

# Converting Colors

Android(4280979587)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4280979587) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4280979587)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2A9083
RGB	42, 144, 131
RGB Percent	16%, 56%, 51%
CMY	0.8353, 0.4353, 0.4863
CMYK	0.71, 0.00, 0.09, 0.44
HSL	172°, 55%, 36%
HSV	172°, 71%, 56%
XYZ	15.0248, 22.0775, 24.9422
YIQ	112.0200, -56.6190, -25.6670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

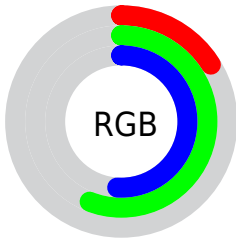
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	42, 96, 144
Decimal	2789507
CIELab	54.11, -31.84, -1.50
CIElCh	54, 31.879, 182.690
Yxy	22.0775, 0.2422, 0.3558
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280979587 (0xFF2A9083)
YUV	112.0200, 9.3571, -61.4075
Hunter-Lab	46.9866, -25.1480, 1.4174

# Details

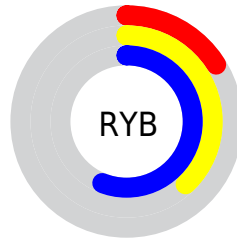
The Android color `4280979587` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `339999`. A complement of this color would be `4287638071`, and the grayscale version is `4285558896`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4284991160`, and `4278213970` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4280062081`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4281897093`.

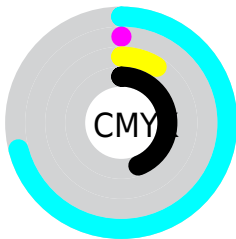
# Distribution



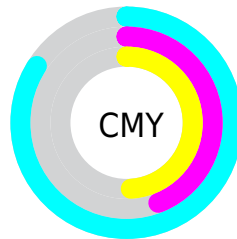
- Red (16%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (49%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4280979587 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4280979587 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4280979587



4280979587

4294967295



4278220394



4284991160



4278213970



4286833620



4278207803



4288675824



4278201893



4290576383



4278195985



4292476927



4278190080



4294443007



4280979587



4280979587



4280062081



4281897093

■ 4279079039

■ 4282880135

■ 4278227070

■ 4283797641

■ 4284780682

■ 4285698188

■ 4286615694

■ 4287598736

■ 4288516242

■ 4289499284

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283600487



4280979587



4278226846

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4280979587



4287134128



4289230673

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4280979587



4287638071

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4290080613



4280979587



4289097883

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4280979587



4284318648



4290079872



4287725898

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4280979587



4279405996



4290079872



4289557591



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4280979587



4287871669



4281897002



4282867291



4292796126



4284374622



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4280979587



4280072870



4280970128



4282402630



4278224758



4278192135



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4287638071



4290386992



4287647530



4282859585



4287037457

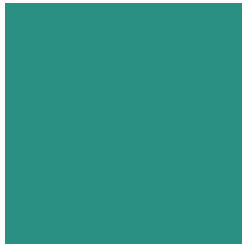


4278714369



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4280979587 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

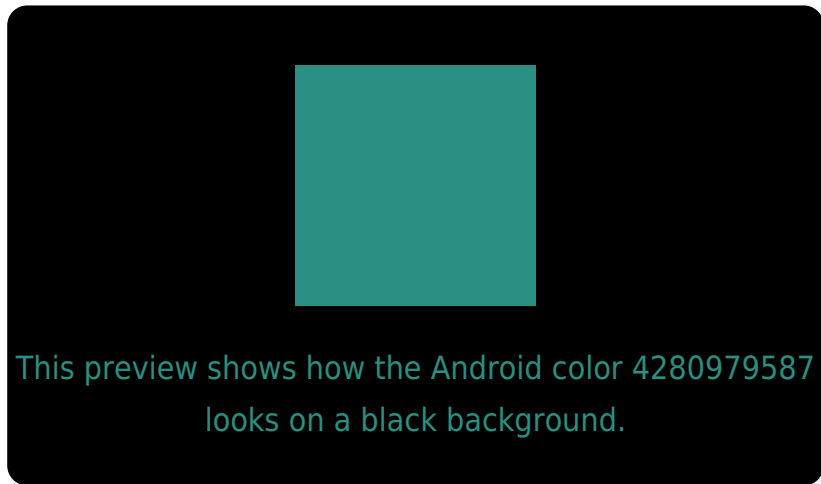
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4280979587 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4280979587.

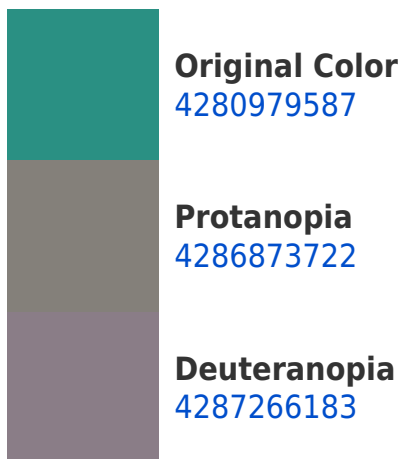


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4280979587.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4280979587



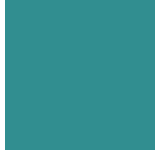
**Protanomaly**

4284712573



**Deuteranomaly**

4284974214



**Tritanomaly**

4281437840

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4280979587



**Achromatopsia**

4285558896



**Achromatomaly**

4283923575

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4280979587 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(42, 144, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(42, 144, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(42, 144, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(42, 144, 131) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4280979587 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(42, 144, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(42, 144, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(42, 144, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(42, 144, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 144, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 144,  
131) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4280979587 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(42, 144, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(42, 144,  
131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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