

# Converting Colors

Android(4280768437)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4280768437) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4280768437)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	2757B5
RGB	39, 87, 181
RGB Percent	15%, 34%, 71%
CMY	0.8471, 0.6588, 0.2902
CMYK	0.78, 0.52, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	220°, 65%, 43%
HSV	220°, 78%, 71%
XYZ	12.5854, 10.5839, 45.0956
YIQ	83.3640, -58.7820, 19.0580

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

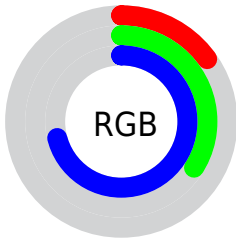
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	39, 75, 181
Decimal	2578357
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	38.87, 18.34, -54.48
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	39, 57.479, 288.602
Yxy	10.5839, 0.1844, 0.1550
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280768437 (0xFF2757B5)
<b>YUV</b>	83.3640, 48.1345, -38.9072
Hunter-Lab	32.5329, 12.1202, -59.4120

# Details

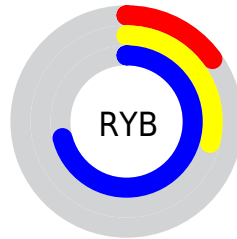
The Android color `4280768437` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `3366CC`. A complement of this color would be `4290086183`, and the grayscale version is `4283650899`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4285171950`, and `4278201215` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4279585717`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4281951157`.

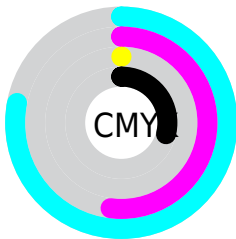
# Distribution



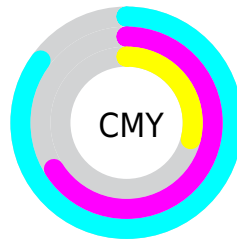
- Red (15%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4280768437 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4280768437 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 4280768437

■ 4280768437

4294967295

■ 4278206618

■ 4285171950

■ 4278201215

■ 4287144703

■ 4278196326

■ 4289052159

■ 4278190157

■ 4291025407

■ 4278191413

■ 4292998655

■ 4278190623

■ 4278190082

■ 4278190080

■ 4280768437

■ 4280768437

■ 4279585717

■ 4281951157

■ 4278402997

■ 4283133877

■ 4278205877

■ 4284316597

■ 4285499317

■ 4286747573

■ 4287930293

■ 4289113013

■ 4290295733

■ 4291478453

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278216376



4280768437



4286660762

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4280768437



4288494868



4278218567

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4280768437



4290086183

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278938389



4280768437



4286468864

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4280768437



4289472065



4283720192



4278218872

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4280768437



4288425599



4283720192



4278218295



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4280768437



4289906155



4280792451



4283654005



4294309365



4285887861



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4280768437



4279130603



4282132405



4283454297



4278203545



4278192410



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4290062167



4293594713



4288722215



4284043347



4288217140



4279894025



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4280768437 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4280768437 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4280768437 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4280768437.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4280768437.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4280768437

**Protanopia**  
4280047798

**Deuteranopia**  
4278214050



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4280768437

**Protanomaly**  
4280309942

**Deuteranomaly**  
4279131049

**Tritanomaly**  
4279132295

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4280768437

**Achromatopsia**  
4283650899

**Achromatomaly**  
4282602615

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4280768437 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(39, 87, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(39, 87, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(39, 87, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(39, 87, 181) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4280768437 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(39, 87, 181) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(39, 87, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(39, 87, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(39, 87, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 87, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 87,  
181) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4280768437 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(39, 87, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(39, 87,  
181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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