

# Converting Colors

Android(4280880419)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4280880419) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4280880419)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	290D23
RGB	41, 13, 35
RGB Percent	16%, 5%, 14%
CMY	0.8392, 0.9490, 0.8627
CMYK	0.00, 0.68, 0.15, 0.84
HSL	313°, 52%, 11%
HSV	313°, 68%, 16%
XYZ	1.3617, 0.8806, 1.6883
YIQ	23.8800, 9.6260, 12.7780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

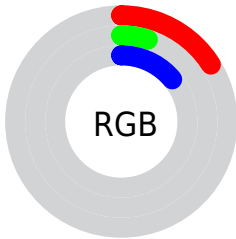
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	41, 13, 35
Decimal	2690339
CIELab	7.95, 18.19, -8.57
CIELCh	8, 20.105, 334.764
Yxy	0.8806, 0.3464, 0.2240
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280880419 (0xFF290D23)
YUV	23.8800, 5.4822, 15.0142
Hunter-Lab	9.3841, 9.4804, -4.0981

# Details

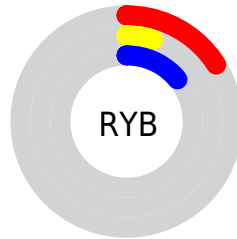
The Android color **4280880419** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **4279052563**, and the grayscale version is **4279769112**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4283906127**, and **4278190080** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4280879394**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4280881444**.

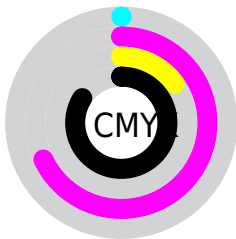
# Distribution



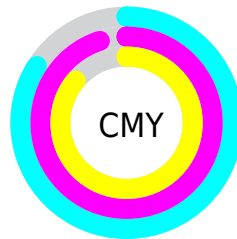
- Red (16%)
- Green (5%)
- Blue (14%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Blue (14%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (84%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (95%)
- Yellow (86%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4280880419 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4280880419 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4280880419

 4280880419

 4294962943

 4279304205

 4283906127

 4278190080

 4285550439

 4287260545

 4288971163

 4290812853

 4292654801

 4294496749

 4280880419

 4280880419

■ 4280879394

■ 4280881444

■ 4280878369

■ 4280882469

■ 4280877344

■ 4280883494

■ 4280877088

■ 4280884519

■ 4280885543

■ 4280886824

■ 4280887849

■ 4280888874

■ 4280889899

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4279898925



4280880419



4281272854

# Triad

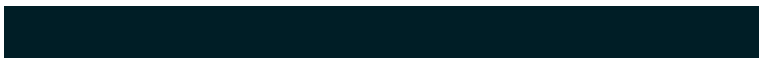
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4280880419



4280096512



4278197798

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4280880419



4279052563

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278198041



4280880419



4279114496

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4280880419



4280816128



4278197767



4278197295

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



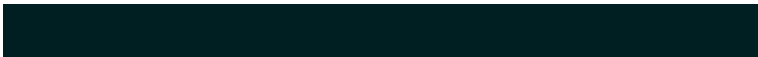
4280880419



4281273097



4278197767



4278198050



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4280880419



4281740083



4279438633



4280030491



4288453788



4280032284



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4280880419



4281731628



4280880405



4279505428



4283695170



4292083878



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4280880419



4281731628



4279052577



4279505428



4283695170

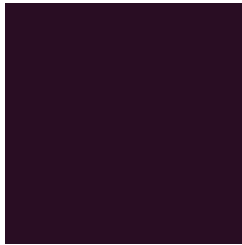


4292083878



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4280880419 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

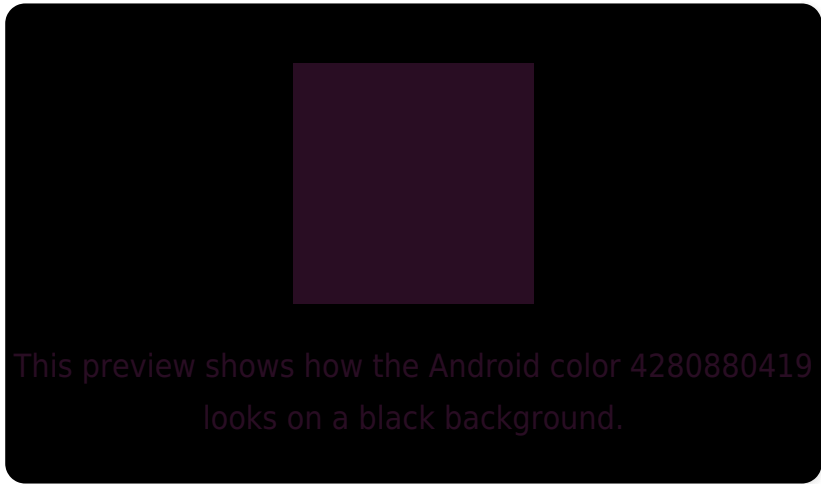
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

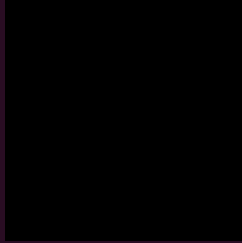
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4280880419 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4280880419.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4280880419.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4280880419

**Protanopia**  
4279179308

**Deuteranopia**  
4279638049



**Tritanopia**  
4280750611

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4280880419

**Protanomaly**

4279768105

**Deuteranomaly**

4280095778

**Tritanomaly**

4280815641

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4280880419

**Achromatopsia**

4279769112

**Achromatomaly**

4280161308

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4280880419 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(41, 13, 35)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(41, 13, 35)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 13, 35) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(41, 13, 35) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4280880419 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(41, 13, 35) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(41, 13, 35) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(41, 13, 35)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(41, 13, 35); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 13, 35);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 13, 35)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4280880419 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(41, 13, 35) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(41, 13,  
35) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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