

# Converting Colors

Android(4280724433)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4280724433) contains.

<b>Android(4280724433)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# **Color**

**Android(4280724433)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	26ABD1
RGB	38, 171, 209
RGB Percent	15%, 67%, 82%
CMY	0.8510, 0.3294, 0.1804
CMYK	0.82, 0.18, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	193°, 69%, 48%
HSV	193°, 82%, 82%
XYZ	26.8709, 34.1413, 65.4953
YIQ	135.5650, -91.4660, -16.3780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

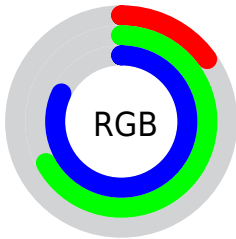
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	38, 113, 209
Decimal	2534353
CIE Lab	65.07, -21.30, -29.05
CIE LCh	65, 36.018, 233.745
Yxy	34.1413, 0.2124, 0.2699
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280724433 (0xFF26ABD1)
YUV	135.5650, 36.2035, -85.5645
Hunter-Lab	58.4306, -20.1656, -25.5572

# Details

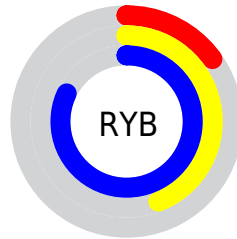
The Android color **4280724433** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. The color can be described as middle washed azure. A complement of this color would be **4291906598**, and the grayscale version is **4287072135**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4285653759**, and **4278220698** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4279346897**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4282101969**.

# Distribution



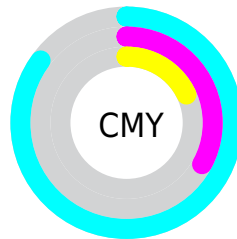
- Red (15%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4280724433 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4280724433 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4280724433

 4280724433

4294967295

 4278227125

 4285653759

 4278220698

 4287758335

 4278214272

 4289724415

 4278208103

 4291756031

 4278202191

 4293787647

 4278197560

 4278190626

 4278190088

 4278190080

■ 4280724433

■ 4280724433

■ 4279346897

■ 4282101969

■ 4278232017

■ 4283479249

■ 4284856785

■ 4286234321

■ 4287611601

■ 4288923601

■ 4290301137

■ 4291678417

■ 4293055953

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4279545783



4280724433



4284720093

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4280724433



4292314534



4288259170

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4280724433



4291906598

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4290353758



4280724433



4292707974

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4280724433



4290809284



4291923819



4285770615

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4280724433



4287077596



4291923819



4288979294

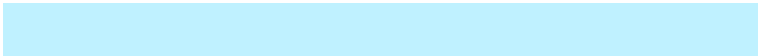


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4280724433



4290769407



4280734027



4284053376



4278190080



4286611584

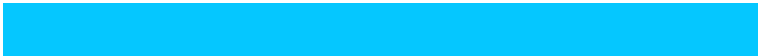


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4280724433



4278568959



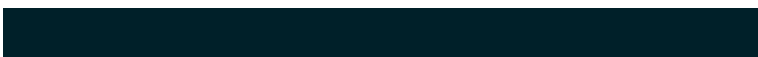
4280702673



4284376681



4278223784



4278198313



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4291897003



4294903239



4291928358



4285095526



4289200259



4280877088



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4280724433 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4280724433 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

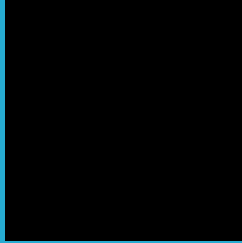
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4280724433 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4280724433.

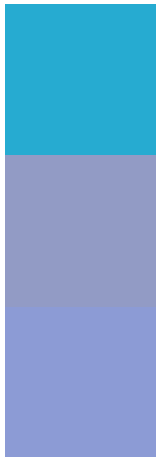


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4280724433.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

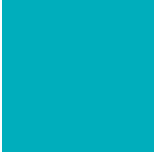
## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4280724433

**Protanopia**  
4287798213

**Deuteranopia**  
4287405013



**Tritanopia**  
4278234812

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4280724433



**Protanomaly**

4285243849



**Deuteranomaly**

4284981716



**Tritanomaly**

4279152068

# Monochromacy



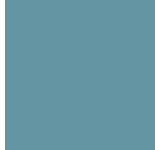
**Original Color**

4280724433



**Achromatopsia**

4287137928



**Achromatomaly**

4284781987

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4280724433 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(38, 171, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(38, 171, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 171, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(38, 171, 209) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4280724433 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(38, 171, 209) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(38, 171, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 171, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(38, 171, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 171, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 171,  
209) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4280724433 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(38, 171, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(38, 171,  
209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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