

Converting Colors

Android(4281079581)

Have a look what the booklet for
Android(4281079581) contains.

Android(4281079581)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

Android(4281079581)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2C171D
RGB	44, 23, 29
RGB Percent	17%, 9%, 11%
CMY	0.8275, 0.9098, 0.8863
CMYK	0.00, 0.48, 0.34, 0.83
HSL	343°, 31%, 13%
HSV	343°, 48%, 17%
XYZ	1.5669, 1.2370, 1.3186
YIQ	29.9630, 10.5900, 6.3180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

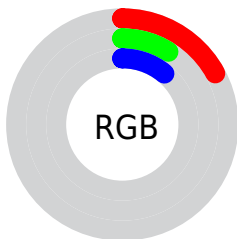
Format	Color
R_{YB}	44, 23, 29
Decimal	2889501
CIE _{Lab}	10.83, 11.62, 0.33
CIE _{LCh}	11, 11.622, 1.607
Yxy	1.2370, 0.3801, 0.3001
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281079581 (0xFF2C171D)
YUV	29.9630, -0.4748, 12.3104
Hunter-Lab	11.1219, 5.6840, 0.7562

Details

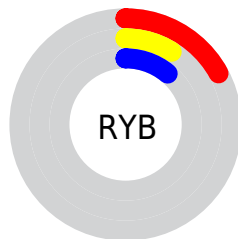
The Android color **4281079581** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **4279708710**, and the grayscale version is **4280163870**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4284105288**, and **4278190080** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4281078554**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4281080608**.

Distribution



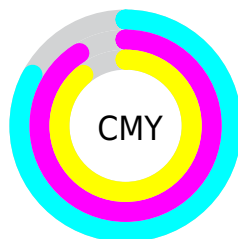
- Red (17%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (83%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4281079581 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4281079581 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 4281079581

■ 4281079581

■ 4294966015

■ 4279894019

■ 4284105288

■ 4278190080

■ 4285749856

■ 4287459961

■ 4289236115

■ 4291012269

■ 4292854216

■ 4294761956

■ 4281079581

■ 4281079581

■ 4281078554

■ 4281080608

■ 4281077271

■ 4281081891

■ 4281076244

■ 4281082918

■ 4281074960

■ 4281084202

■ 4281073933

■ 4281085229

■ 4281073677

■ 4281086256

■ 4281087539

■ 4281088566

■ 4281089849

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4280752165



4281079581



4281079829

Triad

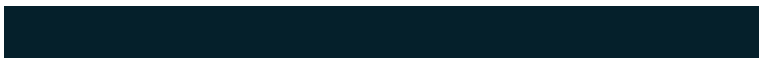
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4281079581



4279901966



4278525995

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



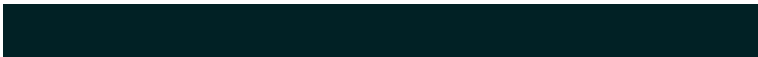
4281079581



4279708710

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278264101



4281079581



4279247125

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4281079581



4280425739



4278591773



4279377453

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4281079581



4280949008



4278591773



4278394921

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4281079581



4281872434



4280686380



4280031001



4288453788



4280032284

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4281079581



4281866273



4281080599



4279702805



4283891737



4292214845

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4281079581



4281866273



4279707692



4279702805



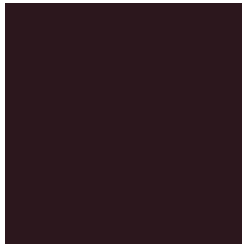
4283891737



4292214845

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4281079581 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

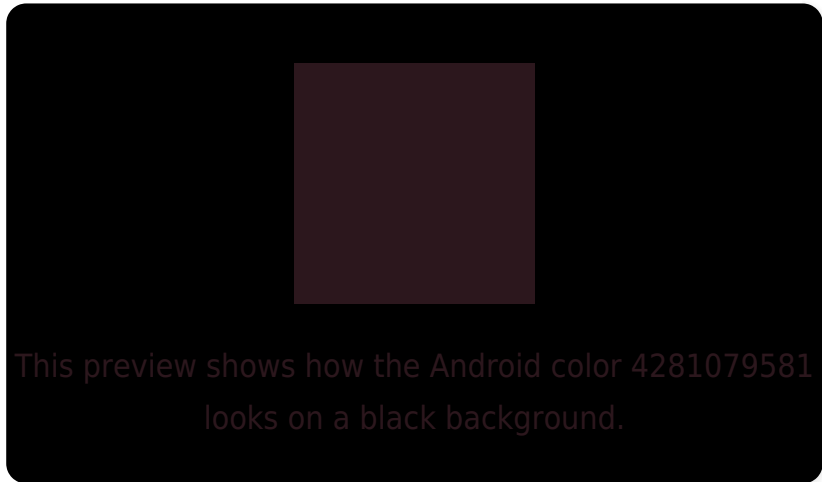
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Android 4281079581 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4281079581.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4281079581.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

4281079581

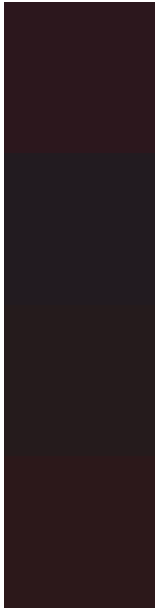
Protanopia

4280098081

Deuteranopia

4280360220

Trichromacy



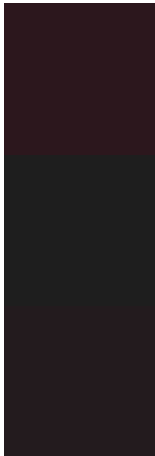
Original Color
4281079581

Protanomaly
4280425248

Deuteranomaly
4280621852

Tritanomaly
4281079834

Monochromacy



Original Color
4281079581

Achromatopsia
4280163870

Achromatomaly
4280490782

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4281079581 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(44, 23, 29)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(44, 23, 29)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(44, 23, 29) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(44, 23, 29) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4281079581 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(44, 23, 29) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(44, 23, 29) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(44, 23, 29)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(44, 23, 29); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 23, 29);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 23, 29)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4281079581 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(44, 23, 29) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(44, 23,  
29) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor