

Converting Colors

Android(4280954659)

Have a look what the booklet for
Android(4280954659) contains.

Android(4280954659)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

Android(4280954659)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2A2F23
RGB	42, 47, 35
RGB Percent	16%, 18%, 14%
CMY	0.8353, 0.8157, 0.8627
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.26, 0.82
HSL	85°, 15%, 16%
HSV	85°, 26%, 18%
XYZ	2.2747, 2.6466, 1.9811
YIQ	44.1370, 0.8720, -4.7920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

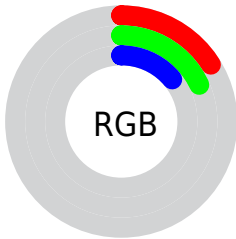
Format	Color
R_{YB}	35, 47, 40
Decimal	2764579
CIE Lab	18.57, -4.91, 7.00
CIE LCh	19, 8.552, 125.077
Yxy	2.6466, 0.3296, 0.3834
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280954659 (0xFF2A2F23)
YUV	44.1370, -4.5045, -1.8741
Hunter-Lab	16.2684, -3.5110, 4.1680

Details

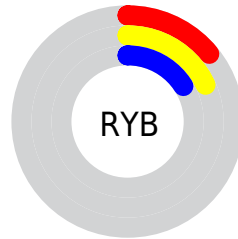
The Android color **4280954659** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**, and the color name is [pine tree](#). A complement of this color would be **4280820527**, and the grayscale version is **4281084972**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4283915599**, and **4278190080** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4280823582**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4281085736**.

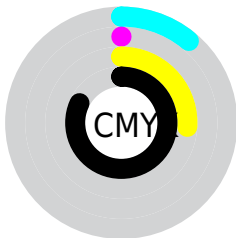
Distribution



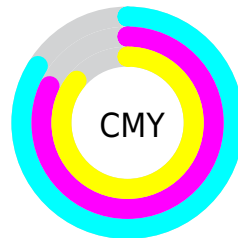
- Red (16%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (14%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (82%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (86%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4280954659 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4280954659 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 4280954659

■ 4280954659

4294967295

■ 4279638542

■ 4283915599

■ 4278190080

■ 4285560167

■ 4287205249

■ 4288915866

■ 4290758069

■ 4292534737

■ 4294442477

■ 4280954659

■ 4280954659

■ 4280823582

■ 4281085736

■ 4280692506

■ 4281216812

■ 4280561429

■ 4281347889

■ 4280430352

■ 4281478966

■ 4280299276

■ 4281610043

■ 4280168199

■ 4281741119

■ 4280037122

■ 4281872196

■ 4279971584

■ 4282003273

■ 4282134349

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4281412897



4280954659



4280496168

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4280954659



4280299320



4282001708

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4280954659



4280820527

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4281739827



4280954659



4280757561

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4280954659



4280037428



4281346871



4282001702

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4280954659



4280234284



4281346871



4281936174

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4280954659



4282072376



4281280547



4280098588



4288585374



4280229663

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4280954659



4281679146



4280561443



4279637781



4281554688



4286436864

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4280820527



4281477693



4281213743



4279637271



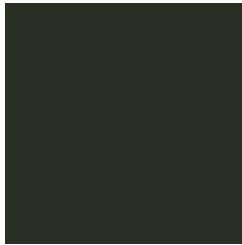
4280549463



4284022998

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4280954659 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

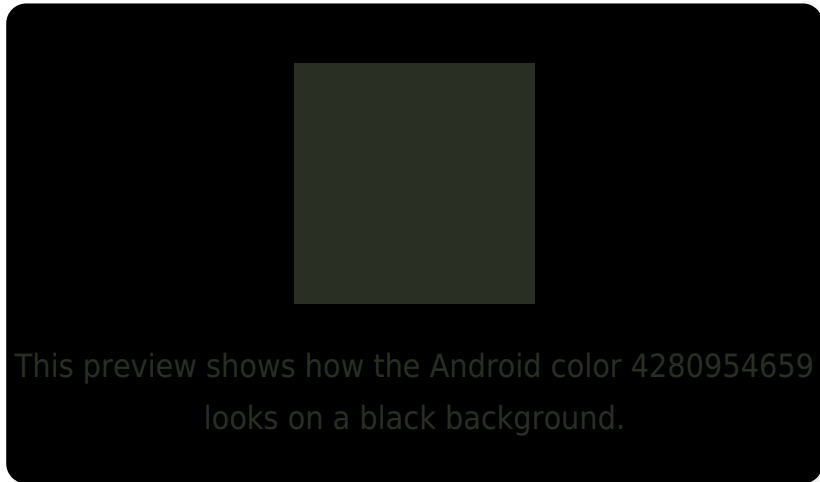
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

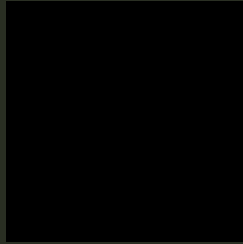
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Android 4280954659 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4280954659.

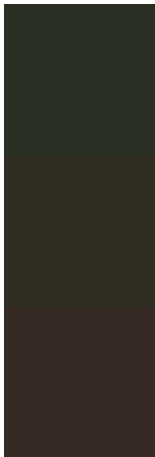


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4280954659.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

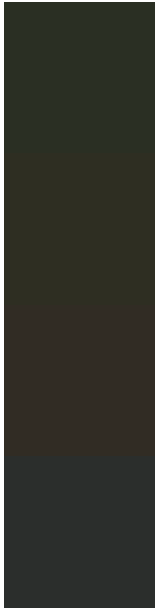


Original Color
4280954659

Protanopia
4281347362

Deuteranopia
4281674532

Trichromacy



Original Color

4280954659

Protanomaly

4281216546

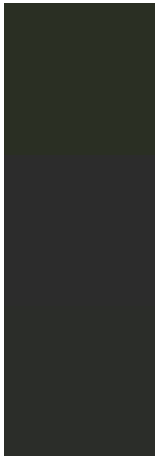
Deuteranomaly

4281412644

Tritanomaly

4281019948

Monochromacy



Original Color

4280954659

Achromatopsia

4281084972

Achromatomaly

4281019689

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4280954659 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(42, 47, 35)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(42, 47, 35)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(42, 47, 35) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(42, 47, 35) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4280954659 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(42, 47, 35) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(42, 47, 35) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(42, 47, 35) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(42, 47, 35); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 47, 35);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 47, 35)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4280954659 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(42, 47, 35) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(42, 47,  
35) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet
interesting? Support Converting
Colors with the new Membership
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you
double the colors in the color bucket, and more
awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor