

# Converting Colors

Android(4280895948)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4280895948) contains.

<b>Android(4280895948)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**Android(4280895948)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	2949CC
RGB	41, 73, 204
RGB Percent	16%, 29%, 80%
CMY	0.8392, 0.7137, 0.2000
CMYK	0.80, 0.64, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	228°, 67%, 48%
HSV	228°, 80%, 80%
XYZ	14.1961, 9.5961, 58.2308
YIQ	78.3660, -61.1230, 33.9570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

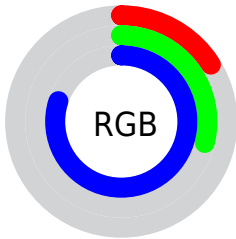
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	41, 68, 204
Decimal	2705868
CIELab	37.11, 36.37, -70.78
CIElCh	37, 79.575, 297.200
Yxy	9.5961, 0.1731, 0.1170
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280895948 (0xFF2949CC)
YUV	78.3660, 61.9376, -32.7700
Hunter-Lab	30.9776, 27.5901, -89.7671

# Details

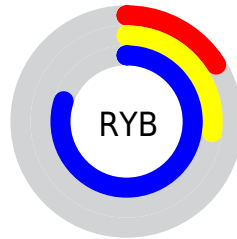
The Android color `4280895948` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `3366FF`. The color can be described as dark muted blue. A complement of this color would be `4291603497`, and the grayscale version is `4283321934`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4285692415`, and `4278197909` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4279581132`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4282210764`.

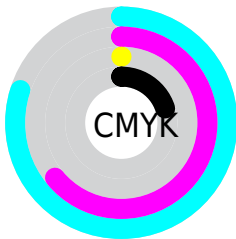
# Distribution



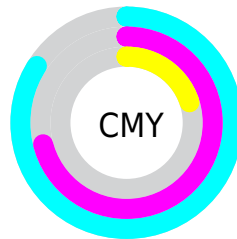
- Red (16%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4280895948 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4280895948 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4280895948

 4280895948

4294967295

 4278203312

 4285692415


 4278197909

 4287730687

 4278193530

 4289769215

 4278190176

 4291742207

 4278192199

 4293780991

 4278191152

 4278190362

 4278190080

 4280895948

 4280895948

■ 4279581132

■ 4282210764

■ 4278200524

■ 4283591372

■ 4284906188

■ 4286286796

■ 4287601612

■ 4288916428

■ 4290297036

■ 4291611852

■ 4292992460

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278215643



4280895948



4288285342

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4280895948



4288623104



4278218575

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4280895948



4291603497

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278217728



4280895948



4285551360

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4280895948



4290510882



4281295872



4278218897

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4280895948



4290183286



4281295872



4278218296



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4280895948



4290957055



4280929451



4284179072



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4280895948



4278860543



4284099020



4284243558



4278198694



4278192166



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4291569993



4294904378



4288400425



4284898398



4289069089



4280680456



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4280895948 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

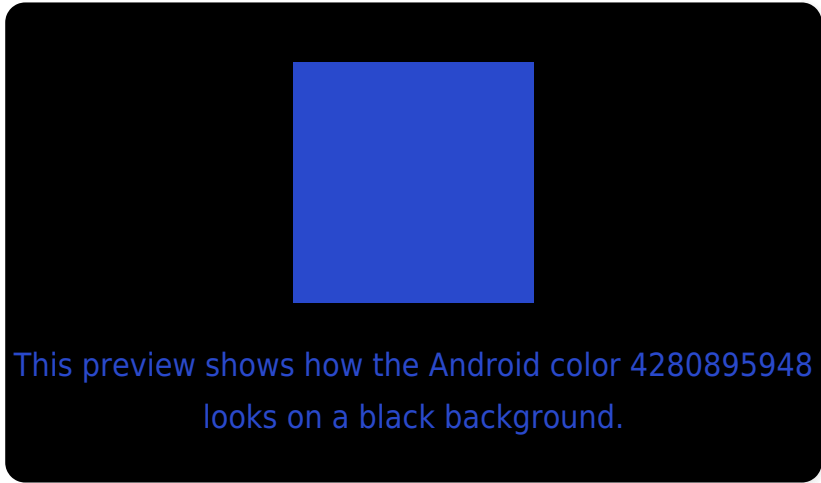
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

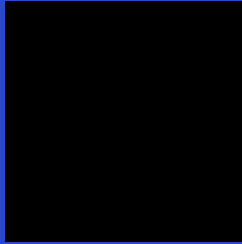
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4280895948 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4280895948.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4280895948.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4280895948

**Protanopia**  
4278211761

**Deuteranopia**  
4278213015



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4280895948

**Protanomaly**  
4279193787

**Deuteranomaly**  
4279194538

**Tritanomaly**  
4279195787

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4280895948

**Achromatopsia**  
4283321934

**Achromatomaly**  
4282469500

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4280895948 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(41, 73, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(41, 73, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 73, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(41, 73, 204) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4280895948 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(41, 73, 204) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(41, 73, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 73, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(41, 73, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 73, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 73,  
204) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4280895948 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(41, 73, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(41, 73,  
204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



# Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor