

Converting Colors

Android(4281023554)

Have a look what the booklet for
Android(4281023554) contains.

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Color

Android(4281023554)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2B3C42
RGB	43, 60, 66
RGB Percent	17%, 24%, 26%
CMY	0.8314, 0.7647, 0.7412
CMYK	0.35, 0.09, 0.00, 0.74
HSL	196°, 21%, 21%
HSV	196°, 35%, 26%
XYZ	3.5955, 4.1387, 5.7636
YIQ	55.6010, -12.0580, -1.7380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

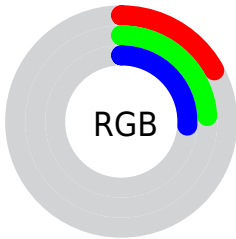
Format	Color
R_{YB}	43, 53, 66
Decimal	2833474
CIE Lab	24.12, -5.11, -5.91
CIE LCh	24, 7.813, 229.197
Yxy	4.1387, 0.2664, 0.3066
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281023554 (0xFF2B3C42)
YUV	55.6010, 5.1267, -11.0511
Hunter-Lab	20.3437, -4.0538, -2.5569

Details

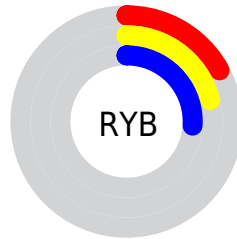
The Android color **4281023554** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **4282528043**, and the grayscale version is **4281874488**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4284050290**, and **4278194712** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4280564290**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4281482818**.

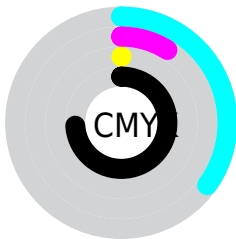
Distribution



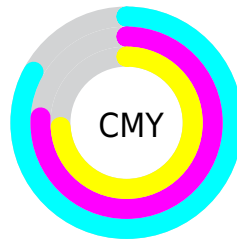
- Red (17%)
- Green (24%)
- Blue (26%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (26%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (74%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4281023554 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4281023554 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 4281023554

■ 4281023554

4294967295

■ 4279641644

■ 4284050290

■ 4278194712

■ 4285695115

■ 4278190080

■ 4287405990

■ 4289116865

■ 4290958813

■ 4292735737

■ 4294639615

■ 4281023554

■ 4281023554

■ 4280564290

■ 4281482818

■ 4280170818

■ 4281876290

■ 4279711554

■ 4282335554

■ 4279317826

■ 4282729282

■ 4278858562

■ 4283188546

■ 4278399554

■ 4283647554

■ 4278202690

■ 4284041282

■ 4284500546

■ 4284894018

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4280958269



4281023554



4281350981

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4281023554



4282660156



4282006062

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4281023554



4282528043

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4282398766



4281023554



4282791222

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4281023554



4282332993



4282660401



4281547826

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4281023554



4281678149



4282660401



4282137134

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4281023554



4283323479



4281025073



4280691243



4289440683



4281019179

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4281023554



4281486679



4281020738



4280164385



4278208609



4278232800

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4282526524



4283904589



4282530859



4280360480



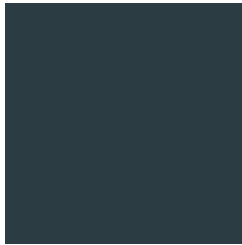
4284547144



4292870310

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4281023554 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

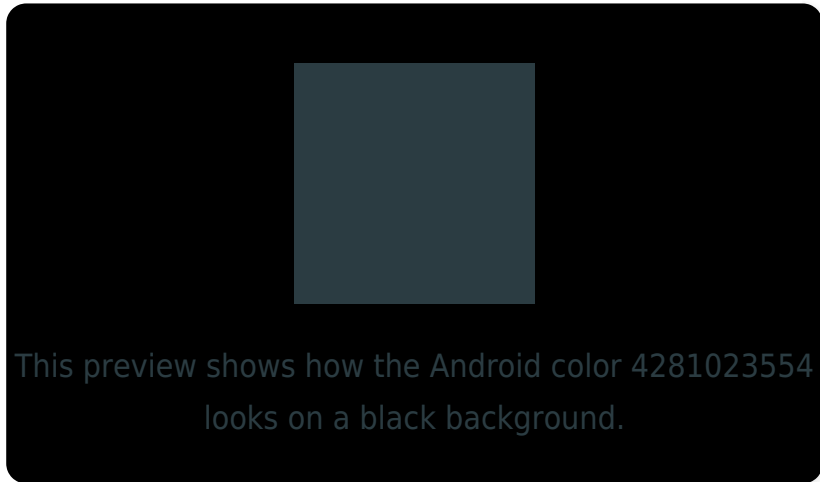
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

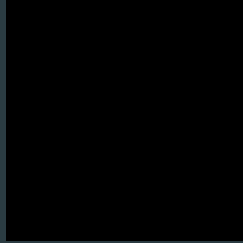
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

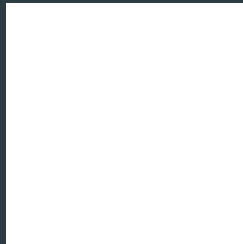
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Android 4281023554 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4281023554.

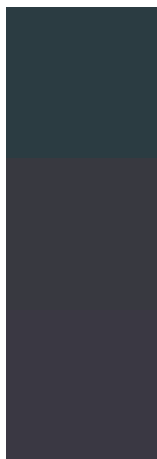


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4281023554.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

4281023554

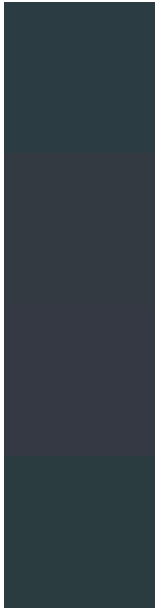
Protanopia

4281874752

Deuteranopia

4282005571

Trichromacy



Original Color

4281023554

Protanomaly

4281547329

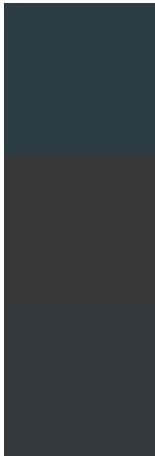
Deuteranomaly

4281678147

Tritanomaly

4281023553

Monochromacy



Original Color

4281023554

Achromatopsia

4281874488

Achromatomaly

4281547068

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4281023554 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 60, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 60, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 60, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 60, 66) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4281023554 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 60, 66) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 60, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(43, 60, 66)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 60, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 60, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 60, 66)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4281023554 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 60, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 60,  
66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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