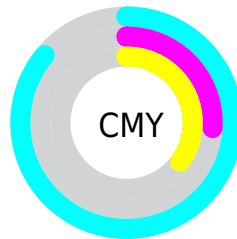
- Red (14%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4280532390 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4280532390 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4280532390

 4280532390

4294967295

 4278231436

 4285396701

 4278224754

 4287430650

 4278218074

 4289462271

 4278211394

 4291428351

 4278205228

 4293394431

 4278199832

 4278190080

 4280532390

 4280532390

 4279287203

 4281777577

■ 4278238625

■ 4283022764

■ 4284267950

■ 4285513137

■ 4286758324

■ 4287937975

■ 4289183162

■ 4290428349

■ 4291673535

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4285249919



4280532390



4278238413

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4280532390



4289372141



4292974694

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4280532390



4290585402

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4294085765



4280532390



4292383186

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4280532390



4284984823



4293953964



4290946649

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4280532390



4278237667



4293953964



4293497967

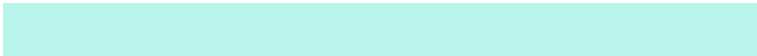


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4280532390



4290442732



4282039587



4283923061



4294638330



4286216826



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4280532390



4278580689



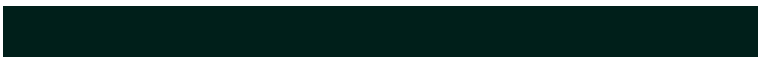
4280518589



4283784797



4278230662



4278198042



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4290585402



4294247721



4290599203



4284372310



4288544792

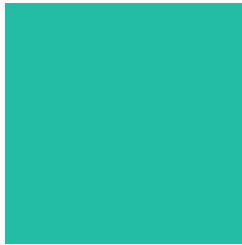


4280221701



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4280532390 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

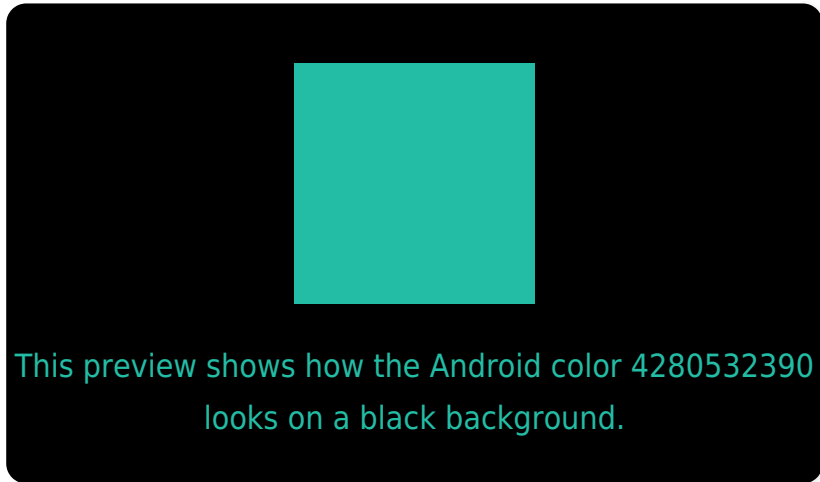
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

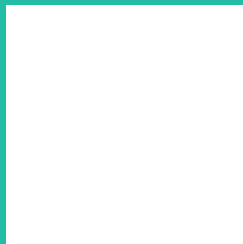
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4280532390 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4280532390.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4280532390.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4280532390



**Protanomaly**

4286295966



**Deuteranomaly**

4286622890



**Tritanomaly**

4281580219

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4280532390



**Achromatopsia**

4287401100



**Achromatomaly**

4284915349

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4280532390 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(35, 189, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(35, 189, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(35, 189, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(35, 189, 166) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4280532390 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(35, 189, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(35, 189, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(35, 189, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(35, 189, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 189, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 189,  
166) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4280532390 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(35, 189, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(35, 189,  
166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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